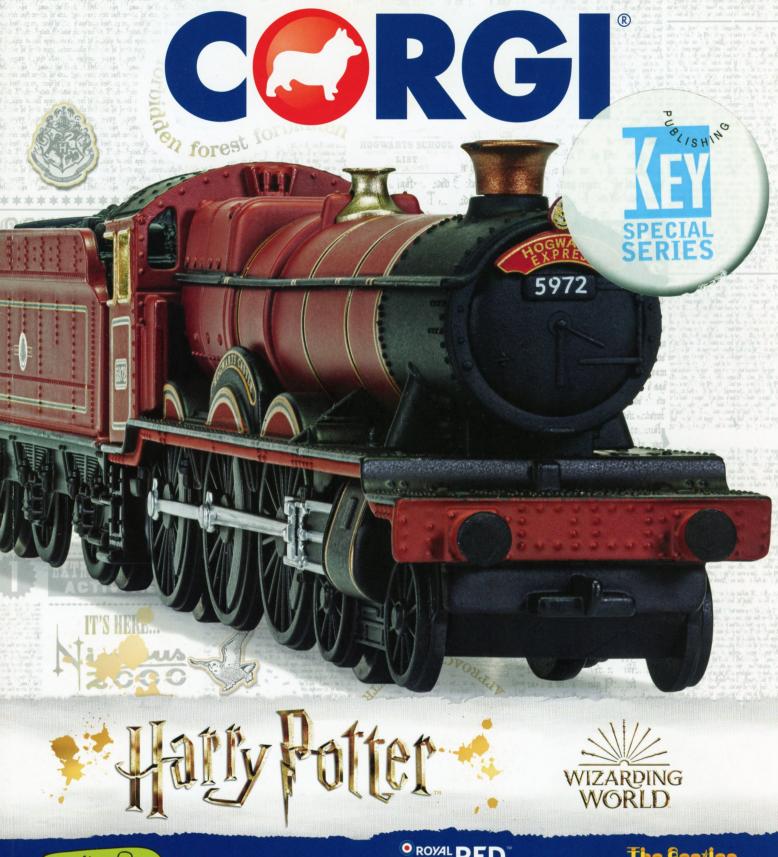
PRECISION DIE-CAST MODEL ANNUAL 2020





WELCOME TO THE CORGI RANGE FOR 2020!

ELLO AND A BIG WELCOME, IN MORE WAYS than one, to the 2020 Corgi Catalogue!

You may well have noticed that to fit the majority of the 2020 range in this catalogue it feels much bigger in your hands than it has done in recent years. We have had to scale up this edition compared to many year's previous, and yes you read that right, fit in the majority of products recently announced. We are keeping some exciting 2020 releases under wraps for the time being, so make sure you are signed up to the Corgi emailing list to receive up-to-date information and announcements, plus follow us on our social media channels, and read our online blogs.

What follows on these pages is the largest and most exciting range in Corgi's recent history. We are introducing new product ranges as well as expanding on our core categories, ensuring that we adhere to our ongoing ethos that every release is as accurate as we can possibly make it. In Aviation Archive all of the aircraft releases have an incredible story to tell; whether it be the Jaguar that famously landed on the M55; the aircraft flown by Rudolf Hess when he flew to England to negotiate a peace deal (or was he captured? Even the Corgi team can't agree on that one!), or our model homage to the 80th anniversary of the Battle of Britain.

If you prefer your aircraft from an earlier era this year's range includes a release from every WWI aircraft tool that Corgi currently owns, as well as the brand-new piece of tooling inspired by consumer feedback and requests. Two stars of this year's range, presented in popular Red Baron inspired packaging, are the two WWI fighter aircraft that were responsible for the world's greatest fighter pilot's death.

We can promise you that the Original Omnibus
Collectors have not been forgotten! We have a range of
new, bright and beautiful liveries which we will further
reveal throughout the year to add dimension to every kind
of collection. We are confident that there is something for
everyone, especially those looking to collect something new
or even a one-off for those rum lovers out there.

We have even more new tooling in *Vanguards* this year, not one, not two, but three new moulds.

We have listened to the multitude of Ford enthusiasts and to celebrate the release of one of these new tools we are offering an incredibly special, strictly limited, gift set which celebrates the Ford Escort RS in each of its iconic variants throughout the years.

As ever, every re-livery in Vanguards is accompanied by a truly intriguing story. Within this year's collection we have the hybrid car owned by Lotus founder Colin Chapman and the first Subaru in the Vanguard collection for several years. A big year for James Bond also marks the 55th anniversary of 007 and Corgi having been intertwined. Everyone's favourite MI6 agent is set to make his 25th on screen appearance in the newest film in the franchise, 'No Time to Die' The blockbuster film will feature a series of Aston Martins which remain synonymous with the franchise, and as per tradition Corgi is releasing a range of Bond cars to compliment the release.

Sticking with the Film and TV theme, a whole new generation has fallen in love with the Wizarding World of Harry Potter, which means a whole new generation of diecast collectors! Corgi has always been associated with Film, TV and Pop Culture releases, so in 2020 we are investing in even more tooling for the category. A motorcycle and side car made famous by Half Giant, Hagrid, will speed into the Corgi range this year to compliment the three current Harry Potter models. There's also a further surprise to come for Harry Potter fans, so be sure not to miss the announcement later in the year

Last, but certainly not least, we announce several new product ranges. High quality, as you would expect from Corgi, with a new, wider variety of subject matter to appeal to you, your family and friends. Maybe these will even inspire them to start their collections!

Our Coca Cola range will expand, and we will be exploring new themes such as Peace and Love and a cheeky range based on the U.K.'s well loved tradespeople! Two newly tooled VW Camper Vans will also come in a variety of liveries to serve as special keepsakes for key moments in your loved one's lives.

We hope you enjoy exploring the ranges as much as we have enjoyed creating them. Have a great 2020!

The majority of Limited Edition models come with a certificate of authenticity stating the



This is a brand new range



This is a brand new casting



This model is a new release



This model is in stock now

All new items featured in this catalogue are due between January and December 2020. For more information on product availability we recommend that you visit www.corgi.co.uk

All models photographed herein are handmade samples or computer generated renders produced specifically for the publication of this catalogue prior to production

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Be sure to stay up to date with all of the latest Corgi news including exclusive previews of new models and behind the scenes info via our Facebook, Twitter and YouTube pages:



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Contact us

If you have any questions about the ranges in the catalogue, please contact our Customer Services Team via our social media channels or the details below who will be happy to help.

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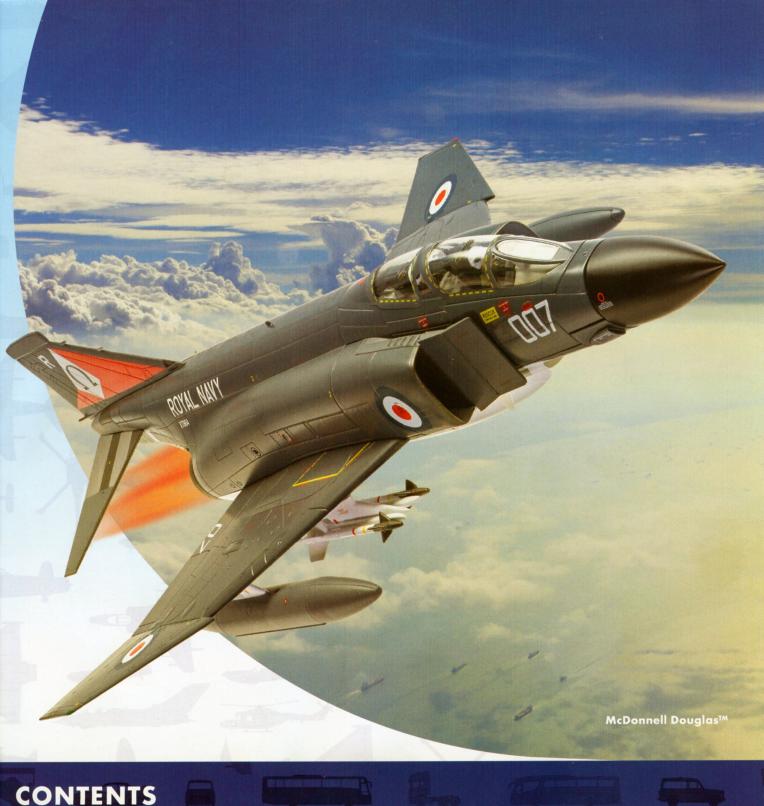
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Corgi is proud to work with Coca-Cola to bring a range of the highest-quality die-cast models to the Coca-Cola and model collectables market. This range of models, all iconic in their own right, are liveried in symbols of this world famous brand from over a century of its history.



CC02725 Coca-Cola Ford Transit Mk1

1970s V1

A staple on the roads for over 50 years the Ford Transit van is an instantly recognisable friend to any tradesperson or house-mover and sometimes even doubles as a bed for festival goers.

1:43 Length 103mm





CC02732 Coca-Cola Volkswagen Camper Van

The VW Camper is a truly iconic vehicle that has a special place in many people's hearts and is instantly recognised by people of all ages and cultures.







CC02733 Coca-Cola Volkswagen Camper Van

Late 1960s

The Camper's influence was commercially widespread but also socially during the counterculture movement of the 1960s - hippie van/wagon inspired paintwork on a 'Camper' remains just as iconic today.

1:43 Length 100mm















Hippy: In the mid 1960's a movement began in the U.S. to celebrate Peace & Love, countering the country's involvement in the Vietnam War and pushing for more civil rights for everyone. The psychedelic floral designs became synonymous with the movement, with the hippies as they were then known, using Flower Power to get their message across.

Rainbow. The six colours seen in the rainbow designs of our modern communities have particular meanings: Red - life, Orange - healing, Yellow - sunlight, Green - nature, Indigo - serenity, Violet - spirit.

All these represent goals and ways of life for these communities and the wish to share them with the wider population.













Being of such high quality a model gifted from any of the Corgi collections is usually kept by its recipient as a treasured memento.

With this ethos in mind we present the celebration range. The high quality model is presented in a premium box with a customisable gift tag, making any of these presents the perfect keepsake for landmark celebrations.



cco6806 Wedding Car

Every special couple remember their first journey together after their wedding service. Often made in a classic British car this wedding car is the perfect unique memento for any newlywed couple.





cco2734 Volkswagen Campervan "Happy Birthday"





cco2735 Volkswagen Campervan "Happy Anniversary"





1:43 ength 100mm cco2736 Volkswagen Campervan "Congratulations"



1:43

Length 100mm



cco2737 'Volkswagen Campervan "Just Married"



Everyone knows and loves a tradesperson. Whether it is a chippy off the old block, a sparky that lights up your life or a decorator that brings colour to your world. Who doesn't know of a polite, kind-hearted, tidy, prim and proper tradesperson that they admire and respect, always at the end of the phone ready to swoop in and fix your latest DIY disaster at a very reasonable cost!

Well. . not everyone is quite so lucky. A bodge job from a tool of a plumber can literally lead to a spanner being thrown into the works. Who hasn't

heard of an alarming (albeit entertaining) rogue trader horror story?

This light-hearted range, with tongue in cheek liveries, aims to bring smiles to faces. Tradespeople, we love you!





1:43

CC02723 Ford Transit Mk1 'If this van's rocking don't start knocking"

Dirty has been taken to a whole new level with this trusty Ford Transit - We are sure it's all fun and games, but perhaps investigate those rumours about Dave the rival bricky and your wife before you give your trusty work van the spruce up it deserves.







1:43

CC02724 Ford Transit Mk1 "Also available in white..." It isn't often our vehicles speak to us, but this classic Ford Transit van is crying out for some TLC. Originally the brightest, whitest, pristine work horse on the streets the new shade of grey brown doesn't quite do the van of such stature justice - and on top of that why does everyone keep honking?







CC02722 Ford Transit Mk1

"Bodgit and Scarper"

Between 10:30am and 4pm every day (excluding weekends, Friday afternoons and Monday mornings) Bodgit and his (mostly) reliable co-worker Scarper are the handymen you need! (None of this diversity business!)





NOW

FTB

(Fit The Box)

Lengths Severn 98mm Shannon 100mm Land Rover & Lifeboat 135mm

RNLI0001 RNLI Gift Set

Founded in 1824, the RNLI is a unique charity. Funded by public donations, it provides a 24/7 search and rescue service around the coastlines of the UK and Republic of Ireland. It designs and builds its own lifeboats, and the vast majority of its lifeboat crew members are volunteers - ordinary people from all walks of life who give up their time to help others. As well as lifeboats, the RNLI provides a beach lifeguard service. The charity also works to improve water safety through education and awareness campaigns, as well as sharing its expertise with life-saving organisations overseas. There are over 350 lifeboats in the RNLI fleet based at stations around the UK and Ireland. Find out more at RNLI.org. Our RNLI gift pack combines three of the most iconic:

Lifeboats

• The Severn Class lifeboat (1:173) - the largest lifeboat on the fleet (left)

• The Shannon Class lifeboat (1:136) – the most agile and manoeuvrable all-weather lifeboat (right)

• The Land Rover Defender and D Class Lifeboat (1:83) – The D Class inshore lifeboat has been the workhorse of the RNLI for over 50 years









cc82326 Classic Routemaster

90th Birthday of HM QE II

1:64 Length 123mm





CC82327 Classic Routemaster

70th Anniversary of HM Queen Elizabeth II & HRH Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh

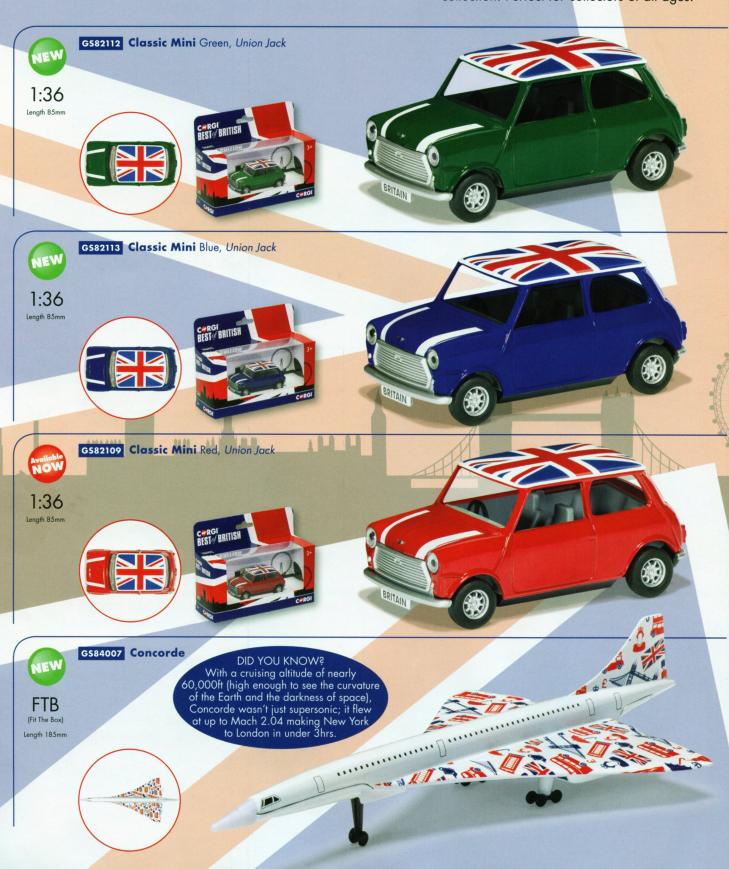
1:64 Length 123mm



CCRGI° BEST of BRITISH

The Corgi Best of British collection is a series of quality, die-cast metal souvenir British vehicles. Corgi has been producing toys and models since 1956 and this range includes some of the most iconic British vehicles from the last half-century.

In 2020 we are expanding the range to include even more of the UK's iconic vehicles to the collection. Perfect for collectors of all ages.





GS85924 Taxi





























































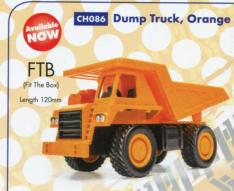




































cco5503 Back to the Future DeLorean and Doc Brown Figurine

Great Scott! Prepare to go Back to the Future in celebration of the film's • 35th anniversary with this new die-cast release of the most famous time machine to ever grace the screen! Inventor Doc Brown achieves the seemingly impossible when he builds a time machine.... out of a DeLorean!

After being sent back in time to 1955 when an experiment with Doc's invention goes wrong, young Marty McFly must make sure his parents get together to guarantee his existence, while enlisting the younger Doc to repair the damaged DeLorean so Marty can go Back to the Future that he hopes is still there! Featuring the unmistakable opening gull wing doors, a removable lightning rod conductor and detailed decoration that includes the iconic OUTATIME registration plate, this release includes a white metal figure of Doc Brown himself!





Once again, we feel the need... the need for speed! Captain Pete "Maverick" Mitchell returns to the skies in 2020. Corgi is proud to present a new range of die-cast metal model aircraft from the film, allowing you to recreate the soon to be legendary aerial moments that will thrill movie goers around the world.





PADDINGTON

The adventures of everyone's favourite Peruvian bear have been an enduring classic since the first Paddington Bear books were launched in 1958. The popularity of the books led to a 1970s animated series for children's television with every new generation since falling in love with the well-mannered bear

Paddington is timeless as proved by a resurgence of bear mania in 2014 when the 'Paddington' feature film was released.

The next couple of years are set to be super busy for this little bear 2020 will see a new animated TV series hit the screens for his younger fans and in 2021 cinema screens worldwide will be showing the third Paddington feature film.



CC82331 Paddington™ London Bus and Figurine

This traditional London Bus celebrates everything Paddington loves! The skyline shows some of his favourite sights in London, the stamps show his love of adventure and the number plate is a nod to his favourite food!

This bus is the perfect toy for Paddington lovers of all ages. You can join Paddington on his adventures around London as this lovely, high quality, toy also comes with a figure of the adorable bear himself.



Image is for demonstration purposes of TBC Paddington figurine.

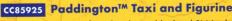




1:36

Length 128mm

Figurine Height



What's more iconic of London than a black cab?! No doubt while on another adventure around the big city, the ever-young Peruvian bear seems to have had his marmalade clad paws all over this iconic black taxil Paddington is well known for his love of Marmalade; he often carries a jar in his suitcase and always keeps a marmalade sandwich under his hat in case of emergencies!









1:76

Length 150mm

cc89203 Paddington™ New Routemaster

Paddington is well known for loving an adventure, especially in his adopted city of London. On his travels Paddington often sees 1 of the 1000 new Routemaster buses that have been manufactured for the city of London since 2012.

This specially packaged Routemaster features a Paddington livery and route 1 Paddington destination board.

*Marmalade sandwiches not included









Step into the Wizarding World, a magical universe created by J.K. Rowling, as we bring to life all the mesmerising magic and action from the Harry Potter movies with our new range of models. Fans of all ages will love collecting all of these beautifully detailed, iconic models.

In 2020, Corgi is excited to expand its range of products inspired by the Wizarding World with an all new die-cast metal recreation of Hagrid's Motorcycle and Sidecar. In addition, look out for more magical surprises later in the year.





1:100 Length 190mm

CC99724 Harry Potter Hogwarts Express

Have you received your letter to attend Hogwarts School of Witchcraft and Wizardry this year? If so, make sure you are ready on Platform 9 3/4s at King's Cross Railway Station on September 1 at precisely 11 o'clock in the morning, as that's when the iconic Hogwarts Express departs for the first day of term! Drawn by a distinctive red locomotive, the train was the site of several first meetings with the friends (and enemies) who would play such an important role in Harry Potter's future adventures.









1:43

Length 90mm

Figurine Height 35mm



cc99725 Harry Potter Flying Ford Anglia With Harry Potter and Ron Weasley Figurines

Missed the Hogwarts Express? This disastrous scenario befell Harry Potter and Ron Weasley at the very start of their second year at Hogwarts, but thankfully the pair were able to 'borrow' Mr Weasley's enchanted flying Ford Anglia. But Harry and Ron's trip in the car came to a sudden end when they accidentally crash-landed into the Whomping Willow in the Hogwarts grounds. The car disappeared into the Forbidden Forest much to the despair of Ron's parents - where it turned wild.









1:76

CC99726 Harry Potter Knight Bus

Lost far from home or need to escape an approaching moment of great peril? Thankfully, the Knight Bus is available for Wizards in need. Coming to Harry Potter's rescue before he began his third year at Hogwarts, the distinctive triple decker bus is magically enchanted to speed through the streets, squeeze through any gap, and brake in an instant, enabling it to reach any destination (except those underwater). In Harry Potter and the Prisoner of Azkaban the three levels of the bus are furnished with beds for an overnight stay on long trips, as well as a chandelier to bring a touch of class to the interior.









cc82331 Hagrid's Motorcyle and Sidecar

In need of a helping hand from the friendliest half-giant to reside at Hogwarts School of Witchcraft and Wizardry? Then Hagrid's motorcycle and sidecar is the mode of transportation you're most likely to see him arrive on. While typically unconventional, Hagrid often rode this enchanted flying vehicle which once belonged to Harry's godfather, Sirius Black







OM46513 Wright Eclipse Gemini 2

Harry Potter Warner Bros. Studio Shuttle Bus

Up to 6,000 visitors a day visit the studios and a shuttle bus, operated by Mullany's Buses, runs from Watford Junction station to the Studio Tour, with a journey time of around 15 minutes. This model, BD12 TFX, with its distinctive Harry Potter Studio Tour graphic wrap, represents one of two Wright Eclipse Gemini 2 buses that were operated on the route by Mullany's.









Cushty! Corgi is thrilled to present die-cast model vehicles from Only Fools and Horses, one of the most beloved British comedy series ever to grace our telly boxes! Trotter's Independent Traders remains in rude health as one of the nation's favourite companies, and

Derek Trotter Esq is delighted to authorise Corgi to reproduce his most iconic mode of transport, alongside some other memorable vehicles from his adventures with Rodney, Grandad, Uncle Albert and the rest of the gang. Don't be a plonker! Collect the Corgi Only Fools and Horses collection today!





1:36 Length 94mm cc85803 Del Boy's Reliant Regal

the most recognisable vehicle to ever grace the streets of Peckham, Del Boy's yellow Reliant Regal is a three wheeled marvel (it should have been written off years ago) that lacks road tax but comes with a pair of fluffy dice as standard. The main mode of transportation for the hard working staff of Trotter's Independent Traders, the Reliant Regal is the work horse of the business and like any old nag breaks down unexpectedly and frequently.







1:36

CC99182 Del Boy's Reliant Regal and Ford Capri Mk2 In true Trotter style, we're delighted to give you two for the price of two!

In addition to the Reliant Regal, this double pack features Del Boy's tastefully decored Ford Capri Mk2, purchased by Del to allow him to separate business and pleasure. As such, the Capri became the family car, with the Reliant continuing with its true purpose of hauling a load of unsellable clobber to the town market each week





PERCY'S LUXURY TOUR



1:76

Length 146mm

cco2741 'The Jolly Boys Outing' Plaxton Panorama

Percy's Luxury Tours of Peckham

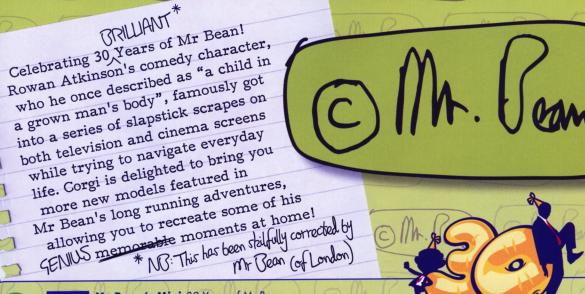
The tradition of the annual Jolly Boys Outing fell under Del Boy's organisation for nearly two decades, before the now legendary events of the 1989 excursion to Margate. A particularly incident packed affair, the members of the trip boarded this coach run by Percy's Luxury Tours of Peckham,

with onboard entertainment provided by one of Del's slightly dodgy (as in 'flammable')

radio systems. Preparing to begin the return journey home, the radio combusted, burst into flames, and then caused the coach to explode, stranding everyone in Margate.

(Trust us though, it's not that bad.)







1:36 Length 85mm

CC82115 Mr Bean's Mini 30 Years of Mr Bean

Aside from Teddy, this Austin Citron Green 1977 British Leyland Mini 1000 is Mr Bean's most treasured possession.... though he often isn't very careful with it. Fitted out with a foolproof security padlock system on the driver's door, this release of Mr Bean's Mini will be produced in all new celebratory packaging for the 30th anniversary of his first appearance on television screens.







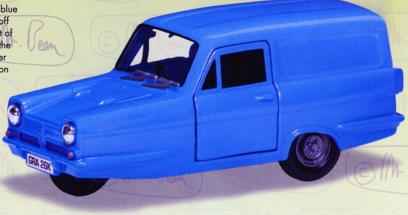




1:36 Length 94mm cc85804 Reliant Regal - Mr Bean

Who the driver is we may never know, but every time this blue Reliant Regal encounters Mr Bean's Mini it always comes off the worst. Whether it's being run off the road, bumped out of car parking spaces or just constantly being toppled over, the driver of this Reliant Regal may be the closest Mr Bean ever comes to having a nemesis.... if our hero ever paid attention to it long enough to realise it's always the same car!







1:36

CC82114 Mr Bean's Mini 'Do-It-Yourself Mr. Bean'

It's never easy to resist the January Sales, but when you're Mr Bean, you own a Mini, and you buy too much, improvising is always the key. While the interior may be stuffed with bargain purchases, the only solution available to Mr Bean is to modify the car to drive it home seated in a new armchair carefully installed on top of the roof. A complex system of ropes, pulleys, broom handles and bricks all work brilliantly, until the unfortunate appearance of a hill on the journey home











In 2020, the World's most famous secret agent returns to cinemas for his twenty fifth motion picture. Prepare to join the adventure with Corgi.

Alongside a new vintage inspired release of our most famous ever die-cast model and a pair of new triple pack collector sets, Corgi is delighted to introduce a new selection of die-cast metal vehicles as seen in the James Bond film franchise. This new collection is enclosed in premium styled packaging and celebrates the enduring connection Corgi shares with the James Bond film series.



1:36

RT26101 James Bond Aston Martin DB5 'Goldfinger' 60's version

Pay attention 007! Indisputably the most famous Corgi product release of all time, the 60's version of the James Bond Aston Martin DB5 from 'Goldfinger' is a feature packed replica worthy of Q Branch. Featuring the originally released gold colouration, rotating number plates, a retractable bullet proof rear shield, extending front over-riders, pop out machine guns, and, of course, a functioning passenger ejector seat, this new version of the all-time classic model is now being produced in the original packaging from the very first Corgi No. 261 release from 1965, including a set of instructions hidden in a secret compartment. Both an iconic car and an iconic toy, the new 60's James Bond DB5 from 'Goldfinger' is the most exacting replica of the original classic available.





TY99284 James Bond Aston Martin Collection V12 Vanquish, DB5 & DBS

Aston Martin shares a long association with the exploits of James Bond, and this new set of die-cast vehicles brings you a collection of 3 memorable Aston Martins used by 007. The Aston Martin DB5 from 'Goldfinger', the Aston Martin V12 Vanquish from 'Die Another Day' and the Aston Martin DBS from 'Casino Royale' combine as a triple pack of glamourous vehicles from across the film series.





TY99283 James Bond Alternative Transport Modes Collection Space Shuttle, Gyrocopter 'Little Nellie' & Lotus Esprit James Bond isn't just restricted to the use of beautiful cars in his adventures. This triple pack features the 'Little Nellie' autogyro, the Lotus Esprit submarine and the 'Moonraker' space shuttle as a showcase of the more unusual alternative modes of transport 007 has made use of to fulfil his missions.

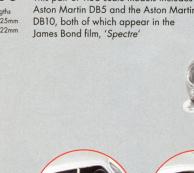




ccosogg James Bond Aston Martin Twin Pack 'Spectre'

This special pack celebrates a relationship between James Bond and Aston Martin which has lasted for over fifty years.

1:36 This pair of 1:36 scale models includes the Lengths DB5 125mm Aston Martin DB5 and the Aston Martin DB10, both of which appear in the James Bond film, 'Spectre'







In 2020, James Bond returns in his twenty fifth screen adventure, 'No Time To Die'

Bond has left active service and is enjoying a tranquil life in Jamaica. His peace is short-lived when his old friend Felix Leiter from the CIA turns up asking for help. The mission to rescue a kidnapped scientist turns out to be far more treacherous than expected, leading Bond onto the trail of a mysterious villain armed with dangerous new technology.



1:36 Length 131mm

cco4805 James Bond Aston Martin V8 Vantage 'No Time To Die'

Making a return for the first time since 'The Living Daylights', the classic and muscular Aston Martin V8 Vantage is back in 'No Time To Die' James Bond's newest adventure.





cc04314 James Bond Aston Martin DB5 'No Time To Die'

Rebuilt by Q by the conclusion of 'Spectre', the iconic Aston Martin DB5 returns again in 'No Time To Die'. This DB5 features a brand new Italian registration plate, and this classic is never far away from the inevitable action that follows James Bond wherever he goes.

1:36 Length 125mm





1:36 Length 125mm

cc04313 James Bond Aston Martin DB5 'Casino Royale'

Originally won by 007 in a not-so-friendly game of poker from Alex Dimitrios in 'Casino Royale', this left hand drive incarnation of the Aston Martin DB5 features a unique blue and yellow registration plate from the capital city of the Bahamas, Nassau.



YOU ONLY LIV







1:36

cc04604 James Bond Gyrocopter 'Little Nellie' 'You Only Live Twice'

The 'Little Nellie' autogyro is a small one person aircraft, fully fitted out with a powerful selection of gadgets by Q Branch. Flown on an armed reconnaissance mission by James Bond in 'You Only Live Twice' Little Nellie is forced to prove its mettle when it is engaged by helicopters operated by SPECTRE.







1:36 Length 129mm cc03804 James Bond Aston Martin DBS

'On Her Majesty's Secret Service'

The first new Aston Martin driven by James Bond since the debut of the DB5 is the Aston Martin DBS in 'On Her Majesty's Secret Service'. Other than a telescopic rifle concealed in the glove compartment, this car is gadget free.

ON HER MAJESTY'S SECRET SERVICE





cc04705 James Bond Lotus Turbo

'For Your Eyes Only'

FOR YOUR EYES ONLY

1:36 Length 118mm James Bond continued his association with Lotus in 'For Your Eyes Only' driving this copper coloured Lotus Esprit Turbo in the latter half of the film. Featuring two pairs of skis mounted to the roof, this striking vehicle stands out against the snowy slopes when Bond's mission to retrieve a stolen missile targeting system takes him to the Italian Alps.







1:36

Length 139mm

ccos105 James Bond BMW 750i

'Tomorrow Never Dies'

The BMW 750iL driven by James Bond in 'Tomorrow Never Dies' is fully fitted out by Q Branch with an almost bewildering array of tricks, not least being able to drive the vehicle via remote control on a mobile phone. 007 puts this ability to particularly good use during an action-packed chase in a multi-storey car park in Hamburg.









1:36

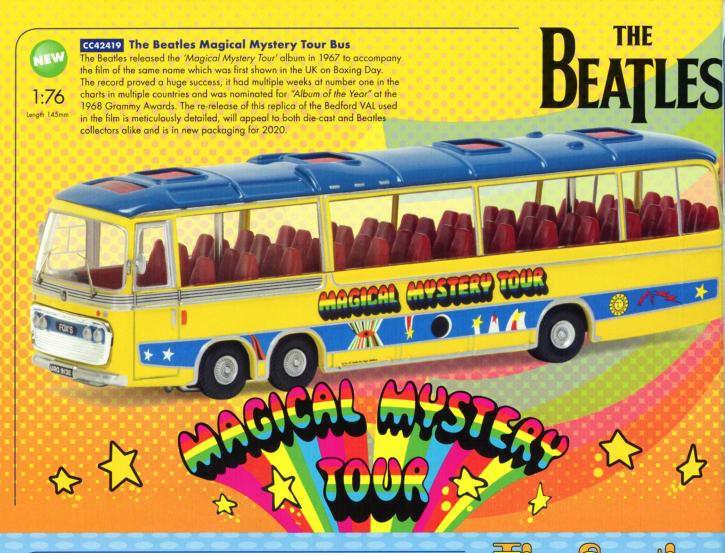
cc04905 James Bond BMW Z3

The first non-British car to be issued to James Bond by Q Branch, the BMW Z3 Roadster seen in 'GoldenEye' features a parachute braking system and Stinger missiles hidden behind the front headlights. In the end though, 007 does not need to use either in his pursuit of rogue MI6 agent Alec Trevelyan.













1:36

Length 128mm

cc85926 The Beatles London Taxi 'Let it Be'

Released on March 7th, 1970, as a single and later as the title track of The Beatles' twelve and final studio album, 'Let it Be' was written and performed by Paul McCartney and was the final single released before he announced his departure from the world famous band.





1:36 Length 128mm CC85927 The Beatles London Taxi 'Twist and Shout'

Released on July 12th, 1963, as an EP in the UK, The Beatles' rendition of Phil Medley and Bert Russell's 'Twist and Shout' entered the EP chart at number one and stayed at in the top spot for an incredible twenty one weeks.









cc85928 The Beatles London Taxi 'Hey Jude'

Released on August 26th, 1968, as a single, Hey Jude held the record as the longest song ever to top the UK singles chart when it made its debut. Written by Paul McCartney, the single release of 'Hey Jude' featured 'Revolution' as a B-Side.





CC82333 The Beatles London Bus

Yellow Submarine '

1:64





CC82334 The Beatles London Bus

'A Hard Days Night'





cc82335 The Beatles London Bus 'Help!'

Length 128





Models shown are prototypes and may not be representative of final product.

World of Tanks puts you in command of over 600 war machines from the mid-20th century, so you can test your mettle against players from around the world with the ultimate war machines of the era. Corgi are pleased to offer the first wave of highly detailed die-cast models to collect and enhance your gameplay...



FIB

B

WT91205 Tiger I

W191205 Tiger I
Development of the Tiger I was started in 1937 by the
Henschal company. Mass production began in 1942
with an eventual total of 1,354 vehicles manufactured.
The tank first saw combat in the lighting for Legitigrad,
and Tigers were at the forefront of battles from higher
to Kursk. Although production was discontinued in the
symmer of 1944, the Tiger I continued to see action
until the end of the war.



WT91207 King Tiger
The most heavily armored lank carrying the most powerful anti-tent gun. The vehicle's drawborks included an overloaded suspension and engine transmission group as well as excessive general moss. When engaging enemy vehicles at long range, the Tiger it had an upper hand over any other vehicle in terms of the gun and armor protection.



WT91206 Panther

This famous tank was produced from January 1943 through April 1945, with a total of 5,796 vehicles built plus eight vehicles built on the F series chassis











Corgi Showcase is a series of top quality die-cast metal model aircraft suitable for children aged three and over Each model comes with a display stand and all the classic aircraft have a moving propeller This series is ideal for the young aviation fan and offers a wide range of models to collect.



FTB (Fit The Box) Wingspan 75mm CS90629 F-35® Lightning®

Our newly tooled Corgi Showcase line is destined to become an icon of aviation and is already making it's mark worldwide. 14 years after development first started in the USA the first flight of an F-35A took place in December 2006. The F-35 was developed with the intention to replace the majority of US fighter jets with three variants (A, B and C) being designed to suit various combat missions. 10 countries worldwide have purchased a variation of the F-35 including the UK who so far own 15 of the F-35B which are used by both the RAF and the Royal Navy and are intended as a replacement for the Harrier GR9 and Tornado GR4.

STATISTICS

CREW: 1 LENGTH: 15.67m WINGSPAN: 10.7m MAXIMUM SPEED:

1.200mph

YOU KNOW?

Fully loaded the F-35A weighs 22,426kg the equivalent of over 11 London Taxis!



Model shown is used for illustration purposes only and does not represent the quality of the final model.



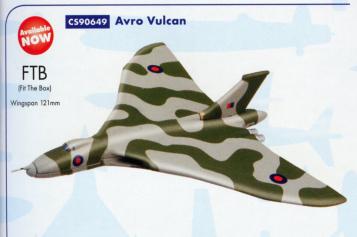
Model shown is used for illustration purposes only and does not represent the quality of the final model.



Model shown is used for illustration purposes only and does not represent the quality of the final model.























Model shown is used for illustration purposes only and does not represent the quality of the final mode

will actually be the third aircraft to carry the name Lightning, after the previous P-38 and English Electric fighters.



FTB (Fit The Box) Wingspans

F-18 80mm F-16 77mm

CS90684 US Strike Force F-18 and F-16®

The air combat experiences of US pilots during the Vietnam War led directly to the establishment of the Lightweight Fighter Programme and the eventual introduction of one of the truly great post war fighter aircraft, the superb General Dynamics (now Lockheed Martin) F-16 Fighting Falcon. Even though the aircraft still looks cutting edge and is in widespread service across the world, it seems strange to describe the F-16 as a 'classic aeroplane', but that is exactly what it is. Introduced in 1978, the F-16 is now entering its 42nd year of service and is the world's most numerous fixed-wing aircraft type in current military use.

Entering service several years after the F-16, the McDonnell Douglas F/A-18 Hornet was the product of the US Navy's search for a cost effective, highly agile fleet defender, which would be capable of taking on several different roles from the demanding environment of the deck of a US Navy aircraft carrier. Following in the aviation footsteps of such classic McDonnell Douglas designs as the A-4 Skyhawk, F-4 Phantom and F-15 Eagle, the Hornet has proved to be one of the world's most effective naval aircraft and as an integral part of America's mighty carrier strike groups, is never too far

away from any global conflict hot spots



Model shown is used for illustration purposes only and does not represent the quality of the final model

OROYAL RED[™] **ARROWS**

DID YOU KNOWS

The dual-control BAE Hawk T. Mk. 1 is a training aircraft and has been used by the Red Arrows since 1979 The aircraft is essentially the same as those previously flown by RAF Advanced Training Students with the exception of the smoke generators and a slightly uprated engine giving a faster response time to changes of power setting.

The RAF Red Arrows are arguably the best known aerobatic team in the world and have been wowing audiences for over fifty years.

Their precision flying combinations are legendary and for many the thrilling opposition manoeuvres of the Synchro Pair are a highlight of their display.

The Red Arrows are the public face of the Royal Air Force and are superb ambassadors for the United Kingdom.



(Fit The Box)

CS90628 RAF Red Arrows Hawk

All Red Arrows display pilots have flown operationally, in frontline aircraft such as the Typhoon, and helped the Royal Air Force to secure the skies every day of the year.









CS90687 RAF Red Arrows Synchro Pair

The Red Arrows are based at RAF Scampton in Lincolnshire and have flown almost 5000 displays in 57 countries.



Wingspan 80mr









AA36015 BAE Systems Hawk T1

XX245, Royal Air Force Aerobatic Team 'The Red Arrows' RAF Scampton, RAF 100 The famous red BAE Hawk T1 trainers used by the team represent one of the most successful British aircraft of the post war years and have been the mount of the Red Arrows for an impressive 38 display seasons, taking over from the Folland Gnat in 1979, with their first Hawk displays performed the following year. To mark the centenary year of the Royal Air Force, the distinctive Hawks of the Red Arrows benefited from an additional RAF 100 logo above the roundel, identifying the aircraft as those taking part in these historic commemorations.









THE **AVIATION ARCHIVE**

Corgi presents The Aviation Archive, a range of high quality detailed die-cast metal model aircraft. Each model comes complete with an individually numbered certificate of authenticity detailing the significant history of each aircraft. The Aviation Archive is a collectable series of aircraft spanning over a hundred years of aviation history. The collection includes biplanes, fighters, bombers, personnel carriers, jets and helicopters from various theatres of war across the world. Each aircraft comes with a display stand and many have optional parts enabling the model to be posed either in flight or stationary with the undercarriage down.























As the Great War's most famous fighter ace, Baron Manfred von Richthofen helped to establish the aeroplane as an essential weapon of war and created an aviation enigma which endures to this day.



The Great War saw the aeroplane develop from fragile reconnaissance biplanes, to devastatingly effective air superiority fighters, flown by men who would become national heroes.



Revered as Churchill's 'Few', the brave pilot of Fighter Command struggled to repel the most formidable air force in the world during the summer of 1940 and protect Britain from the threat of imminent invasion.



This render of the 3D scan data is used for illustration purposes only and does not represent the quality of the final model











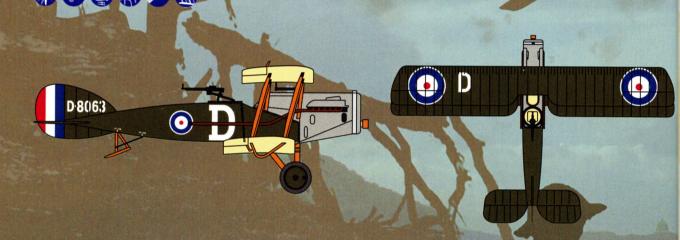
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AA28801 Bristol F2B Fighter

D-8063, RAF No.139 Squadron 'Royal Flight', Major William Barker, Villaverla Aerodrome, Italy, September 1918

The outbreak of the Great War placed a moral burden on the shoulders of a young Edward, Prince of Wales, heir to the British throne. Desperate to do his duty and be seen alongside the thousands of troops heading for France, he was forbidden from joining his Grenadier Guards regiment at the front by Lord Kitchener, who was concerned about the potential damage his loss or capture would have on a nation at war. Nevertheless, over the course of the next formula fabrical man of Britain. An early supporter of the aeroplane, the











RAF fighters of the day, the aircraft embarked on its first operational sortie from Duxford on 27th May 1940, in the hands of Squadron Leader Geoffrey



markings for about 8 display seasons. 80806





As one of the most capable twin engined aircraft of WWII, the Bristol Beaufighter was originally developed as a heavy fighter variant of the company's Beaufort bomber, already in service with the Royal Air Force. The first examples were pressed into service as nightfighters and whilst the aircraft proved to be a significant improvement over existing types, there was more to come from the mighty beau. As the aircraft received successive upgrades to make it more powerful and capable of carrying a greater array of offensive weaponry, the Beaufighter became a successful multi-role aircraft, with a particular flair for mounting hard hitting anti-shipping strikes into the North Sea, preventing Axis shipping from moving supplies back to Germany. It was during one of these missions that Banff based Flying Officer Maurice Exton was awarded a DFC for outstanding flying skill and determination in the face of the enemy. Flying Beaufighter NE829 on 9th October 1944, Exton and his squadron attacked a large convoy of enemy vessels off the coast of Norway, but his aircraft was hit by heavy flak from the ships. Damaging the aircraft's flight controls, causing it to almost flip onto its back, Exton wrestled with the Beaufighter's control column, bringing it back straight and level, before immediately pressing home his attack. He then nursed the damaged aircraft back to Banff, where he managed to land safely. Inflicting heavy damage on the enemy convoy they attacked, this incident says as much about the determination of the airmen of Coastal Command as it does about the resilience of the Bristol Beaufighter.





LIMITED

AA27109 Messerschmitt Bf109G-2 (Trop)

W.Nr.14256 'Yellow 14' Hauptmann Hans Joachim Marseille, 3./JG27, Quotaifiya, Egypt, 30th September 1942 The 'Star of Afrika' falls

Regarded by many of his contemporaries as the most naturally gifted fighter pilot ever to take to the air, Hans Joachim Marseille would make the clear blue skies of North Africa his hunting ground and the Messerschmitt Bf 109 fighter 'Yellow 14' his feared mount. Claiming 158 victories from 382 sorties flown, 151 of these were scored over the deserts of North Africa, making him the top scoring Luftwaffe ace in the Mediterranean theatre, gaining more victories against Western Allied airmen than any other pilot. Tragically, as was the case with so many of the young men who fought during WWII, the 'Star of Africa' would not survive the conflict and indeed would not live to see his 23rd birthday. On 30th September 1942, Marseille was leading his Squadron on a mission to support a flight of Stukas when his new Messerschmitt Bf 109G-2 fighter developed engine problems. With the cockpit filling with noxious fumes and Marseille becoming disorientated, he turned the fighter on its back and kicked himself out of the cockpit. Striking the tail of his Messerschmitt, Marseille was probably killed instantly, leaving his distraught comrades to watch his lifeless body tumbling towards the desert floor - the famous 'Star of Africa' had fallen.









One of the most mysterious episodes of the Second World War occurred over Northern Britain on the night of Saturday 10th May 1941, as the Chain Home radar network picked up an unidentified raid approaching the coast of Northumberland. Crossing the coast near Alnwick, the Royal Observer Corps identified the raid as a single Messerschmitt Me110 fighter which continued flying inland in the direction of Glasgow and was tracked until it hit the west coast of Scotland. With a Defiant nightfighter now on its tail and with fuel reserves running low, the intruder was seen to turn back inland, before crashing at Bonnyton Moor, Eaglesham, near Glasgow at 23.09pm. The lone pilot was observed parachuting to earth and was promptly detained by a pitchfork toting farmer, who when inquiring if the airman was German, was surprised by the excellent English of his prisoner, who went on to give his name as Hauptmann Albert Horn. Collected by the Home Guard, the prisoner was later interviewed by an Observer Corps Major, who almost immediately recognised the airman as none other than Rudolf Hess, senior Nazi Party official and Deputy Fuhrer of Germany. Why had such an important political figure made such a hazardous, one-way flight and what were his intentions?













Wingspan 224mm





G9+EC, Stab II./NJG 1, Deelen, Holland, Spring 1942

The Battle of Britain had proved to be a chastening experience for the Messerschmitt Bf110 heavy fighter units of the Luftwaffe, but despite their disappointing performance against the fighters of the RAF, Messerschmitt's fighting twin would go on to perform effectively in other theatres. It would however, be night operations against RAF Bomber Command which proved to be the aircraft's most suited operating environment, especially when equipped with the latest air interception radar equipment available to the Luftwaffe. With many of the world's most successful nightfighter aces perfecting their skills whilst flying the Bf110, this would become an important aircraft in the nocturnal struggle against the hundreds of RAF bombers crossing the coast of Northern Europe each night. This sinister looking all-black Nachtjagdgeschwader 1 Messerschmitt Bf110E is equipped with the early FuG 202 Lichtenstein B/C air interception radar, which was introduced during 1942 and featured the complex 'Matratze' aerial antenna array on the nose of the aircraft. The radar operator in the rear cockpit would use a pair of oscilloscopes to help him direct his pilot to a possible interception.









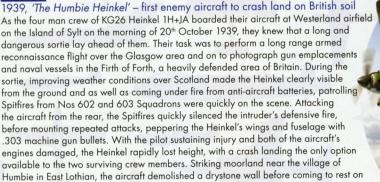




1.72

Wingspan 310mi





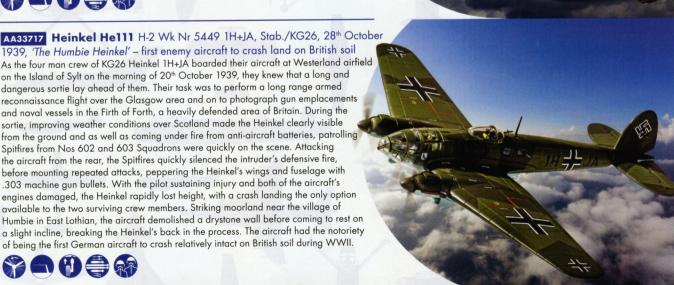
















AA36615 Lockheed® P-38G® Lightning®

43-2264 'Miss Virginia' White 147, 339th Fighter Squadron, 347th Fighter Group, 'Operation Vengeance', Guadalcanal, 1943 Having been forced to endure the horrors of the surprise Japanese attack at Pearl Harbor, the American people found themselves dragged into a war they had tried so hard to avoid, now determined to avenge this day of infamy. Their long fightback began with victory at the Battle of Midway in June 1942, but for the men of the USAAF 347th Fighter Group, their chance to inflict a huge psychological blow against the Japanese nation and specifically against man who had planned the Pear Harbor attack would come in April the following year. US Navy intelligence code-breakers had been monitoring Japanese communications f months and discovered that Admiral Isoroku Yamamoto planned to fly from Rabul to troops stationed in the Solomon Islands, to boost their morale in the wake of the Midway defeat. Flying in one of two Mitsubishi G4M 'Betty' bombers and protected by six Zero fighters, the formation was intercepted by sixteen US Lockheed P-38G Lightnings, whose pilots had made the long flight from Guadalcanal with one specific aim – vengeance. In the ensuing dogfight, P-38G 'Miss Virginia' piloted by Rex T. Barber, slipped in behind the bomber carrying Admiral Yamamoto and unleashed a torrent of bullets from his .50 calibre machine guns, sending it crashing into the jungle below. 'Operation Vengeance' had been successful and one of America's most deadly enemies had been eliminated.





NEW

1:72

Wingspam 472mm



AA27204 Avro Vulcan B.2 XM575, RAF No.101 Squadron, Waddington Wing, September 1975

One of the most distinctive military aircraft ever to take to the skies, the mighty Avro Vulcan provided Britain with a high-profile nuclear deterrent during the period known as the 'Cold War' as the second of Britain's famous V-Bombers to enter RAF service. Continuing a proud heritage of Avro bomber types which began with the twin engined Manchester, the Vulcan was a highly advanced tail-less delta design which possessed the ability to effectively deliver either nuclear or conventional weapons, including the fearsome 'Blue Steel' standoff nuclear missile. Operating at higher altitudes, the first Vulcan's in RAF service were finished in an overall white anti-flash scheme, intended to protect the aircraft in the seconds following detonation of a nuclear device, however, advances in Soviet anti-aircraft missile defences brought about a significant change in the aircraft's attack profile. Moving from high to low altitude strike operations during the early to mid 1960s, Vulcans retained their white undersides, but were given a striking grey and green camouflage on their upper surfaces, markings which really suited the huge delta shape of this magnificent aircraft. Although moving to low-level bombing operations, retention of the white anti-flash undersides clearly illustrates the Vulcan's continued role as a nuclear armed strategic bomber.







AA35416 BAC SEPECAT Jaguar GR.1 XX109, Landing trials on the M55 Motorway, Lancashire, 26th April 1975 The aviation product of a 1960s Anglo-French collaboration, the SEPECAT Jaguar was a highly effective tactical strike/attack, close air support and reconnaissance aircraft, which went on to see service with the Royal Air Force for an impressive 33 years. Featuring a high set wing and long undercarriage, the Jaguar was capable of being operated from grass airfields and roughly prepared landing strips, an ability which was famously demonstrated in front of the British press on 26th April 1975. Flying from the nearby British Aircraft Corporation airfield at Warton, second production Jaguar GR.1 XX109 made a parachute assisted landing on the carriageway of the soon to be opened M55 motorway at Weeton, near Blackpool. BAC test pilot Tim Ferguson made a familiarisation pass over the landing area, before bringing the Jaguar in low over a motorway bridge and impressively slamming it down on the carriageway, as part of the Jaguar's ongoing operating trials programme. Once landed, the aircraft was taxied back

to a semi-concealed position under the motorway bridge, where it was fitted with four bombs by armourers to represent a full tactical weapons load for the aircraft. With the carriageway clear, the Jaguar blasted into the air once more, clearly demonstrating

the operational flexibility of the RAF's new strike jet, with the pilot later describing the thrilling events as posing him 'no problems' and not being beyond the capabilities of the squadron pilot.







'The Green Bats keep flying'



AA36410 Eurofighter Typhoon FGR.4 ZJ924, RAF No. IX (B) Squadron, Lossiemouth, Moray, Scotland, May 2019

1:72

As Britain's aviation enthusiasts finally came to terms with the fact that the Panavia Tornado GR4 had been withdrawn from RAF service during March 2019, many will have been pleased to note that one of the final Tornado squadrons was to immediately re-equip with the Eurofighter Typhoon. As one of the two final RAF Tornado squadrons, No.IX(B) Squadron is one of the oldest units in the Royal Air Force and one which had been associated with the Tornado since the aircraft first entered service back in 1982. Its distinctive 'Green Bat' emblem had adorned the tail of one of the specially presented Tornados during the final months of the aircraft's service and on the day No.IX Squadron surrendered their Tornado GR4s at Marham, they immediately re-formed at RAF Lossiemouth, this time equipped with the Eurofighter Typhoon. During the transitional period, the RAF mounted an iconic photo sortie where the IX(B) Squadron retirement Tornado GR4 ZG775 flew over RAF Lossiemouth in formation with Eurofighter Typhoon FGR.4 ZJ924, with both aircraft proudly displaying the unit's famous 'Green Bat' motif and confirming this interesting aviation development. Relinquishing their strike and reconnaissance roles, No.IX(B) Squadron will now serve as an air defence unit, providing Northern QRA cover for the UK, with an additional responsibility for providing air-to-air aggressor support for other fast jet units throughout Europe, simulating the tactics of potential adversaries.







AA33619 Panavia Tornado GR.4

ZG752, Retirement Scheme, RAF Marham, March 2019

In the year which followed commemorations to mark the centenary of the Royal Air Force, one of the most important aircraft since the end of the Second World War was finally withdrawn from service, after providing the backbone of Britain's aerial strike capability for almost 40 years. Thankfully, RAF personnel who were privileged to be the final custodians of the Tornado in the final days of its service career were in no mood to let the aircraft slip away quietly and ensured that the 'Mighty Fin' enjoyed a send-off befitting an aircraft of this stature. Three aircraft were presented in special schemes to mark the end of RAF Tornado operations, including GR.4 ZG752, which was given a striking wrap around retro camouflage scheme, similar to the markings applied to the first RAF GR.1 Tornado aircraft which entered service back in 1982. The tail of the aircraft carries the markings 'Tornado GR 1982 – 2009' and its spine proudly displays all the badges of the RAF squadrons, reserve units and training establishments which operated the Tornado during a service career which proved to be particularly impressive.





















AA33620 Panavia Tornado GR.4

ZG775, No.IX(B) Squadron Retirement Scheme, RAF Marham, March 2019

As the Royal Air Force were taking delivery of their first Lockheed Martin F-35 Lightning II jets in the summer of 2018, their home base at RAF Marham was also preparing to bid a sad farewell to the Panavia Tornado GR.4, an aircraft which has served with distinction for almost 40 years. As the oldest dedicated bomber squadron in the RAF, it is fitting that No.IX(B) Squadron would have the honour of being one of the last to operate the Tornado, particularly as it was also the first unit to receive the then new Tornado GR.1 back in June 1982. As the RAF Tornado's retirement date approached, the squadron marked their long association with the aircraft by specially presenting Tornado GR.4 ZG775 in a striking retirement scheme, which featured the silhouette of a Tornado with its wings fully swept back on its tail, overpainted with the squadron's distinctive green bat crest. With its motto 'Through the night we fly' No.IX(B) Squadron has been associated with some of the RAF's most iconic bomber aircraft, such as the Avro Lancaster, English Electric Canberra and Avro Vulcan, but after operating the Panavia Tornado for almost 37 years, this magnificent strike jet must now take its place at the head of this illustrious group.

















NEW

1:72



ZA548, RAF Tornado FINale, No.31 Sqn 'Goldstars' Special Retirement Scheme, RAF Marham, Norfolk, March 2019 Having the distinction of being one of final two RAF squadron's to operate the Panavia Tornado, No.31 squadron were determined not to allow their long association with this exceptional aircraft go unheralded. During November 2018, Tornado GR.4 ZA548 emerged from the paint shop at RAF Marham wearing a distinctive new disbandment scheme, which marked 35 years of Tornado operations for the squadron and featured the silhouette of a Tornado on the tail of the aircraft, with the unit's famous 'Goldstar' emblem placed on top of it. The black spine of the aircraft also carries the wording '31 Squadron Tornado 1984-2019' and marks 35 years of Tornado operation, initially from bases in Germany, right up until the final days at RAF Marham. The gold star, which appears on the squadron's crest is a representation of the 'Star of India' and marks No.31 Squadron's heritage as the first military unit to fly in India. Panavia Tornado GR.4 ZA548 would go on to undertake a series













of high profile national flypasts and official RAF commemorative events during the final months of the Tornados service career, helping to give this magnificent Cold War warrior the fitting







Rotor Span 254m



AA34215 Boeing™ CH-47 Chinook™ ZA712, RAF No.18(B) Squadron, 100 Years Anniversary scheme, RAF Odiham, September 2016

The unrivalled versatility and load carrying capabilities of the Boeing Chinook helicopter has ensured that this mighty twin rotor heavy lift machine is now one of the most famous aircraft to see post war Royal Air Force service. Equally at home on the battlefields of the Middle East as it is dropping ballast sacks to prevent a dam burst a little closer to home, the Chinook has now been in RAF service since 1980, with the latest variant of this magnificent machine enhancing its already legendary operational flexibility still further. As well as being one of the most important aircraft currently in service, the Chinook is a consummate Airshow performer and a real crowd favourite wherever it performs, with the RAF's Chinook Display Team having the privilege of demonstrating the aircraft's power and manoeuvrability to tens of thousands of people every summer. Retaining their fully operational status at all times, the team must balance normal training requirements with practicing for their dynamic display routine and even though a Chinook is scheduled to take part in an Airshow near you, it could be called away on deployment at a moment's notice. If it does display, there is nothing quite like the experience of seeing this huge helicopter being hurled around the sky, with a Chinook's iconic 'blade slap' being a definite Airshow highlight.

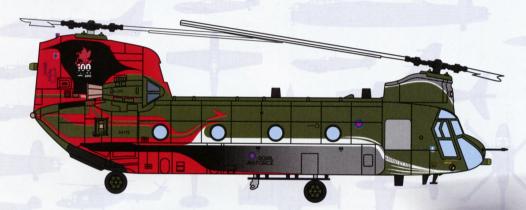
During the summer of 2016, no less than three of the RAF's Chinook helicopters received attractive special centenary schemes, to commemorate the individual anniversaries of their parent squadrons. The first of the three aircraft to emerge from the paint shop was No.18(B) Squadron's ZA712 in April 2015, resplendent in its handsome red and black scheme, which included a large poppy on its front rotor housing. Originally formed at RAF Northolt in 1915, the squadron has a rich service heritage, which includes claiming more than 200 enemy aircraft destroyed by the end of the Great War and mounting the operation to drop a replacement artificial leg for famous RAF ace pilot Douglas Bader following his capture in the summer of 1941. During more than 55 years as a helicopter unit, No.18 Squadron famously provided the only Chinook support during the Falklands War, as ZA718 'Bravo November' was the only one of four of these mighty helicopters to survive the Argentine double Exocet missile attack on the Atlantic Conveyor container ship, requisitioned by the Ministry of Defence in support of the conflict. Commemorating the squadron's centenary, Chinook HC4 ZA718 were these distinctive markings during a high profile official photoshoot, featuring the other two centenary Chinooks and also performed a number of displays during the 2015 Airshow season, to the delight of UK enthusiasts.



















AA35415 Jaguar T.4 XX838/PR, RAF No.16 (Reserve) Squadron, Coltishall Although difficult to endow the already attractive SEPECAT Jaguar with even better looks, the two seat training variant of the aircraft is regarded by many as one of the most aesthetically pleasing post war jets to see service with the Royal Air Force. The tandem configuration of twin seat Jaguars seemed to make this variant appear significantly longer than the more numerous single seat 'big cats', however, despite having the look of a much sleeker and more elegant aeroplane it was actually only slightly longer. Jaguar T.4 XX838 was built in 1975 to T.2A standard and subsequently became one of only eleven airframes to receive further upgrade to the final T.4 training variant, remaining with the RAF until the Jaguar was finally withdrawn from service in 2006. She is presented here wearing the colours of No.16 (Reserve) Squadron, which served as the Operational Conversion Unit for future Jaguar pilots following its reformation at RAF Lossiemouth in 1991. One of the oldest Royal Air Force Squadrons, the unit's badge features two crossed keys, one gold, one black, which can be traced back to the formation of the unit at Saint-Omer in 1915,











Wingspan 157mi











K2065, RAF No.1 Squadron, 'C' Flight Leader's Aircraft, Tangmere Aerodrome, circa 1932

Representing something of a golden era for British aviation, the 1930s saw a rapid expansion of the Royal Air Force and the service introduction of several aircraft types that could claim to be the ultimate biplane fighter. At the head of this group, the beautiful Hawker Fury came at the end of a long line of successful Hawker biplane designs and when it entered RAF service with No.43 Squadron in the summer of 1931, it became the fastest fighter aircraft in their history. Viewed as a thoroughbred fighter, only the best pilots of the RAF's elite squadrons were selected to fly the capable Hawker Fury, which was seen to represent the effectiveness and professionalism of the modern Royal Air Force. No.1 Squadron began receiving their Hawker Furys in February 1932 and this early example is presented with the larger pre-1934 roundels and rudder stripes, as well as having the individual flight's colours painted on the top fuselage decking. As the 'C' Flight Commander's aircraft, it also carries the flight's yellow colour on the fin, spinner and wheel covers giving this handsome aircraft an even more striking appearance.

unlocking enemy secrets whilst performing their aerial reconnaissance role.

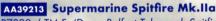












P7823 / TM-F 'Down Belfast Telegraph Spitfire Fund',

RAF No.504 Squadron, Ballyhalbert, Northern Ireland, March 1941 One of the most fascinating aspects of aerial conflict during the Second World War was the subject of 'Presentation Spitfires'. Although other aircraft were certainly procured in this manner, the Spitfire was seen as being the fighter of the moment and the one which would bring the Commonwealth deliverance against their enemies. Desperate to do their bit and support the war effort, communities throughout Britain and the entire Commonwealth put aside the hardships of their wartime existence and enthusiastically gave what they could to their local Spitfire fund. Taking great pride in the knowledge that their community could finance and put their name to a new Spitfire that could represent them in the battles raging in the skies above Europe, these aircraft helped to galvanise the nation in our time of greatest need. The aircraft themselves were simply taken from the current production lines, but were allowed to bear the names of the individuals, companies and communities who had bought them, whilst being careful not to compromise the standard camouflage scheme.













OROYAL AIR FORCE

AA36409 Eurofighter Typhoon T.3

ZK380, No.2 (AC) Squadron, RAF Lossiemouth, Moray, Scotland For the RAF student pilot hoping to eventually fly the capable Eurofighter Typhoon, he or she will first have to successfully negotiate training in such aircraft as the Grob Tutor, Shorts Tucano and BAe Hawk before arriving at either RAF Coningsby or Lossiemouth to realise their dream. The final stage of this training could be a seat in a Typhoon T.3, which is the latest twin-seat pilot conversion training aircraft for the RAF's Eurofighter Typhoon force and one of the most advanced aircraft in the world. Whilst this aircraft is specifically designed to allow student pilots to gain experience in flying the RAF's premier air defence fighter aircraft, it retains full combat capability and in times of conflict will join the rest of the Typhoon force in defending Britain's airspace. As the Typhoon platform continues to develop into an effective multi-role aircraft, the T.3 will be training future RAF Typhoon pilots for many years to come.

















LIMITED

AA27503 Short Sunderland Mk.III W3999/RB-Y No.10 Squadron RAAF, RAF Mount Batten, Plymouth Sound, Devon, Early 1942 The majestic Sunderland flying boats of RAF Coastal Command were some of the most impressive aircraft of the Second World War and performed vital duties in protecting Britain's sea lanes from enemy attack. With crews having to endure long and arduous patrols, they would often be sent to rescue downed airmen in perilous situations, with little thought for their own safety. Such an incident occurred on 21st June 1942, when the crew of Sunderland W3999 took off from RAF Mount Batten to try and locate a dinghy containing the crew of a ditched Coastal Command No.172 Squadron Vickers Wellington. On reaching the search area, the Sunderland, along with an accompanying Whitley patrol aircraft, were attacked by a German Arado Ar196 float plane, with the Sunderland taking a number of hits. Losing height immediately, the flying boat effected a landing on the open sea, but at the end of its landing run was seen to explode and sink beneath the waves. Coming under further attack, the Whitley took evasive action, before setting course for home, with the crew having the unpleasant task of confirming that there were no survivors from this tragic incident.





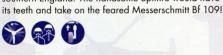
AA39211 Supermarine Spitfire Mk.I

R6800/LZ-N Sqn. Ldr. Rupert 'Lucky' Leigh, RAF No.66 Squadron, Gravesend, September 1940

The absolute pinnacle of aviation technology of its time, the Spitfire was a thoroughbred in every sense of the word and simply a beautiful aeroplane to look at. Just a few short months after the Spitfire entered RAF service, it would be called upon to fight for the very survival of Britain and the free world, as swarms of Luftwaffe aircraft launched massed attacks against RAF airfields and strategic targets across southern England. The handsome Spitfire would have to bare









AA27603 Hawker Hurricane Mk.I

V7357/SD-F Sgt. J.H 'Ginger' Lacey, RAF No.501 Squadron, Gravesend, September 1940

The exploits of the glorious 'Few' during the Battle of Britain are the stuff of legend and standing right at the head of this illustrious group of men was James 'Ginger' Lacey, Hurricane pilot and proud son of Wingspan 172mm Yorkshire. Flying throughout the Battle of Britain, Lacey was credited with eighteen aerial victories, making him the second highest scoring British fighter ace of the Battle - every one of these victories were gained whilst flying the trusty Hawker Hurricane. This latest Hurricane release is an essential addition to any Battle of Britain collection.













LIMITED

AA27604 Hawker Hurricane Mk.I V7795, Plt. Off W Vale,

RAF No.80 Squadron, Maleme, Crete 1941

As strong German forces moved to secure their southern flank and rectify a failed Italian attempt to invade Greece, Allied forces found themselves in a steady retreat towards Crete. Extensive air operations saw large numbers of RAF aircraft engaged in fighting with both German and Italian air force units and despite initial successes, they came under increasing pressure. Perhaps the most successful Hawker Hurricane Mk.I fighter of this difficult period was V7795, usually flown by Pilot Officer William Vale, of No.80 Squadron, Royal Air Force. Still displaying its standard RAF day fighter camouflage scheme, this unusual aircraft also included some additional field applied camouflage modifications to the leading edge and engine cowling, which were applied to just a small number of Hurricanes. Vale claimed eight enemy aircraft destroyed whilst flying this aircraft, during April and May 1941.









1:72

AA27606 Hawker Hurricane Mk.1 N2359/YB-J, 'Winged Popeye',

P.O Leonard Walter Stevens, RAF No.17 Squadron, Debden 1940 Responsible for destroying more enemy aircraft during the Battle of Britain than the combined total of the rest of Britain's defences, the Hawker Hurricane was the workhorse aircraft of Fighter Command's defiant resistance against the Luftwaffe. Pilot Officer Leonard Walter Stevens of No.17 Squadron received Hurricane N2359 as a replacement for an earlier aircraft damaged in combat with the Luftwaffe on 11th August 1940 and applied some rather elaborate artwork to the port side of his Hurricane. It was extremely unusual for RAF fighters to carry any form of unauthorised artwork during the Battle of Britain, so the sight of a 'Winged Popeye' must have caused quite a stir around Debden airfield, although they would have had more important matters at hand. Pilot Officer Leonard W Stevens served with No.17 Squadron throughout the Battle of Britain, only to be killed in a mid-air collision between two Spitfires in May 1941.





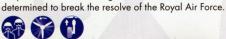




















AA27702 North American F-51D Mustang

44-12943/FF-943 'Was that too fast?' 18th Fighter Bomber Group, USAF, Chinhae Airfield, South Korea, 1951

1:72



At the start of the Korean War, significant numbers of Mustang fighters were available to the USAF, although most were now serving with Air National Guard units. Now designated F-51D, the Mustang was no longer the premier fighter aircraft it was in WWII, due to the advent of jet technology, but it was still a highly capable long-range strike aircraft. As a close air support aircraft, the Korean War Mustang dropped more napalm and fired more rockets than any other aircraft involved in the conflict, as it served with four air forces in support of The United Nations. It was also involved in some of the first spiralling dogfights with the new Soviet MiG-15 jet fighter. Highly susceptible to the latest anti-aircraft defences, many close air support Mustangs were lost during the Korean conflict.

















AA27703 North American Mustang Mk.IV

KH790/WHC Werner Christie, No. 150 Wing, RAF Hunsdon, Spring 1945 As its history was very much connected to British requirements, it is no surprise that the Mustang was used extensively by the Royal Air Force during WWII, from the early Allison powered Mustang I, to the Dallas produced, Packard Merlin powered IVa. The final victory for a WWII RAF Mustang belonged to Norwegian ace Werner Christie, who was flying his personal machine KH790. Following the conclusion of a successful bomber escort mission over Germany, Christie led his Mustangs in search of Luftwaffe fighters. Flying above Finow airfield, he noticed a flight of Fw 190s and immediately dived to attack. His first burst of fire caught the wing of an unsuspecting Focke Wulf, blowing half of the wing off and sending the fighter spiralling into the ground. This would be Christie's eleventh and final victory of the war.













1:72

1.72

AA27704 North American P-51D Mustang

44-14733/CS-L 'Daddy's Girl' Capt. Ray Wetmore, 370th Fighter Squadron, 359th Fighter Group, East Wretham, Norfolk 1945

As one of the most distinctive P-51D Mustangs of the European theatre, 'Daddy's Girl' was the mount of Captain Ray 'X-ray eyes' Wetmore, who became one of the leading USAAF Mustang aces of the war. His nickname comes from his uncanny reputation for spotting enemy aircraft well before any of his Squadron mates and usually dispatching one or two of them. Named after his daughter Diane, 'Daddy's Girl' had her most successful day on 14th January 1945, when Wetmore destroyed four Focke Wulf Fw 190s and shared in the destruction of a fifth, during the same mission. His final victory came against one of the elusive Messerschmitt Me 163 Komet rocket fighters on 15th March 1945, taking his final aerial victory tally to 21.25 enemy aircraft.









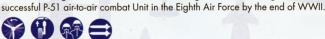






44-13586/C5-T 'Hurry Home Honey', Capt. Richard A 'Pete' Peterson, 364th Fighter Squadron, 357th Fighter Group, Leiston, Suffolk July 1944 The red and yellow checked noses of the USAAF 357th Fighter Group became a familiar sight in the skies above enemy occupied Europe in the final months of WWII and served both to reassure US Bomber crews that their 'Little Friends' were in attendance and to warn attacking Luftwaffe fighters that they were facing an elite fighting unit. The 357th were the first Eighth Air Force Fighter Group to receive the new North American P-51 Mustang towards the end of 1943 and immediately began their conversion training at Raydon airfield in East Anglia. Transferring to nearby Leiston, the unit became operational in February 1944 and were famously christened 'The Yoxford Boys' by British traitor and German propagandist Lord Haw-Haw, who greeted the arrival of these newly trained pilots with a forewarning of death and devastation at the hands of the Luftwaffe – how wrong he was. The Mustangs of the Yoxford Boys took a withering toll of Axis aircraft in the coming months, becoming the most

















AA28101 Curtiss P-40B Warhawk 160/15P, 2nd Lt. George Welch, 47th PS, 15th PG, USAAF,

Wheeler Field, 7th December 1941, Pearl Harbor Defender Following an extremely late night at the Squadron Christmas party, USAAF pilots George Welch and Kenneth Taylor woke to the sound of explosions and low flying aircraft. The date was 7th December 1941 and the United States naval base at Pearl Harbor was under attack. Still wearing their mess dress from the previous night, the men rang ahead to Wheeler Field, where their Squadron had been deployed for gunnery practice and instructed ground crews to prepare two P40 fighters for flight. Driving their Buick at high speed and coming under fire from Japanese aircraft, the men arrived at Wheeler and immediately made for their aircraft - taking off beneath waves of attacking enemy aircraft, the two pilots fought valiantly against overwhelming odds, even landing to re-fuel and re-arm, only to take off and fight again. During a frantic few minutes, Welch destroyed











1:72

AA28103 Curtiss Tomahawk IIB

AK402 P/O Neville Duke, RAF No.122 Squadron, Fort Maddelena, November 1941

This particular Curtiss Tomahawk was the mount of famous RAF pilot Neville Duke, who was posted to No.112 Squadron in North Africa following a successful spell as Wing Commander 'Sailor' Malan's wingman at Biggin Hill. Used to flying the Spitfire Mk.V, Duke initially found the Tomahawk to be something of a disappointment in combat and was shot down twice during his first few weeks in the desert. Flying Tomahawk IIB AK402, he was shot down on 30th November 1941 by high scoring JG27 ace Otto Schulz, but managed to crash land his aircraft and return to his Squadron. He soon got to grips with the desert air war and started to score victories of his own by the end of the war, Duke became the highest scoring Allied ace in the Mediterranean Theatre, with 27 victories to his name. We also went on to become a celebrated test pilot and holder of the world air speed record.













AA28104 Curtiss Hawk 81-A-2

P8127 'White 47', Robert 'R.T' Smith, 3rd Squadron American Volunteer Group, Kunming, China, June 1942

As some of the most celebrated pilots in the history of air warfare, the Flying Tigers of the 1st American Volunteer Group achieved incredible success against overwhelming odds in their robust but ageing Curtiss fighters, at a time when Japanese forces were advancing across vast areas of the Pacific region. A volunteer force of just 100 pilots, equipped with aircraft originally destined for the RAF Desert Air Force, the Flying Tigers are often misconceived as an ill-disciplined group of journeymen flyers, who were simply in it for the money. In fact, they were highly trained fighter pilots who had all volunteered to fight in some of the most inhospitable conditions endured by any pilots during WWII and as they entered combat in the days following the infamous Pearl Harbor attack, they were determined to destroy as many Japanese aircraft as they could. In this aim, they were spectacularly successful, posting some of the most impressive combat kill ratios of the entire war.













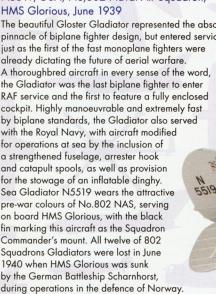


LIMITED

AA36211 Gloster Sea Gladiator N5519/G6A, No,802 Naval Air Squadron,

HMS Glorious, June 1939

The beautiful Gloster Gladiator represented the absolute pinnacle of biplane fighter design, but entered service just as the first of the fast monoplane fighters were already dictating the future of aerial warfare. A thoroughbred aircraft in every sense of the word, the Gladiator was the last biplane fighter to enter RAF service and the first to feature a fully enclosed cockpit. Highly manoeuvrable and extremely fast by biplane standards, the Gladiator also served with the Royal Navy, with aircraft modified for operations at sea by the inclusion of a strengthened fuselage, arrester hook and catapult spools, as well as provision for the stowage of an inflatable dinghy. Sea Gladiator N5519 wears the attractive pre-war colours of No.802 NAS, serving on board HMS Glorious, with the black fin marking this aircraft as the Squadron Commander's mount. All twelve of 802 Squadrons Gladiators were lost in June 1940 when HMS Glorious was sunk





















1:72



AA38409 Bristol Blenheim Mk.IV R3843 'F for Freddie' RAF No.18 Squadron. 'Operation Leg', 19th August, 1941

At a time when Britain and her Commonwealth were enduring their 'Darkest Hour' the nation was in need of inspirational heroes and perhaps nobody answered this call more famously than Douglas Bader. Losing both his legs as a result of a pre-war flying accident, Bader's determination to re-join the RAF saw him playing a significant role in leading Fighter Command's defiant resistance against the Luftwaffe during the Battle of Britain and later taking part in fighter sweeps over Northern France. It was during one of these operations on 9th August 1941 that Bader's Spitfire collided with another aircraft sending him spinning towards the ground. Although managing to exit the aircraft and parachute to safety, one of his prosthetic legs had remained stuck in the cockpit and crashed to earth with the stricken Spitfire. Clearly a huge propaganda coup for the Germans, they contacted the RAF with news of Bader's capture and to offer safe passage to an aircraft bringing a replacement leg for their illustrious guest. Not wanting to allow the Germans a propaganda victory, the RAF planned to parachute drop a new leg as part of a full 'Circus' bombing raid. On 19th August 1941, six Blenheim Mk.IVs supported by a large force of Spitfires launched an attack against the power station at Gosnay, with Blenheim R3843 also carrying a rather unusual payload, Douglas Bader's new leg. The wooden box containing the prosthetic limb was unceremoniously bundled out of the Blenheim over the target area, before all six bombers turned for home, their bombs unreleased, due to heavy cloud cover over the target area. The protecting Spitfires did not fare so well, with eight aircraft lost during the operation.





LIMITED

AA27403 Gloster Meteor F.1 EE216/YQ-E, T.D. 'Dixie' Dean, RAF No.616 Squadron and Fieseler, F-103 V-1 'Doodlebug',

4th August 1944

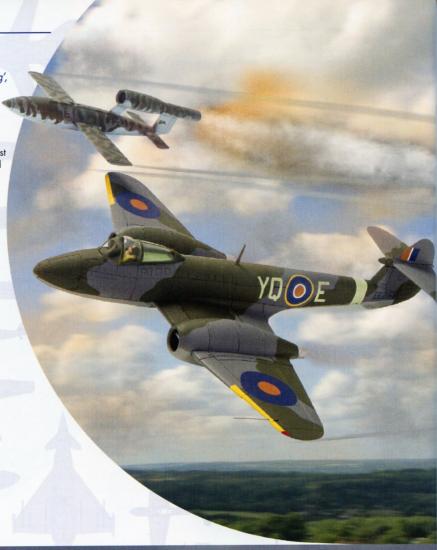
As the Gloster Meteor entered RAF service, it was originally charged with destroying the V-1 flying bombs that were being sent indiscriminately in the direction of southern Britain. The first Meteor victory over a Doodlebug occurred on the 4th August 1944, when Flying Officer T.D 'Dixie' Dean spotted a V-1 flying in the direction of Tunbridge Wells. Placing his Meteor EE216 in a shallow dive to build up speed, he lined up the V-1 in his gunsight and fired - after a short burst, all four guns jammed. Dean was determined not to let the Doodlebug get away and manoeuvred his Meteor alongside the flying bomb, wing tip to wing tip. When he was positioned as close as he safely could, he flicked the control column of his Meteor and banked sharply away – the sudden airflow disruption caused the V-1 to go out of control and crash without causing injury on open ground. Dean had the first Meteor victory over the V-1 and was the first pilot to use the risky 'tip and run' tactic to destroy one these feared flying bombs.

















AA27005 Westland Puma HC.1

XW220/AC, RAF No.72 Squadron, Aldergrove, Northern Ireland, 1997 As one of the world's most successful modern battlefield helicopters, the Westland Puma HC.1 entered service with the Royal Air Force in 1971 and represented a huge technological advance over the Belvedere and Whirlwind aircraft it replaced. An incredibly flexible aviation asset, the Puma is tasked with the tactical movement of troops, weapons, ammunition and general support supplies and is capable of operating in all weather conditions, by day or night. With room to carry 16 fully equipped troops, or up to two tonnes of freight either internally, or slung from a hard point under the aircraft's fuselage, the Puma can also operate in search and rescue and casualty evacuation roles, making this one of the most useful and flexible aircraft in the RAF. This flexibility has seen the Puma required to operate in areas of conflict all over the world, most noticeably during both Gulf Wars, where the aircraft continued to build on its excellent reputation. With the original RAF Pumas serving for over forty years, an upgrade programme will see this superb machine remain in service for many years to come.



















AA37611 Westland Wessex HC.2 XR500/A, No.78 Squadron, Royal Air Force, Sharjah Air Base, Trucial States, 1970

The Westland Wessex HC.2 was a licence built turbine powered development of the classic American Sikorski S-58 Helicopter, one of the world's first truly capable helicopters and one which finally established these aircraft as amongst the most useful for both military and civilian applications. XR500 was one of a batch or 4 HC.2 helicopters delivered in advance of the type's acceptance into RAF service and was used by the Wessex Intensive Flying Trials Unit at RAF Odiham, in preparation for its squadron introduction. It was later one of the founding aircraft of the re-forming No.18 Squadron, the first operational unit to receive the Wessex HC.2, in January 1964. It would later join No.78 Squadron and from 1967, operate from the vital overseas base at Sharjah in the Trucial States (now part of the United Arab Emirates) where, in conjunction with other RAF units, it would help to ensure the ongoing stability of the region. Wearing this particularly attractive scheme, these hard working helicopters would transport troops and supplies around the region, whilst also being on hand to provide flexible airborne support whenever called upon. XR500 was written off in April 1979 when it crashed into Hong Kong harbour, whilst undertaking a winching exercise in poor weather - thankfully, the crew all survived the experience.

















AA39007 Westland Lynx HAS 3 (ICE)

XZ238/434 assigned to HMS Endurance, 2002

Westland Lynx HAS 3 ICE XZ246 (434/EE) is one of a number of helicopters, which have served on board Antarctic survey and ice patrol vessel HMS Endurance, in particularly challenging conditions. For this specific role, some of the equipment usually found on Royal Navy Lynx aircraft was removed, but the reliable Lynx proved to be essential in the effective polar operations of Endurance. Two ice modified Lynx aircraft were usually carried on board HMS Endurance, at any one time. When considering military aviation currently in service with the world's air forces, the helicopter is arguably the most flexible and operationally capable aircraft available to commanders. As international commitments and military requirements continue to evolve, the helicopter is becoming increasingly important to operations at home and abroad. Since the Westland Lynx was introduced in 1978, it has proved itself as one of the most advanced and capable helicopters in the world. Fast and highly adaptable, the Lynx has the distinction of being the world's first fully aerobatic helicopter, capable of performing some quite astonishing manoeuvres. A true multirole combat aircraft, the Lynx is also a deadly tank destroyer and submarine hunter, due to remain in service for many years to come.















AA39105 Westland Whirlwind HAR.1

XA868, Royal Navy, HMS Protector, 1963

The first Westland built Whirlwind HAR.1 helicopters entered service with the Royal Navy in July 1954, although Fleet Air Arm pilots were already experienced in operating American built versions of the aircraft. Joining No.848 Naval Air Squadron in the Search & Rescue and utility roles, these capable helicopters operated from land based stations and on amphibious operations at sea, providing the Navy with a highly capable new aircraft. Royal Navy Whirlwind HAR.1s also served aboard Ice Patrol Ship HMS Protector (A146) during her long ranging Antarctic patrols from 1955, which required them to fly above some of the most inhospitable seas in the world. The re-fitted vessel was capable of carrying two Whirlwind helicopters and operating them from rather basic hangar and flight deck facilities, but providing the ship with invaluable airborne support. Whirlwinds that served on board HMS Protector during these important patrols were adorned with an attractive penguin motif on each side of the helicopters nose, in recognition of this period of their service careers.



















AA28402 English Electric Lightning F.6 XS927/N7, RAF No.74 Squadron 'The Tigers'

When the English Electric Lightning entered RAF service with No.74 Squadron at Coltishall in June 1960, Britain had its first true supersonic interceptor and one of the most potent fighting aeroplanes the world had ever seen. Charged with protecting Britain from aerial attack, everything about a Lightning mission involved speed, with pilots using the blistering climb performance of the aircraft to mount a 'Supersonic dash' to the target, returning to base, refuelling and rearming before repeating the process if the situation dictated. The ultimate incarnation of the country's first and only all British supersonic fighter aircraft was the F.6 variant, which addressed many of the issues associated with earlier Lightnings, whilst retaining the stellar performance of this magnificent aircraft. Lightning F.6 XS927 made its maiden flight from the English Electric factory on 15th February 1967, in the hands of celebrated test pilot Roland Beamont, before joining No.74 Squadron at Coltishall in early April the same year – this was the last F.6 to join the Squadron before they moved to RAF Tengah in Singapore. In this centenary year, the Lightning still holds its place as arguably the most exciting aircraft to have ever served with the Royal Air Force.













Lengths

Queen Elizabeth 224mm

Prince of Wales 227mm

LIMITED

CC75000 Queen Elizabeth Class Carrier **CC75001** Prince of Wales Class Carrier

Queen Elizabeth-class aircraft carriers are the largest and most advanced warships ever built for the Royal Navy. They will be known as the U.K.'s flagships as they embark on many vital global deployments over the next 50 years.

HMS Queen Elizabeth has already been accepted to the fleet, while HMS Prince of Wales has just been commissioned. She is the largest and most powerful vessel ever constructed for the Royal Navy. This awe-inspiring warship can carry up to 40 aircraft. As well as state-of-the-art weaponry and communications systems, HMS Queen Elizabeth boasts five gyms, a

chapel and a medical centre. The flight deck of HMS Queen Elizabeth comes in at an enormous four acres and will be used to launch the fearsome new F-35 Lightning II Joint Strike Fighter. Four of these awesome fighter jets can be moved from the hangar to the flight deck in just one minute. The ship's two propellers weigh 33 tonnes each. The powerplant behind them generates enough power to run 1,000 family cars.

These carriers are 280 metres long, displace 65,000 tonnes in weight and have a top speed of over 25 knots. Carrying a crew of between 700 and 1,600 (when all 36 F-35s are on board), these mighty ships also will carry 4 Merlin Helicopters. Six U.K. shipyards were involved in the construction and during this, 250,000 kilometres of electrical cable was installed







Tanks a multitude of vehicles actually went to war. From airfield support to general transport vehicles the Corgi range includes military vehicles that have since been deemed legendary.

Each Military Legends model is made of die-cast metal, and is meticulously detailed in 1:50 scale. All include a uniquely numbered limited edition certificate which tells the story of the extensively researched military vehicle in question.













1:50 Length 176mm



cc60216 Panther Tank 4th Battalion Coldstream Guards 'Cuckoo', Netherlands 1944/5

Widely regarded as the finest German tank of the Second World War, the PzKpfw V Panther was a formidable combination of speed, manoeuvrability, armour protection and firepower, making this a feared battlefield adversary. Built in response to combat experiences on the Eastern Front and the impressive performance of the latest Soviet tanks, Russia would also see the combat introduction of the new Panther, during the battle of Kursk in the summer 1943. Although classed by the German's as a medium tank, the Panther weighed in at an impressive 45 tons, but proved to be significantly more mobile than its size suggests and after overcoming initial service introduction issues, the Panther began to show its destructive potential. One criticism of the larger German tank designs was that they tended to be over-engineered and whilst they were undoubtedly impressive fighting machines, there simply were not enough of them with front line units. By the time of D-Day, the Panther was fighting a losing battle and if superior numbers of Allied tanks didn't get them, rocket firing Hawker Typhoons undoubtedly would.













CC51606 'Beute Panzer' (Trophy Tank)

Captured Soviet T34/76 Model 1943, Turret No.222, Panzerjager Abteilung 128, 23rd Panzer Division, Eastern Front, Ukraine, 1943

1:50

As German armed forces rolled across Europe during the early months of the Second World War, they had already displayed their willingness to deploy captured tanks as part of their powerful panzer force. Initially fielding large numbers of Panzer 35(t) and 38(t) tanks acquired following the occupation of Czechoslovakia, victories over Holland, Belgium and France brought a further supply of captured armour, with those not destroyed or classed as unserviceable pressed into service for their new owners. Operation Barbarossa and the strike East brought new pressures on the available panzer forces, especially when they came across a new Soviet tank design, the T-34. Extremely mobile, with good armour protection and a capable main gun, the T-34 was more than a match for anything the Germans had in service at that time, however mechanical problems and poor battlefield organisation reduced the effectiveness of this excellent machine. The Germans were so impressed with the T-34 that they tried to get their hands on as many serviceable examples as they could and even considered starting general production of the tank at factories which had been captured by advancing Wehrmacht troops. The machine

LIMITED

Length 120mm

modelled here went on to see service against its former owners with the 23rd Panzer Division in 1943 and is finished in a field applied disruptive camouflage scheme intended to help the tank blend into the surrounding countryside where combat was taking place.













1:50

Length 117mm



ccs1032 M4A1 Sherman 'Beutepanzer' (Trophy Tank)

US Army, North African Campaign, Captured by I./Pz.Rgt.5, Tunisia, Early 1943, and sent back to Germany for evaluation

Having the opportunity to capture a fully working example of your enemy's latest battle tank is a situation which was highly prized by all the combatant nations during the Second World War, allowing their capabilities to be assessed and to ascertain the most effective ways of destroying them. This detailed evaluation would usually be carried out by a specialist Military High Command unit well behind the front lines, but getting your war prize back there during the heat of battle could be a challenging process. This particular early Sherman tank was captured by 1st Company, 501st Heavy Tank Battalion in Tunisia, during operations to counter the Anglo-American invasion of French North Africa in late 1942 and must have looked rather conspicuous parked amongst the German Tiger 1 and Panzer III tanks which were heading towards the fighting. The fascinating hand painted warning on the side of the Sherman is basically warning German troops not to remove any items from the enemy tank, as it has been commandeered by German Military High Command and is destined to be sent back to Germany for test and evaluation. In addition to the rather crudely applied Balker kreuz markings on the turret of the Sherman, the unit responsible for securing such a significant trophy also ensured their details were included in the Land painted warning on the hull sides of the tank, presumably knowing that the message would be seen by thousands of military personnel during its journey back to Germany and wanting their achievement recognised.





Length 170mm

LIMITED

cc60514 Panzerkampfwagen VI Tiger I Ausf E (Late production)

Turret Number 'Black 300', sPzAbt. 505, Eastern Front, Summer 1944 Russia on the offensive

For many with an interest in military history, the German Tiger I is still widely regarded as the epitome of tank design, beautifully conceived and manufactured whilst at the same time proving deadly on the battlefield. Unrivalled by any opposing tank when it saw its combat introduction on the Eastern Front during September 1942, the Tiger I soon began to show its potential, using its highly effective sighting optics and accurate 88mm KwK 36 tank gun to take a heavy toll of Soviet armour. Capable of destroying enemy tanks at ranges which made it almost impervious to return fire, it was not uncommon to hear reports of small units of German Tigers destroying more than ten times their number in Soviet armour during engagements, as their opposition rushed headlong towards the German tanks in a deadly hail of armour piercing shells, with only the amount of ammunition held limiting the effectiveness of the Tigers killing spree. Indeed, if a Soviet tank did manage to get close enough to fire on its capable adversary, their shells would invariably ricochet off the thick frontal armour of these German beasts and attract the attention of the enemy tank commander in the process. During the spring of 1944, the Tigers of the 505th Heavy Tank Battalion adopted the distinctive 'charging heavy knight' as their unit insignia, an emblem which they would retain until the end of the war in Europe and one which drew inspiration from the fact that these armoured behemoths were now performing the historic role of battlefield shock cavalry from years past.





1:50

Length 170mm

LIMITED

cc60513 Panzerkampfwagen VI Tiger I 'First in service', Turret No.100, Schwere Panzerabteilung 502, Leningrad Sector, late 194 The 502nd Heavy Panzer Battalion and their distinctive 'Mammoth' logo are famous for being the first Wehrmacht unit to introduce the fearsome Panzerkampfwagen VI 'Tiger I' into combat, during the siege of Leningrad in September 1942. Although this powerful new weapon was capable of destroying any enemy tank it faced, these early Tigers were rushed into combat before a full testing programme had been completed and consequently, were not as effective as they should have been. Suffering numerous technical difficulties and problems associated with operating such heavy tanks on the soft ground of Russia, more Tigers were destroyed by their own crews to prevent them from falling into Soviet hands, than as a result of enemy action. Despite this, on 14th January 1943, the Soviets managed to disable and capture 'Tiger 100' during 'Operation Iskra' and actigns to break the German siege of Leningrad, with a second machine being secured just a few days later. Both tanks were rushed to the Kubinka experimental armour facility, where they were thoroughly evaluate and tactics developed to combat these feared armoured behemoths. Before the Germans had fully developed the potential of these magnificent fighting machines, the folly of their rushed combat introduction meant that their awesome secret was already of their rushed combat introduction meant that their awesome secret was already of their rushed combat introduction meant that their awesome secret was already of their rushed combat introduction meant that their awesome secret was already of their rushed combat introduction meant that their awesome secret was already of their rushed combat introduction meant that their awesome secret was already of their rushed combat introduction meant that their awesome secret was already of their rushed combat introduction meant that their awesome secret was already of their rushed combat introduction meant that their awesome secret was already of the rush of their rushed combat introduction meant that their awesome secret was already of the rush of their rushed combat introduction meant that their awesome secret was already of the rush of the tanks. Despite this, the 502nd Heavy Panzer Battalion would go on to become one of the most successful tank units of the Second World War and could boas















Length 176mm

LIMITED

CC60215 Panzerkampfwagen V Panther (Ausf D)

Training Tank assigned to unknown unit, Bamberg, Northern Bavaria, April 1945, Defence of the Reich

As Allied forces advanced deeper into German territory during the spring of 1945 and inexorably towards the heart of the Third Reich, their overwhelming

numerical superiority was gradually wearing down remaining pockets of resistance. The Wehrmacht counter-attacks which look place in the weeks and months following D-Day had left armoured units hugely depleted and with the net of war closing around them, there was little hope of replenishing even a fraction of these losses. As Allied armoured units approached the town of Bamberg in Northern Bavaria, they would face a hastily assembled collection of German armour and assault guns from various units, including several early Panther tanks taken from nearby Training and Reserve Tank Divisions. Used to train crews destined for the heavy tank battalions, these units operated some of the first Panthers to enter service, often inheriting them after they had been sent back from front-line units for maintenance or upgrade. Indeed, at this stage of the war, it was common to find the latest tank deliveries utilising components from much earlier variants of the same vehicles, such was the pressure on German manufacturing at that time. This fascinating Panther, which served during the Battle for Bamberg, is sporting a replacement barrel for its 75mm gun and has hastily applied camouflage to its turret and gun only. The prominent placement of the Balkenkreuz at the front of the turret served to identify the tank to other local Wehrmacht units, presumably as some may have been relatively inexperienced in combat – it would have also clearly marked it as a target for the approaching US and Russian forces. Despite being one of the oldest Panther tanks still in operational service, these fearsome







CC51031 Sherman M4A3 (late)

USA-30100145-S, B Company, 2nd Tank Battalion, 9th Armoured Division, Battle for Clervaux Castle, Luxembourg, December 17th, 1944 The first tank battle of the major German Ardennes offensive, which would go on to be referred to as the 'Battle of the Bulge' proved to be something of a disaster for Allied forces. Taken almost completely by surprise, outnumbered American units attempted to hold back attacking elements of the German 2nd Panzer Division and prevent them from speeding towards their ultimate objective, the port of Antwerp and effectively splitting American and British/Canadian forces in the process. With most of the other US Sherman tanks involved in this savage fighting either being destroyed or disabled, Sherman USA-30100145-S took up an ambush position next to a medieval building in the grounds of Clervaux Castle, moving forward periodically to fire on the German armoured column advancing up the approach road to the castle grounds, before concealing itself once more. Holding up the advance for several hours, the Sherman was eventually disabled by three incoming rounds from German StuG III tank destroyers and was abandoned by its crew, where it remained in the same position until 1956, when a recovery team from the Luxembourg Army dragged the tank inside the castle grounds. A restoration project was undertaken many years later and the tank is now preserved and accessible to the public in the courtyard of Clervaux Castle, where it serves as a memorial to the men who took part in D-Day and the Battle of the Bulge. It is thought that this historic vehicle is one of only two original tanks still in existence, which took part in the Ardennes Offensive.





Length 144mm LIMITED

Ct60112 Churchill Mk.III 'ESK', Squadron HQ, C Squadron, 3rd Battalion Scots Guards, 6th Guards Armoured Brigade, England, 1943 Originally equipped with the disappointing A13 Mk.III Covenanter cruiser tank, the 6th Scots Guards Tank Brigade re-equipped with the much heavier and far more capable Churchill tank from early 1943 and underwent intensive training for overseas deployment. Churchill Mk.III 'ESK' was a Squadron HQ (left flank), C Squadron, 3rd Battalion Scots Guards machine, part of the 6th Guards Armoured Brigade, with the letter B at the end of its War Department registration number denoting that this was a replacement tank. This unit elected to name many of its tanks after locations in Scotland, carrying their heritage into combat wherever they were in action, with ESK obviously being named after the Scottish river. During 1943, the 2nd Coldstream Guards would join the brigade, thus causing the Scots Guards to become the junior regiment of the two - this also meant that their yellow tank markings would have to be repainted in blue to reflect their change in status. Suffering heavy combat losses during operations in Italy throughout the summer of 1943, the 6th Guards were almost disbanded, however, they were allowed to recover and would go on to play a significant role in actions following the D-Day landings, usually attached to the 15th (Scottish) Division. Although the confined hedgerow warfare fighting conditions of the Normandy countryside did not particularly suit the Churchill tank, which excelled on soft, open ground, hills and heavily forested areas, large numbers of these tanks would go or to see service until the end of the war in Europe and into the early 1950s.















1:50

Length 126mm

CC60613 Cromwell IV 'BLENHEIM' No.2 Squadron, 2nd (Armoured Reconnaissance) Battalion, Welsh Guards, inspection by Winston Churchill, Pickering, Yorkshire, Spring 1944

The massive build up of Allied forces in advance of the D-Day landings saw southern England playing host to arguably the most powerful army the world had ever seen, standing ready to make a decisive blow in bringing the war to a close. Following months of intensive training and in an attempt to maintain the morale of his troops ahead of their coming struggles, Winston Churchill made several visits to units in the weeks leading up to invasion, reminding them of the historic role they were about to play and thanking them for their resolve. On 30th March 1944, he paid a visit to the 2nd Welsh Guards, where he was photographed in the turret of an immaculately presented Cromwell Mk.IV tank, which could not only boast a pristine set of unit markings, but had also been adorned with the name 'Blenheim' on the front of its hull, clearly in anticipation of their illustrious guest's visit. The Guards Armoured Division was due to go ashore following the D-Day landings on 16th June, however, the violent storms which battered the Channel around that date prevented their arrival until 22th. Following a short period of acclimatisation in a defensive capacity, they would be used as casual support on two offensive operations, before being heavily involved in 'Operation Goodwood' and the breakout from Normandy, where the impressive speed of the Cromwell would come into its own. The logistics associated with D-Day were simply astonishing and saw the amphibious delivery of 557,000 troops and 81,000 vehicles, between 6th and 16th June. The long awaited Allied invasion of Europe would prove to be the springboard for ultimate victory.





CC60418 White M3A1 Half Track

'DARING', D Company, 1st Battalion, 41st Armoured Infantry Regiment, 2nd Armoured Division, Cantigny, France, 31st August 1944

Following combat experiences gained during the early months of WWII and in anticipation of the anticipated invasion of occupied Europe, American armoured units underwent a thorough reorganisation during 1943. With the emphasis being on mobility and combat flexibility, armoured units would work in close association with artillery, infantry and air support during operations, breaking enemy strongholds and exploiting any breaches in their defensive lines. Arriving on Omaha Beach three days after D-Day itself, the US 2nd Armoured Division



equipped forces hoping to exploit any strategic opportunities which presented themselves. Initial combat operations proved challenging as the muddy conditions and narrow lanes were not ideal for armoured units, but the long stalemate was broken with the launch of 'Operation Cobra' and a concerted push to break out from Normandy. This M3 A1 Half Track provided armoured protection for a platoon of infantrymen during post D-Day operations, with its crewproviding supressing fire from the vehicle's pulpit mounted .50 cal machine gun, with additional mountings on the sides of the vehicle. The M3 was unable to withstand the attentions of heavy German armour, so other than specialised reconnaissance units, these vehicles would usually transport troops to the next combat hotspot,

following behind, or with the support of heavy armoured units and usually after a sustained

was part of a massive Allied build up in Normandy, with the mobility of its well







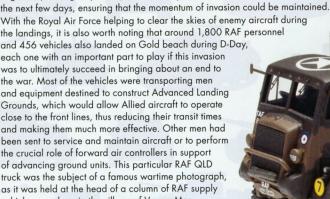
Length 121mm

LIMITED

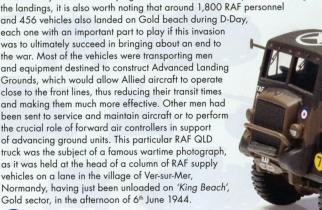
cc60309 Bedford QLD 4X4 general service cargo truck

Service Number 105220, RAF 2nd Tactical Air Force, 84 Group, Gold Beach, Normandy, 6th June 1944

As crucial as the initial assault landings on the main D-Day beaches undoubtedly were, this complex and dangerous operation would only succeed if those same beaches also received vast numbers of additional men, equipment and supplies in the hours and days which followed. With the beaches finally secured, huge LST (Landing Ship, Tank) vessels brought thousands of men, hundreds of vehicles and tons of supplies over











Length 140mm



cc60013 Sd.Kfz.7 Krauss-Maffei medium towing half-track Luftwaffe flak gun artillery tractor, Tunisia, May 1943 One of the most numerous and instantly recognisable German fighting vehicles of the Second World War, the Sd.Kfz.7 medium half-track began its development in the mid 1930s and first entered service in 1938, just in time to take part in the opening actions of the war. Replacing the horse as a means of transporting men, supplies and artillery to the front lines, the half-track was a more complex machine than a standard truck and was prone to higher levels of mechanical failure, however, its pulling power and off road performance meant that these hard working vehicles were always in great demand. In Luftwaffe service, the Sd.Kfz.7 would primarily be employed in pulling one of the deadly 88mm Flak guns around the battlefield, along with its highly trained crew of twelve men and an array of tools, equipment and ammunition. Although these units were responsible for providing air defence support for ground troops and armoured divisions, the powerful 88mm gun was arguably even more effective when used against ground targets and there were numerous occasions when Luftwaffe anti-aircraft guns were requisitioned for use against Allied tanks, taking a heavy toll of British and Soviet armour. With a multitude of battlefield and supply uses, despite the fact that around 12,200 of these 'special purpose vehicles' were produced by several manufacturers, there never

seemed to be enough to go around and those which were available often required to pull loads much greater than those they were designed for. Rarely wearing markings other than production numbers, these vehicles were painted in a myriad of different schemes, as crews attempted to camouflage their half tracks from both air and ground attack, using whatever paint stocks they had at their disposal.





Good things come in small packages! And this couldn't be truer of the Military Legends in Miniature range. Each model in this range is made of the highest quality material and measures an average of 95mm long which varies slightly from vehicle to vehicle.

Comprising of a range of the most famous tanks and support vehicles that went to war, the miniature range offers extensively researched tanks decorated with as much detail the Fit the Box scale allows for

Suitable for those aged 6+ the range is perfect for new collectors or those looking for a smaller but historically accurate collection.



FTB Length 96mm

cs90638 Tiger I

German Army SpzAbt 502, Russia 1942 Arguably the most famous tank in the history of warfare, the mighty German Tiger was a fearsome weapon, capable of destroying most Allied tanks at ranges far in excess of those where they could effectively return fire. Utilising the powerful 88mm tank gun and exceptional sighting optics, the Tiger took a heavy toll of Allied armour following its combat introduction on the Eastern Front in 1942, but these beasts were over-engineered and expensive to produce, resulting in only 1,347 tanks eventually being built. Despite these relatively small numbers seeing combat, the Tiger tank created a battlefield legacy which endures to this day.





FTB

(Fit The Box)

Length 85mm

CS90635 Panzer IV SS Panzer Division Hitlerjugend, France 1944

One of the world's truly great tanks, the Panzer IV was in production throughout the Second World War and was built in greater numbers than any other German tank. Forming the backbone of Wehrmacht armoured divisions during WWII, this tank was continually improved during its service career and was fitted with a number of different main armament configurations, as well as forming the basis of several other fighting vehicles, such as tank destroyers, assault guns and self-propelled anti-aircraft guns.

Despite being the oldest German tank still in service, the Panzer IV was the most numerous type encountered by the Allies following D-Day.





(Fit The Box)

Length 83mm

CS90637 Churchill MkIII

6th Scots Guards Brigade 1943

One of the most distinctive tanks of the Second World War, the British Churchill heavy infantry tank may have looked a little ungainly, but was actually an extremely capable fighting vehicle and one of the heaviest Allied tanks to see combat. Possessing exceptional hill climbing capabilities, the relatively slow, yet extremely reliable Churchill had frontal armour protection which was thicker that that used on the feared German Tiger and despite first entering service in 1941, large numbers of these tanks

would be deployed following the D-Day landings. Several special purpose variants of the Churchill were also produced, which included flamethrower, bridge layer and bunker buster tanks.





FTB (Fit The Box) Length 77mm

CS90640 M8 Greyhound

14th Armoured Division, N.W. Europe Originally conceived as a fast and mobile tank killer, the M8 Greyhound armoured car was not built to withstand the punishment it would receive at the hands of Germany's main battle tanks and was therefore used more for reconnaissance patrols and armoured escort duties. Open turret variants of the Greyhound afforded their commander's an exceptional view of the battlefield, although this feature was understandably less popular during poor weather conditions. Amazingly, one M8 is reported to have destroyed a mighty German King Tiger in December 1944, sneaking up behind it and firing three rounds into its engine before the Tiger's turret could traverse round.





FTB (Fit The Box) Length 72mm

CS90632 Sherman M4 A3

US Army, Luxembourg 1944 Arguably the most famous Allied tank of the Second World War, the American built M4 Sherman medium tank was produced in vast quantities, with almost 50,000 being built by the end of WWII. Fast and extremely reliable, the Sherman featured innovations such as an automatic gearbox and gyro-stabilised gun elevation - it was also built for ease of transportation, with four hoist points at each corner of the tank, allowing it to be loaded to and from cargo ships with ease. The Sherman may not have been a match for the mighty German Tigers and Panthers they faced following D-Day, but numerical superiority ensured they would ultimately prevail.





FTB Length 82mm

CS90630 M48 Patton

An extremely capable main battle tank, the M48 Patton was the third US tank to be named after the famous WWII general George S Patton who was a strong advocate of the use of tanks on the modern battlefield. Introduced in 1953, the M48 would be used extensively by American forces during the Vietnam War, where it would perform well, but more in an infantry support role, as opposed to tank destroyer. It would also go on to be an export success, seeing service with around twenty countries all over the world, with many still in service during the last years of the 20th Century.



FTB Length 70mm

CS90641 M3 Stuart

The diminutive M3 Stuart light tank occupies an important position in the history of WWII, as it was the first American tank made available to British and Commonwealth forces via the Lend-Lease programme used in the North African campaign, the M3 proved to be an extremely reliable and relatively fast tank, earning the respect of British crews who quickly learned to use it to its best potential. The M3 would also be used by the Americans during their first tank versus tank engagements of WWII and despite being outclassed by most German tanks, would be used extensively in support and reconnaissance roles following the D-Day landings.





FTB

(Fit The Box)

Length 115mm

CS90642 King Tiger

sSSPzAbt 501, France 1944

Germany's heaviest operational tank of the Second World War, the mighty Tiger II or King Tiger weighed in at an astonishing 68 tons, even though it was still powered by the same 12 cylinder Maybach engine which powered the significantly lighter Tiger I. Built around a new long barrelled 88mm anti-tank gun, the Tiger II was perhaps the ultimate development of the tank

during WWII and was superior to any Allied tank

in service. Introduced just weeks after D-Day, these fearsome machines were never available in enough numbers to make a difference on the battlefield and for the cost of one King Tiger, the Allies could produce nine M4 Shermans.





Length 100mm

CS90639 Panther

4th Battalion Coldstream Guards 'Cuckoo', Netherlands 1944/5 Although often overshadowed by the more famous Tiger tank, the Panther is generally regarded as Germany's best tank of the Second World War. An effective combination of mobility, firepower and armoured protection, the Panther was originally developed to counter the success of the Soviet T-34 on the Eastern Front and despite initial problems associated with its rushed service introduction, would go on to become one of the most feared armoured adversaries on the battlefields of Europe. Much cheaper to produce that a Tiger, Wehrmacht units could receive five of these highly effective tanks for the price of a single Tiger I

40180255



FTB (Fit The Box) Length 89mm

CS90631 M3 Half-Track

41st Armoured Infantry, 2nd Armoured Division, Normandy 1944 (D Day) One of the key requirements of the modern battlefield is to have mobile infantry units supporting their heavy armour, both to protect the tanks and to secure any territorial gains they may have made. During WWII, the most famous Allied armoured personnel carrier was the M3 Half Track series of vehicles, which were large enough to transport a fully armed squad of 12 troops and provide them with protection from small arms fire and shrapnel. Fast and extremely mobile, around 53,000 of these vehicles were built in several different combat configurations, proving to be one of the most useful armoured fighting vehicles of the war.



FTB (Fit The Box) Length 90mm

CS90633 Willys MB Jeep® SeeBees
One of the most famous military light utility vehicles ever produced, the 4 wheel drive Willys Jeep was in widespread Allied service from 1941 onwards and has been described as 'America's greatest single contribution to modern warfare' With 360,000 Willys MB vehicles produced, this fast and reliable off-road capable vehicle could be adapted to perform a huge variety of tasks and became a vital battlefield asset in almost every theatre of conflict. From reconnaissance and re-supply to casualty evacuation and officer transport, the Willys Jeep became a means of military mobility as important as the horse was during the Great War.





The backstory, livery, special features and statistics of every Vanguard are meticulously researched to bring the most accurate 1.43 scale replicas to the market.

Each Vanguard is secured to a removable display plinth and is presented in a high quality perspex display box. Every model includes a bespoke, individually numbered, limited edition certificate which details the fascinating history of the car concerned.

2020 is an extremely exciting year for the category, the range is bigger than it has been in Corgi's recent history with several of the new models being produced from entirely new tooling.



1:43

VA14300 Ford Escort Mk4 XR3i Diamond White

The XR3i modelled was originally purchased from Arrow Ford in Blackwood, Gwent, on December 15th 1987 and used regularly until 2000 when the then owner passed away. It was then put into storage but eventually re-commissioned and MOT tested by a new owner in Wales in 2006 who offered it for sale via the XR Owners Club in January 2012. It was then bought for £700 by current owner Rob Osborne, a vehicle detailer from Kent. Rob is the car's sixth owner but remarkably, unlike many XR3is, it hadn't been modified during its 132,000 miles so he's restored it to its original specification. Corgi scanned this example



SPECIFICATIONS

to produce our new MkIV Escort tool.

ENGINE: 1597cc IL4 SOHC POWER: 105bhp@6,000rpm TORQUE: 104lb.ft@4800rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 118mph 0-60mph: 9.6secs WEIGHT: 969.5kgs





1:43



VA11012 Ford Escort Mk3 XR3i Durham Constabulary

The XR3i modelled was based at Darlington Police Station from 1983 under the call sign M10D, or more usually 'Mike 10' It was used by 'Traffic' and was one of two XR3is employed by the Constabulary in this role during that period with the other, A277 BJR, being based at Peterlee; both were later replaced by Astra GTEs. The XR3i was an ideal urban traffic car because it was relatively small and nimble but genuinely fast enough to carry out all the tasks demanded by this role. It was thus a formidable weapon in the fight against car crime although, ironically, XR3is were one of the most commonly stolen cars of that era...



ENGINE: 1597cc 4IL SOHC POWER: 105bhp@6000rpm TORQUE: 101lb.ft@4800rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 116mph 0-60mph: 8.6se WEIGHT: 2,040lbs





1:43

VA11013 Ford Escort Mk3 R\$1600i Graphite Grey

The 1600i modelled was purchased new by Mr C. Finch from his local Ford dealer, Spruce Howlett & Co Ltd, Norwich. He kept it until July 1984 and thereafter it remained in Norfolk, initially in Great Yarmouth. It was purchased in January 1990 by a Mr M. Jarvis, at which point it had

covered just over 30,000 miles. Mr Jarvis ran a car body shop and although the car had, unusually, escaped being modified, he was unhappy with the paint finish so, in 1998, he totally stripped and repainted it to make it absolutely perfect. He cherished this rare RS, and kept it until 2014, by which time it had covered 51,000 miles.



SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 1596cc 4IL SOHC POWER: 115bhp@6000rpm TORQUE: 109lb.ft@5250rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 116mph 0-60mph: 8.7secs WEIGHT: 2,027lbs





RS00001 Ford Escort RS Collection Ford's RS Escorts. Four Decades of Success

Since 1970, the RS badge has adorned the ultimate fast Fords, cars that have won in motor sport the world over and created an enduring legend of success that proved the old adage, win on Sunday sell on Monday. RS was first seen on the 1968 Ford Taunus 15M Rallye Sport, a front-wheel-drive 2-door saloon or coupé with a 90bhp 1699cc V4. However, the legend really began in 1970 when the Capri RS2600 and Escort RS1600 were launched; both won, prodigiously, and cemented RS in the public consciousness as Ford's glamorous symbol of speed and success. Here we celebrate four generations of RS Escort, the cars with which the magic initials, RS, became synonymous.

This collection will be housed in special presentation packaging

LIMITED

Ford Escort Mk1 RS1600 Le Mans Green Length 95mm

The RS1600 was the first RS Escort but the story started when Ford motorsport engineer Bill Meade, seeing an Escort prototype, said to team manager Henry Taylor, "Blimey, one of those things wouldn't half go with a twin-cam in it!" The resulting 1968 Escort Twin-Cam proved the car's potential but needed more power than the Lotus-sourced twin-cam could provide. Thus Ford's F1 partner Cosworth, at the behest of their legendary public relations mastermind Walter Hayes, developed a 4-valve twin-cam based on the Kent 1600 block; the Belt-Drive Series A, or BDA. Designed by Cosworth

employee Mike Hall, it gave the Escort the power it needed when fitted in the new RS1600 in 1970.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 1601cc 4IL 16V DOHC POWER: 120bhp@6500rpm TORQUE: 112Lb.ft@4000rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 114mph 0-60mph: 8.3secs WEIGHT: 1,902lbs



Ford Escort Mk2 RS Mexico Diamond White Length 95mm

The Mk2 RS Mexico was released on January 14th 1976 alongside the RS2000 with which it shared its rally-bred RS suspension and brake package. Both cars were built on the same production line at the Saarlouis plant in Germany but the Mexico used the 1.6-litre version of the same SOHC 'Pinto' engine found in the RS2000. The car modelled is a very early example made in January 1976 and was initially used by Ford's PR department for TV and magazine work. It appeared with journalist Richard Hudson-Evans in an item comparing the new Triumph TR7 to the RS Escort range on Thames TV's 'Drive In' programme, which was broadcast on May 18th 1976.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 1593cc 4IL SOHC POWER: 95bhp@5750 TORQUE: 921b.ft@4000rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 107mph 0-60mph: 10.5secs WEIGHT: 902kgs



Ford Escort Mk3 RS1600i Caspian Blue Length 96mm

The RS1600i was developed in Germany by Mike Kranefuss' team at Ford's Motorsport Division to homologate a competitive 1.6-litre car for Group A racing. This required 5000 examples to be built. Sales were so successful that 8659 were produced between late 1981 and summer 1983, many of which became racing cars. Although it only had 12bhp more than the substantially cheaper and more refined XR3i, it offered a huge amount of motor sport tuning potential because the engine

featured solid lifters, a high compression head and what Ford, wonderfully, called a 'hot cam' in their brochure. Unique front and rear spoilers improved the aerodynamics, while the suspension was lower, stiffer, and featured anti-dive geometry.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 1596cc 4IL SOHC POWER: 115bhp@6000rpm TORQUE: 109Lb.ft@5250rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 116mph **0-60mph:** 8.7secs **WEIGHT:** 2,027lbs



Ford Escort Mk4 RS Turbo Rosso Red Length 95mm

The RS Turbo was developed for Group A motorsport as one of competition manager Stuart Turner's three cars to return Ford to motorsport glory; the other two were the RS200 and Sierra Cosworth. Launched in 1984 it was successful on track but it also sold strongly and boosted the image of the whole Escort Mk3 range. It was the first car to feature Ferguson Development's clever viscous-coupling limited-slip differential as standard and this

helped it to handle far better than any previous powerful front-wheel-drive car. When the Mk3 Escort was revised to create the Mk4 in 1986 the Turbo became a mainstream model and acquired a softer character, whilst retaining the original's electrifying pace.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 1596cc 4IL SOHC POWER: 132bhp@6000rpm TORQUE: 133Lb.ft@4000rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 124mph 0-60mph: 9.2secs WEIGHT: 2,247lbs





1:43 Length 94mm

LIMITED

VA09525 Ford Escort Mk1 1300E Sahara Beige

The 1300E modelled is one of the later Series 2 cars, built entirely at Halewood on Merseyside, and is considered one of the most original and best preserved examples in the UK. It was initially sold on June 19th 1974 by Ford dealer G. W. Johns, Chiswick, West London, to Mrs D.L. Hawkins of East Ewell. Surrey, who specified one extra, a Motorola AM radio costing £45. Her family retained the car until June 1984, at which time it had covered only 21,603 miles and was still wearing its original tyres! Second owner Robert Watt, from Walton-on-Thames, Surrey, used it sparingly and looked after it for 27 years before selling it in 2011.

When third owner, Keith Bennett, purchased it the odometer was still showing only 36,241 miles and the car was still in very good condition. However, as one of the co-founders of the Escort 1300E Owners' Club, he had it resprayed in the original colour to make it perfect for exhibiting at shows, and it became well known among Escort aficionados. Current owner, Dorset-based Barry Connolly, an Escort enthusiast and collector, bought it in June 2017 from a dealer, Appreciating Classics of Norfolk, and is delighted with the car, which complements

the 4-door Sahara Beige Mk1 Escort XL he also owns. The car has still covered less than 43,000 miles, remains in excellent condition and is totally original except, thankfully, for some new tyres.



ENGINE: 1298cc 4IL OHV POWER: 72bhp@6000rpm TORQUE: 68lb.ft@4000rp MAXIMUM SPEED: 94mph 0-60mph: 13.1se 2-DOOR 1300ES PRODUCED: 6.768





1:43

VA12617 Ford Escort Mk2 1600 Sport Signal Orange

The Escort Sport was launched on March 4th 1975 along with the rest of the Mk2 range and was available as a 2 or 4-door saloon, both of which could be specified with an automatic gearbox. It sat above the GL but below the Ghia in the pricing hierarchy and featured a twin-choke Weber carburettor, high-lift camshaft, distinctive graphics, spotlights, sports wheels and a close-ratio gearbox. Although it rode 12mm lower than standard, it used a modified version of the standard suspension rather than the more specialised components used on the RS models. Power came from the 1.6-litre Kent Crossflow engine that had previously been seen in many Fords, including the Escort Mk1 Mexico.

The current owner of the car modelled, Steven Maclean from Aberdeenshire, bought it in 2016 after it had been totally restored by friend, neighbour, and fellow RS Club member Gary Bell in 2009. During this nut and bolt rebuild Gary modified the car extensively but retained the original 'narrow-arch' factory look, its distinctive 1600 Sport graphics, original paint colour and interior. The modifications included fitting a Vauxhall C20XE engine (a very popular

transplant in the Escort world), which is fuelled by throttle bodies, a close-ratio Ford type-9 gearbox, Bilstein suspension, uprated brakes and completely new black trim and carpets. The result is a car which looks standard but packs nearly 200bhp and, because the bodyshell is quite light, has fantastic performance.



ENGINE: 1598cc 4IL OHV POWER: 83bhp@5,500rpm TORQUE: 92lb.ft@4800rps MAXIMUM SPEED: 101mph 0-60mph: 11.1secs WEIGHT: 868kgs





1:43 Length 100mm

LIMITED

VA10317 Ford Cortina Mk3 2000E Black

The Cortina modelled was first registered on October 6th 1976 and still carries the Ford Special Vehicle Operations plate on its slam-panel announcing that it was a special order; black paint with a cloud grey interior. This is such a rare colour combination that the current owner believes it may have been unique. The first owner was an Essex-based printing company but, after being traded in, it was purchased from Tony Levoi Motors, Southend, Essex, when three years old by Warner Frederick J. Harvey, a local man. He used it until 1990, by which time it had only covered 59,000 miles, but after that date kept it stored in a dry garage until 2015.

Mr Harvey lightly customised it by fitting gold stickers showing his initials and crest above the door and boot locks, plus the words Special Edition on the rear wings and Black Lady on the front wings. Current owner Dorset-based Bruce McDermott, a long-standing Ford enthusiast, purchased it in 2017 because he was impressed by its excellent original condition; the rare interior was perfect and the car even still had

its optional Carrello front spot lights. He then restored the car's faded paint, taking it down to bare metal before respraying it, and was surprised and pleased to find it, unusually, needed no welding. The 2000E (E for Executive), was the most expensive and luxurious Mk3 Cortina and is thus highly prized by collectors today.



TORQUE: 122lb.ft@3500rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 106mpl

0-60mph: 10.2secs WEIGHT: 2.347lbs



VA11913 Ford Cortina Mk4 2.0 GL Diamond White

The Cortina modelled was purchased new from Forward Midland Limited, 289 Walsall Road, Perry Barr, Birmingham (whose invoice describes them as: 'Business Vehicle Consultants and Suppliers to Industry, Commerce and the Professions') on 20th September, 1978, by dairy manager Dennis Timms. He paid £3837.73 for it, of which £54.00 was for the optional vinyl roof and £12 was

1:43 Length 102mm

LIMITED

for the number plates. Dennis was a Ford enthusiast and the MkIV replaced a 1966 Mk1 Cortina Super he'd also bought new, and for which he'd part exchanged his 1958 Ford Prefect. He looked after the MKIV, keeping it in a dry garage and getting it serviced regularly so it was reliable and remained rust free.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 1993cc 4IL SOHC POWER: 98bhp@5200rpm TORQUE: 111lb.ft@3500rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 100mph 0-60mph: 11secs WEIGHT: 2,307lbs





1:43

Length 102mm LIMITED

VA11914 Ford Cortina Mk4 2.35 Signal Amber

The more sporting S specification Cortina was popular with customers who wanted the stiffer suspension and improved handling it offered. However, the vast majority of the nearly 3000 S specification cars built were the 4-cylinder 2.0S, as the 'Cologne' V6 engined 2.3-litre version tended to be ordered with an automatic gearbox in the more comfort-orientated Ghia specification. The 2.3S modelled,

which has a manual 4-speed gearbox, is therefore one of only 476 produced at Dagenham for the UK market, one of only two remaining and the only currently roadworthy example. Built in June 1978, and registered on July 3rd, it also features the extremely rare 'Orange Cadiz' upholstery instead of the more common grey.



ENGINE: 2294cc V6 OHV POWER: 107bhp@5000rpm TORQUE: 130lb.ft@3000rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 103mph 0-60mph: 12.2secs WEIGHT: 2,507lbs





1:43

Length 111mm



VA12414 Ford Granada Mk2 2.8i Ghia Nimbus Grey & Strato Silver

The Granada Mk2 range was announced in August 1977 and although it appeared to be an entirely new car it actually used basically the same platform and suspension as the Mk1 that had been in production since 1972. The style, however, was a neat pan-European sharp but understated and elegant design by Filippo Sapino, overseen by Ford of Europe Vice President of Design, Uwe Bahnsen,

which had a CD of 0.44. The free-revving 'Cologne' V6 engine was adopted in favour of the Mk1's 'Essex' V6 and fuel injection featured on more expensive versions. The range was huge from the launch and spanned a basic 65bhp taxi specification version to the luxurious 135bhp Ghia



ENGINE: 2792cc V6 OHV POWER: 160bhp@5700rpm TORQUE: 162lb.ft@4300 MAXIMUM SPEED: 117mph 0-60mph: 8.9secs WEIGHT: 3,009lbs





1:43

Length 87mm



VA03306 Ford 300E Thames Van Gates Ford Dealers

After the success of Ford's first European-designed monocoque bodyshell, the 1951 Consul/Zephyr, the company followed the same route with their next car, the smaller 100E, which came out in 1953. The following year it sired a van variant, the 300E, which remained in production until 1961. It was initially only offered as a 5cwt payload van, but a subsequent 7cwt version accounted for 57,618 of the 139,267 300Es produced; both offered 66-cubic-feet of load space. This example was first registered in Essex in 1961 and was restored by Frank G Gates Ltd in the late 1980s in the distinctive Purbeck Grey over Ambassador Blue livery they used from the 1920s to the 1960s.



ENGINE: 1172cc 4IL SV POWER: 36bhp@4,500rpm TORQUE: 46lb.ft@3000rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 70mph 0-60mph: 39secs WEIGHT: 1,676lbs









Length 101mm

LIMITED

VA13312 Ford Capri 2300GT Mk1

1969 Tour de France Automobile,

Jean-François Piot and José Behra, overall 6th

In 1968 Ford of Germany created a Motorsport Department in Cologne in an attempt to change their previously staid image. Managed by successful racing driver Jochen Neerpasch (who later founded BMW's M Division), and engineers Mike Kranefuss and Martin Braungart, the small team soon concentrated their efforts on the new Capri. Their first entry was an ambitious 3-car team for the Tour de France Auto, a ten day event which involved races, speed hill-climbs and long-distance rallying. Although two Capris retired, one with fuel injection problems and the other after an accident, the Piot and Behra Capri came a fantastic sixth overall, behind 4 Porsche 911s and a Chevrolet Corvette, and won its class





1:43

LIMITED

VA10014 Ford Sierra Sapphire RS Cosworth 4x4

The Cosworth modelled was one of a small batch bought by the Sussex Police in June 1993 and was stationed at their main Traffic base at Bexhill-on-Sea. It wore the Sussex Police's unique livery and was more popular with crews than the Rover 800s and Vauxhall Senators the Traffic Division also used. Although considered to be almost the perfect 'police package', Sussex did discover a problem with their Cosworths; when left ticking over, which often happens in policing, the catalyst would slowly fill up with oil and gradually,

over time, reduce the car's power. Sussex then SPECIFICATIONS communicated this to other forces who'd also been getting this problem and not worked out the cause. ENGINE: 1998cc 4IL 16V Turbo





1:43

Length 90mm

LIMITED

VA00132 Ford Anglia 105E Deluxe

Pompadour Blue & Shark Blue

The Anglia modelled was supplied new by W. Harold Perry Ltd, Ford dealers in Westcliffe-on-Sea, Essex, on June 1st 1960. The first owner, D. M. Smith Esq, paid £652, 2 shillings and 1 penny for the car which included the optional extras of whitewall tyres and a heater. Current owner James Gardner from Kendal, South Cumbria, acquired the car in 2012 from the Classic and Sportscar Centre, Malton, in Yorkshire. Although it was basically in very good restored condition, and showing a low mileage of only 39,000 which is believed genuine, James has had the engine rebuilt and fitted a replacement MacPherson strut on the offside front suspension because it was badly bent.





1:43

Length 85mm

LIMITED

VA12509 Ford Fiesta Mk1 'Festival' Prairie Yellow

The 'Fiesta Festival' was a Special Edition model, launched in 1980, which was based on either the 950cc or 1100cc models and featured prominent side-stripes and Festival badging on the tailgate. Dinkar Jhalera from Buckinghamshire purchased his Fiesta Festival new in October 1980 from Ford main dealers Godfrey Davies of Neasden, London, and has kept the car, which has now covered approximately 75,000 miles. He had it rust-proofed by Ziebart immediately after purchase and, as per the firm's warranty conditions, Zeibart steam cleaned and reapplied their antirust treatment every two years until their 10 year anti-corrosion guarantee expired. As a result the car has remained in very good original condition.





TC00004 Sporting Triumph collection

Post-war, Triumph had become moribund when, in 1945, their Coventry neighbour Standard purchased them to utilize their prewar reputation for fine sporting and luxury cars. Standard-Triumph, as they later became, launched the TR2 in 1953 to immediate sales and motorsport success. Subsequent TR models evolved until the last 'separate-chassis' TR6, was produced in 1976. The smaller 1962 Herald-based Spitfire emulated that success until production ceased in 1980, while the beautiful 1970 Stag was a car with the panache and performance needed to succeed in the luxury GT market. These models reflect the three families of sporting car emerging from Triumph's Canley factory during an era when the company were triumphant on road and track.

This collection will be housed in special presentation packaging

LIMITED

Triumph Spitfire Mk3 Damson, Brochure Car Length 84mm

The Spitfire modelled was featured in the 1970 model year 8-page colour brochure. In it an attractive young couple are seen in various poses with the car, which is parked in woodland surrounding a lake, or on one page, a racetrack. The Mk3 had been launched in early 1967 and featured a larger 1296cc engine and a raised front bumper, re-positioned in order to pass US bumper-height regulations. However, for 1970 a range of mainly cosmetic changes were made which, as the brochure exclaimed, included a "black-for-drama grille and windscreen surround" "flat-spoke steering wheel" and "new wide 4.5J rims" This brochure was only used for one year as the MkIV was launched in 1971.



Triumph TR6 Pi Royal Blue Length 92mm

The TR6 modelled is one of the first 250 made and so has 'Rostyle-look' wheel covers and the desirable 150bhp fuel injected engine. It was built on 27th January 1969 and despatched to Douglas Garage Limited, Northampton, on April 10th and registered there. However, the car's first owner lived in Greater London and it remained in that area with its first nine owners. The engine was run below the minimum oil level in 1983 and damaged so a USA specification carburettor-fed engine was fitted but the original engine remained with the car. The current owner, Northampton-based Steve Denton, bought it in July 2009 and initially started using it as it was in roadworthy condition.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 2498cc II.6 OHV POWER: 150bhp@5000rpm TORQUE: 164lb.ft@3000rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 119mph 0-60mph: 8.2secs WEIGHT: 2 473lbs



Triumph Stag Emerald Green Length 103mm

When announced in 1970 the Triumph Stag had everything, a mellifluous 3-litre V8 engine, film star looks by Italian styling legend Michelotti, a beautifully appointed cabin, hard or soft tops and a starring role in a James Bond film. Parent company British Leyland were troubled though, and the Stag entered the market with an engine issue which, although it was relatively easy to solve, led to it acquiring a reputation for overheating in both the UK and its target market, the USA. It was discontinued in 1977 after 25,939 had been produced. It has, however, come of age as a classic, and has both a very high survival rate and a thriving owners club.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 2997cc V8 SOHC POWER: 146bhp@5700rpm TORQUE: 167lb.ft@3500rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 116mph 0-60mph: 9.3secs WEIGHT: 1,274kgs





Length 92mm

VA14700 Triumph TR6 Damson

Triumph realised the Michelotti-styled 1961 TR4 body was looking dated by 1967, however, it just needed restyling to remain competitive. It had received a new IRS chassis in 1965 to become the TR4A, and in 1967 Triumph had slotted in their smooth 2.5-litre 6-cylinder engine to create the TR5. With Michelotti too busy, West German coachbuilders Karmann were tasked with modernising it and the resulting 1969 TR6, which featured new panels front and rear on the TR5 base, was immediately successful. The TR6 remained in production until July 1976 and 91,850 examples of the last separate-chassis TR were built, making it the most numerous of a family started by the TR2 in 1953.

The TR6 modelled was first registered in London in September 1973 and was extensively restored between 1986 and 1988 by then owner, Robert Cleveland, who kept the car until 1999. It was then sold to sixth owner Robert Russell who used it for just over a year before putting it into dry storage until 2012. Current owner, Kent-based Jon Bell, purchased it in June 2012 from specialist TRGB, Somersham, Huntingdon, when it had covered just over 73,000 miles. He immediately commenced recommissioning the car, rebuilding the brakes,

fuel injection and numerous other components, but didn't need to paint it as that had survived well. He enjoys using the car regularly and took it on a trouble-free journey to Le Mans in 2017.



ENGINE: 2498cc IL6 OHV POWER: 150bhp@5000rpm TORQUE: 164lb.ft@3000rpr MAXIMUM SPEED: 119mph 0-60mph: 8.2secs WEIGHT: 2,473lbs





1:43 Length 101mm

LIMITED

VA10112 Triumph Stag Mk2 Sapphire Blue

The Stag modelled was purchased from BL Dealers F.W. Warwick and Son, Petersfield, Hampshire, on June 12th 1974, by David Ford, from Hayling Island. It cost £3146.56, including a £41.45 laminated windscreen and a whopping £292.98 for a Radio-Mobile 108SR cartridge 8-track player. He had major engine repairs carried out on the car in 1980, which resulted in a court case with the garage concerned; correspondence in which Ford stated "car worse than before" has remained with the car. Stag specialist Clive Tate did a full engine rebuild in 1990, after it had blown up while Ford was holidaying in Wales. He obviously loved the car though, as he kept it until July 2011.

David Ford had the body restored in 1994 at a cost of £4300, and second owner, Peter Harper, carried out more restoration work including having the seats retrimmed in the original shadow blue Ambla vinyl, a new blue hood, and new stainless steel bumpers. However, he only kept it 18 months before current custodians, Cambridgeshire-based David Currington and Helen Field, purchased it in December 2012. It's now covered just over 90,000 miles and, having been well looked after, is a very good but usable example. David and Helen have had the hard-top resprayed and the manual-overdrive gearbox rebuilt after reverse gear sheared off. They are enthusiastic members of the Stag Owners Club,











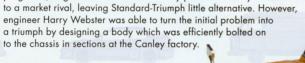
Length 89mm



VA07406 Triumph Herald 13/60 Convertible

Most initially expected the Herald to be phased out after Triumph's new front-wheel-drive 1300 saloon was launched in 1965, but it continued to sell well, partly because it was cheaper and partly because it had built up a loyal following. Thus Triumph gave it a facelift in 1967 and created the 13/60 (1300cc engine, 60bhp) using an over-bored version of the previous 1147cc 12/50 engine. Its styling was also substantially, but very economically, updated by use of the Vitesse bonnet-pressing with single instead of twin headlights. In this form the saloon remained in production

until replaced by the Toledo in 1970. However, the last convertible 13/60s, as modelled here, were built in September 1971. Triumph chose to make their new Herald using a separate chassis, which was seen by many as out of date technology when the car was launched in April 1959. However, it made sense for a small company like Standard-Triumph as a number of body styles could be produced on the same chassis much more simply than if it had been of a monocoque construction. It was also pragmatic, larger rivals BMC had recently purchased body builders Fisher and Ludlow and refused to supply bodies





POWER: 61bhp@5000rpm TORQUE: 73lb.ft@3000rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 84mp 0-60mph: 17.7secs WEIGHT: 1.876lbs





Length 102mm LIMITED

VA12107 SUBARU IMPREZA WRX STi Ver. II Pure Sports Sedan Sports Blue

The fantastic sales success off the first STi was a surprise to SUBARU, although in hindsight it's hard to see why. However, on 22nd August 1995, only nineteen months after the first generation had been announced, they launched the STi Version II to meet this demand. Unlike the first, it was built in SUBARU's main production facility at Yajima, solving the volume problems associated with hand building the original

in STi's smaller Mitaka plant. The V.II range included the limited edition IMPREZA 555, of which 500 'Sedans' and 100 'Wagons' would be built, with Sports Blue paint, a central roof-vent (sedan only), gold 16 inch Speedline Electra wheels and an optional dealer-applied sticker package.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 1994cc EJ20-Boxer Acam 16v POWER: 275PS@6500rpm TORQUE: 235lb.ft@4000rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 112mph 0-60mph: 5.1secs WEIGHT: 1.515kgs





Length 115mm

LIMITED

VA13904 Jaguar XJ6 (Series 2) 4.2 Thames Valley Police

From late summer 1974 the Thames Valley Police (TVP) XJ6 modelled was based at TVP HQ, Kidlington, or 'Traffic South' as it was known. This was also where TVP serviced their vehicles. It was one of a number of 4.2-litre Jaguars, all fitted with a manual/overdrive gearbox, used by TVP 'Traffic' for motorway work. They were very popular with the officers who crewed them and many considered them to be the best motorway car that the force ever used; their speed and general performance were outstanding. This particular car had an experimental Dayglo orange vinyl sticker on the boot lid, which gradually faded with frequent washing and was not fitted to TVP's other Jaguars.



ENGINE: 4235cc 6IL DOHC POWER: 170bhp@4500rpm TORQUE: 231lb.ft@3500rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 125mph 0-60mph: 8.9secs **WEIGHT: 3.808lbs**





1.43

Length 115mm LIMITED

VA13903 Daimler Double-Six Series 2 Vanden Plas Coral

Jaguar's sublime 1968 XJ6 Series 1 was always designed to accept the refined new 5.3-litre V12 the company had been developing for some years. When the XJ12 was finally revealed in 1972 it was the best and most refined car in the world, effortlessly powerful, supremely comfortable, and whisper quiet. The 1973 Series 2 built on that, improving the heating, ventilation and air conditioning, grouping the minor gauges in front of the driver, and altering

the switching so a number of functions were controlled by stalks rather than switches. The most obvious external change was the two-piece grille, split by a higher front bumper that was designed to meet new US minimum bumper-height regulations



TORQUE: 294lb.ft@3500rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 147mph 0-60mph: 7.8secs WEIGHT: 4.032lbs





VA13900 Daimler Double Six Series 2 Vanden Plas Caramel

The Daimler modelled was built in Jaguar's Coventry factory then shipped to Vanden Plas' Kingsbury Works in North West London (their home since 1923) to be trimmed. It was finished on December 3rd, 1973, and registered by dealers Drabble and Allen, Manchester, on March 11th, 1974, to first owner Grangewood Allan Co Ltd, London. Both the exterior and the exquisite hand-made Chamois coloured leather interior (one of three available colours, the others being Deep Olive and Tuscan) have survived well because the car has always been looked after. The current owner, Northampton-based Paul Somerscales, is the eighth and bought it in March 2018, at which point it had covered only 68,000 miles from new.



LIMITED

ENGINE: 5343cc V12 SOHC POWER: 285bhp@5750rpm TORQUE: 294lb.ft@3500rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 147mph 0-60mph: 7.8secs PRICE: £6,068

SPECIFICATIONS





1:43 Length 115mm

LIMITED

VA13901 Jaguar XJ6 Series 2 4.2-litre Avon & Somerset Constabulary

The 4-speed manual overdrive XJ6 modelled was based at the Avon & Somerset Constabulary's Motorway Traffic base at Almondsbury, just off the motorway intersection of the M5 and M4 near Bristol. It was only used for motorway work, on both the M4 and M5, and carried the requisite equipment for dealing with incidents, including a medical kit,

broken glass. It carried the call sign Tango Whiskey 1 and was one of a number of Jaguar XJ6s operated in this role as their power and high-speed stability made them ideal although officers also appreciated the comfort their sophisticated suspension provided.



ENGINE: 4235cc 6IL DOHC POWER: 170bhp@4500rpm TORQUE: 231lb.ft@3500rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 125mph 0-60mph: 8.9secs WEIGHT: 3808kgs





1:43

Length 115mm LIMITED

VA13902 Jaguar XJ12 Series 2 LWB Juniper Green

The XJ12 modelled was a well known Jaguar Public Relations car that featured in the 1977 Series 2 V12 brochure where it was shown with a raffish roll-neck wearing owner in front of a hot air balloon. The brochure states, 'You have a taste for excitement in life. Yet with a subtlety and refinement you appreciate through experience. We believe we can offer you a car which comes closer to your lifestyle than you ever thought possible'. It goes on to proclaim it is 'the pinnacle of luxury' and that is confirmed by contemporary car magazine group tests,

which the XJ12 continued to win with ease, even when competing with cars



SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 5343cc V12 SOHC POWER: 285bhp@5750rpm TORQUE: 294lb.ft@3500rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 147mph 0-60mph: 7.8secs WEIGHT: 40321bs



VAIIII8 Land Rover Series 1 80" Poppy Red

It became clear almost immediately after the Land-Rover's launch in 1948 that it could be used in a far greater number of roles than Rover had initially envisaged. The vehicle modelled is the first Land-Rover built for the fire service, and thus the first to leave the Solihull works painted red instead of green. It was actually the first of a batch of four dispatched in February 1949 to the

1:43

Derbyshire Fire Service, all of which were handed over to Derbyshire's Divisional Fire officer at the same time. They were among the last vehicles made using the R86 1948 model-year numbering sequence, before production of the subtly different 1949 model-year vehicles commenced.



ENGINE: 1595cc 4IL IOEV POWER: 50bhp@4000rpm TORQUE: 80lb.ft@2000rpm **LENGTH: 132" WIDTH: 61"** WEIGHT: 2,594lbs







VA14203 Lotus Esprit Series 1, Colin Chapman's car Silver Diamond Metallic

The Esprit modelled, the 278th made, came off the production line on July 18th 1977, having been built to test numerous planned modifications including a new heater, headlight system and dampers. It was road-registered in Colin Chapman's name on August 1st and he used it as his personal transport to evaluate these changes. However, one day he arrived at the Hethel factory with the car enveloped in steam, kicked its door shut and proclaimed, "I never want to see that car again" Vehicle Engineering then used it as a test bed for more Series II improvements, including the wrap-around front-spoiler (from which the Series II moulds were taken), Smiths instruments and Speedline alloy wheels.



SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 1973cc 4IL 16V DOHC POWER: 160bhp @ 6200rpm TORQUE: 140lb ft @ 4900rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 124mph 0-62mph: 6.8secs **WEIGHT: 1,980lb**





Val4500 Volkswagen Type 2 1500 SP Devon Caravette Pearl White and Velvet Green

The camper modelled was built in Hanover, Germany, in October 1966 to option codes M396 UK market RHD, and M543 no seating in load area. It was supplied directly to VW's official UK camper van builder, Devon Conversions, Sidmouth. Although Devon Conversions specialised in VW's, founder Jack White having started by converting his own VW in 1955,

1:43

LIMITED

Length 100mm

they did expand into producing campers using other base vehicles. The company moved to larger premises in 1960, a former gas plant called the Alexandria Works, which had its own rail link to get vehicles in and out efficiently, and by the mid 1960s were converting well over a 1000 vehicles per year.



SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 1493cc HO AC OHV SP POWER: 53bhp@4200rpm TORQUE: 78.1Lb.ft@2600rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 65mph WEIGHT: 2.447lbs LENGTH: 168.9"



Length 100mm

LIMITED

VA14501 Volkswagen Type 2 Camper 'RAT-Look Splitty'

The Rat-Rod or Rat-Look scene is a huge and growing part of classic car culture and air-cooled VWs have been central to its creation and popularity. RAT is an acronym for 'Recycled Automotive Transport' a perhaps ironic salute to the prevailing western culture, but RAT-Look vehicles are not what they appear. Mechanically they are often far better than they were when new. More powerful engines, better brakes and custom suspension are hidden under an exterior which has been carefully and expensively prepared

to look like it's been abandoned in the sun for decades. The finish is often preserved by a matt clear coat varnish, which stops the vehicle rusting and preserves that 'patina'



SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 1493cc HO AC OHV SP POWER: 53bhp@4200rpm TORQUE: 78.1Lb.ft@2600rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 65mph WEIGHT: 2,447lbs **LENGTH: 168.9**



Length 100mm LIMITED

VA14600 Volkswagen Type 2 Bay Window Devon "New Moonraker" Marino Yellow and Pastel White

The original Type 2 sold in far larger numbers, and eventually guises, than VW had originally envisaged when it was launched in 1950. Sensibly, they evolved this successful concept and launched the second generation Type 2 in late 1967. The new vehicle was larger, more powerful, more comfortable and more versatile, but retained the original's charm and its air-cooled rear-engined layout. It was almost immediately nicknamed

the 'Bay Window' because of its large wraparound windscreen and is now often known just as the 'Bay' The example modelled was first registered on May 3rd 1979 and immediately sent to Devon Conversions, the company who invented the word Caravanette, to be turned into a camper.



SPECIFICATIONS

FNGINE: 1584cc 4HO OHV POWER: 66bhp@4.800rpm TORQUE: 85Lb.ft@3400rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 68mph 0-60mph: 24secs MPG: 22 average



1:43

Length 100mm

LIMITED

VA14601 Volkswagen Type 2 Camper 'Bay-Rat'

RAT is an acronym for 'Recycled Automotive Transport' perhaps an ironic salute to prevailing western culture. However, although RAT-Look vehicles may look like they have lain abandoned for years, the very opposite is usually true; that look has often been achieved by putting in a great deal of effort, and money. The VW scene has led the way in creating RAT-Look vehicles that are, in themselves, works of art. Builders go to extremes, painting a vehicle with multiple coats which are then sanded back to different depths revealing

a patchwork quilt of feathered colours. Graphic designs are then carefully created over this patch work of paint colours then weathered to match the whole look.



ENGINE: 1584cc 4HO OHV POWER: 66bhp@4,800rpm TORQUE: 85lb.ft@3400rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 68mph 0-60mph: 24secs MPG: 22 average





1:43 Length 92mm VA13606 Volkswagen Golf Mk2 GTI Monza Blue

The Mk2 Golf was announced in 1983 and, whilst more refined, aerodynamic and capacious than the Mk1, was slightly larger and heavier. Volkswagen thus introduced the 16 valve version in late 1985 to address the perceived performance deficit of the Mk2 8 valve GTI to newer rivals such as the Peugeot 205GTi and Vauxhall Astra GTE. The car modelled was first registered on May 1st 1988 near Preston,

Lancashire, and is one of very few UK cars ordered in Monza Blue, a colour only available on 1987 and 1988 model year Golfs and which, surprisingly, wasn't that popular. That rarity, of course, means enthusiasts now actively seek out the few remaining

Monza Blue examples. LIMITED



ENGINE: 1781cc 4IL 16V DOHC POWER: 139bhp@6100RPM TORQUE: 123.5lb.ft@4,600rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 129mph 0-60mph: 7.9secs WEIGHT: 960kgs





1:43

LIMITED

VA01207 Volkswagen Beetle Coral Oval Rear Window Saloon

The Volkswagen Beetle entered the record books as the bestselling single-model car of all time on February 17th 1972 when production reached 15,007,034 units, eclipsing the Ford Model T. When production finally ceased on July 30th 2003, Volkswagen had produced a total 21,529,464 and it's unlikely this record will be eclipsed as cars now rarely remain in production longer than 10 years. It was developed by Ferdinand Porsche in the mid 1930s and was heavily influenced by the then modern design thinking about economy cars espoused by Hans

Ledwinka of Tatra and others. The result was a rear-engined air-cooled saloon which was rugged, simple and reliable in any sort of extreme weather conditions. Although the Volkswagen project was initiated in response to Adolf Hitler's desire

to motorise Nazi Germany's citizens, very few were produced before the newly built factory was turned over to producing a military version, the Kübelwagen, for use by the German Army during World War 2 After the war ended, various car makers, British and American, examined the Beetle and declared it to be of no commercial value. However, a British officer, Major Ivan Hirst, was given responsibility for the bomb shattered factory in Wolfsburg, saw a Beetle prototype and set about getting limited production going in order to supply transport for the occupying allied armies. From that acorn grew Volkswagen, literally meaning people's car; now one of the world's largest car manufacturers.





1:43

VA01208 Volkswagen Beetle Type 1 Export Saloon Horizon Blue

Although Volkswagen's legendary advertising campaign for the US market highlighted the fact that the Beetle did not change year-on-year, making it easier to source parts, it did develop over the years because of both market pressure and legislative changes The first obvious visual change was in 1953 when the vision-limiting 'split' rear-window

was replaced by a one-piece oval design, which lasted until August 1957 before being superseded by an even larger rear-window. The example modelled was one of the last 'oval' window cars, which was registered in London in June 1957. Current owner, Robin Allen from Hampshire, had it professionally refurbished in 1990 and it remains in excellent condition whilst retaining its original engine.



ENGINE: 1192cc 4-HO OHV POWER: 30bhp@3,700rpm TORQUE: 56lb.ft@2000rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 70mph 0-60mph: 28secs **WEIGHT: 1.720lbs**





VA08102 Volkswagen Type 2 Camper Sea Blue and Cumulus White

The history of the VW Type 2 starts with Dutch dealer Ben Pons, the first agent outside of Germany to sell VWs, who in 1947 drew sketch of a Lieferwagen (light delivery van) that he saw a market for in Holland. VW's engineers worked on the concept and displayed the first vans in 1949. Great attention was given

1:43 Length 100mm

LIMITED

to the aerodynamics because of the engine's low power and, using the wind tunnel at the technical University in Braunschweig engineers lowered the original prototype's drag coefficient of 0.75 to 0.48 by introducing the V-shaped front. Production commenced in 1950 and other variants such as pick-ups, campers and buses were soon available. The 'split-window' was produced until 1967, by which time 1,477,330 had been made.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 1493cc HO OHV AC POWER: 53bhp@4200rpm **UNLADEN WEIGHT:: 2,447lbs** MAXIMUM SPEED: 65mph WHEELBASE: 94.5" LENGTH: 168 9"





LIMITED

The RAF Police used Minis for many years to patrol the perimeter of airfields, varying their route and timetable to keep their movements unpredictable while maintaining close radio contact with controllers. The Mini's long service career in this role spanned from shortly after its launch in 1959 until the early 1980s, and they were known as LMVs, or Light Military Vehicles, by the RAF Mechanical Transport Division. Minis were ordered in RAF blue directly from BMC, although from the early 1970s Minis used in this role were painted Olive Drab green with a yellow stripe. The RAF Mini Club, custodians of the Mini's RAF history, was invaluable while researching this model's livery.

VA01318 Austin Mini 850, RAF Police

SPECIFICATIONS ENGINE: 848cc 4IL OHV POWER: 34bhp@5500rpm TORQUE: 44lb.ft@2900rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 72mp 0-60mph: 27.1 secs **WEIGHT:** 1,380lb:



1:43

LIMITED

VA01319 Austin Mini 850, RAF Station Commander

RAF stations are often very large plots of land, and to get around the Station Commander used a Mini, which was ideal for the role being nippy, reliable, easy to park and economical to both buy and run. It was distinguishable by the blue and red flag on the bonnet as other black Minis were used for general transport roles around RAF facilities. Many racetracks, most noticeably Silverstone and Goodwood, originated as airfield perimeter tracks and it wasn't unusual for even quite senior officers to use these Minis to perform a quick 'handling test' on the perimeter track; it was a more carefree era than today's health and safety dominated world.





1:43

Length 77mm LIMITED

VA01427 Morris Mini Van, The Red Arrows

The Mini Van was used by the UK military in a huge variety of transportation roles and, being economical, reliable and surprisingly capacious, was ideal for use on large RAF airfields where its lack of ground clearance wasn't an issue. The example modelled was used by the Royal Air Force Aerobatic Team, 'The Red Arrows', in a general transportation role in the early 1970s when the legendary display team were based at RAF Kemble, Gloucestershire, their home between 1966 and 1983. At this time they were still flying the Folland Gnat, which they used from being formed in 1965 until it was replaced in 1980 by the BAE Hawk they still use today.





1:43

Length 101mm LIMITED

VA13508 Mini 1275GT Black Tulip

The 1275GT modelled was built at Longbridge on January 22nd 1973 and delivered to Kennings Norwich, Norfolk on the 26th. It was purchased by John A. W. Barnham of Walsingham, Norfolk, on February 1st 1973 and he used the car for many years, completing around 79,000 miles before putting it into storage. The current owner, Aberdeen-based Derek Bain, bought it in September 2016, unseen, as a restoration project from the original owner's grandson after seeing an internet advert. He knew from photographs that it was very rusty but, even so, when it was delivered to him he was dismayed to have





1:43 Length 86mm

LIMITED

VA11209 A40 Farina Mk1 'Alf' 1960 Monte Carlo Rally,

Winner⁻ Coupe des Dames, Pat Moss & Ann Wisdom Pat Moss and Ann Wisdom's winning of the Coupe des Dames or 'Ladies Prize', on the 1959 Monte Carlo Rally had been well publicised and BMC thus entered the pair in the 1960 Monte, always the season opening event in January, driving a similar A40. The little 1-litre A40 was one of Pat's favourite cars because it handled well, was the right size for rallying, responded well to tuning and the driving position suited her stature. BMC Competitions Department at Abingdon, where both Pat and 'Wiz' were very popular with the mechanics, built a new example for this event, 947 AOF, which Pat, who nearly always named her cars, immediately christened 'Alf'





1:43

LIMITED

VA02539 Mini Cooper S Mk1 Tartan Red & Black

The Cooper S modelled appears on the cover of the book, 'Original Mini Cooper and Cooper S. The Restorer's Guide. by John Parnell; a volume regarded as essential by both professional restorers and enthusiasts alike. It was restored to a very high standard in 1988/89 by Mini expert Nick Rogers, proprietor of specialist Minibitz (now renamed Min-e-Bitz) who used as many new-old-stock BMC parts as he could find including a super-rare Mk1 heated-rear-window, as he intended to keep the car. When Nick purchased the car it had been dismantled, somewhat unsympathetically, and damaged as a result, but he was careful to restore to as original a specification



Length 72mm

LIMITED

VA02540 Austin Mini Cooper S Durham Constabulary

The Cooper S modelled was a Durham Constabulary Traffic Car and was usually operated by a female crew of two. It was one of several Mini Cooper S vehicles on their fleet, as period photographs prove, but the car itself no longer exists. Mini Coopers were popular traffic cars in the North East as their size and spritely performance made them very agile in both the urban and countryside topography that makes up County Durham. Their front-wheel-drive configuration also provided good traction in harsh winter conditions on the North East's hills. They were rarely used for dual carriageway or motorway work though as Durham Traffic Police used more powerful Jaguar

Mk2s in this role. SPECIFICATIONS ENGINE: 1275cc 4-IL OHV POWER: 76bhp@5800rpm TORQUE: 79lb.ft@3000rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 10.9secs 0-60mph: 97mph WEIGHT: 1,440lbs

VA13506 Austin Morris Mini Clubman 1100

The Clubman was given an 1100cc engine in October 1975 to help

differentiate it in the market from Minis with the more traditional nose.

Further improvement came from a new refinement package consisting

of improved subframe mountings, revised springs and dampers plus

extra sound deadening. This, along with bright metallic colours, kept

the Clubman competitive until the Metro arrived in 1980. The example modelled was built on May 5th 1978 in Longbridge and sold by

Reynard Metallic



1:43

Length 72mm

LIMITED

VA01317 Austin Se7en Deluxe, Vanden Plas 'Mini

Lord Austin's daughter Irene Austin, Princess Blue-Grey Meta The Austin Seven modelled was built at Longbridge on April 11th 196 as a special order for Irene Waite, née Austin, eldest daughter of Lo Herbert Austin. It was fitted with a fresh-air heater, which at that time was for export market orders only. On April 28th it was sent to another section of the BMC empire, coachbuilder Vanden Plas in Kingsbury be painted metallic blue over the original white, trimmed in VM3230 grey hide and Evlan Birstall VDP C2 grey carpet. This was done to match the Vanden Plas Princess IV DS7 A135 Limousine owned by Irene's husband, Arthur Waite, a BMC director who'd

SPECIFICATIONS





VA14005 Vauxhall Carlton 2.6Li

West Mercia Constabulary

Vauxhall's UK Special Vehicle Operations department in Worcester created this Mk2 Carlton demonstrator for Police forces to test in 2.6form. It was used on active duty with the distinctive 'Tiger-Stripe' liver West Mercia Constabulary in the early 1990s and remained on the even when it served evaluation duties with other forces.



1:43 Length 104mn LIMITED









1:43

Length 100mm

LIMITED

1:43

Length 72mm

LIMITED

VA09809 Vauxhall Cavalier Mk2 SRi 130 Platinum

Vauxhall got ahead of Ford by launching their fresh new front-wheeldrive 'J-car' as it was known internally, in Autumn 1981 when Ford's new Sierra was still almost a year away. It was an immediate sales hit, being handsome, robust, reliable and great to drive. Vauxhall pulled the rug from under Ford again by announcing the injected 1.8-litre SRi in 1982 and suddenly every sales rep Europe wide had a new purpose in life, to own an SRi. Its lightweight but strong and discreetly aerodynamic bodyshell made the best use of the new engine's power and allowed this genuinely rapid saloon to be fairly economical while alloy wheels, spoilers, graphics and bucket-seats provided





1:43

VA05408 Morris Oxford Series V Deep Pink

The British Motor Corporation was created in 1952 by the merger of long time competitors Austin and Morris leaving many towns with competing dealers franchised to sell only two or three of their now six marques. Chairman, Leonard Lord, devised the concept of 'badge-engineering' the 1959 1.5-litre Farina styled Austin A55 Mk2 Cambridge into five different versions (Austin Cambridge A55 MK2, Morris Oxford Series V, Wolseley 15/60, MG Magnette Mk3 and Riley 4/68) so every dealer had a vehicle to sell to their often brand-loyal customers. The whole range was updated and restyled in late 1961 and remained in production until 1971 by which time over a million of all types had been produced







The Minor modelled was completely rebuilt in 2005 by well known Morris Minor specialist Charles Ware of Bristol for its then owner. It has been owned since January 2016 by its seventh custodian, Kent based enthusiast Steph King, who purchased it from well-known dealer Garry Shortt of Classic Chrome Ltd. She named the car Mabel after her Great Aunt and uses it regularly. Whilst being restored it was fitted with a 1275cc version of the original 1098cc BMC A-Series, engine connected to a Ford Type-9 5-speed gearbox and uprated brakes. The resulting car has retained the Minor's original character but with significantly improved performance, making it more suitable for modern traffic conditions.

VA07105 Morris Minor Convertible Maroon 'B'

SPECIFICATIONS





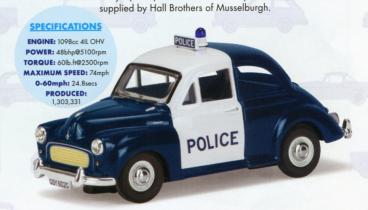
1:43

Length 87mm

LIMITED

VA05809 Morris Minor The Lothians & Peebles Constabulary Extensive government research into policing procedures led to 'Unit

Beat Policing' (UBP) being rolled out across the UK during the late 1960s. Conceptually this was a big change as police officers, who had previously walked a 'beat' over a given time period, now drove between different areas walking for a while before driving to the next. This led to the introduction of the 'Panda Car' so named because it featured white panels on a blue car. These were usually small, economical cars such as the Minor. The example modelled was one of The Lothians and Peebles Constabulary's (L&PC) initial batch of twenty UBP cars, all Minors,





1:43 Length 87mm

LIMITED

VA05810 Morris Minor 1000 Turquoise

The Morris Minor had a remarkably long production life from 1948 until 1971 and was a great step forward in handling and comfort. It was the first complete car designed by the legendary Alec Issigonis (knighted in 1969) to enter production. Over the years it was available in at least 38 different colours, but this car's 'Turquoise BU6' is rare because it was only offered between 1956 and 1959. This car was purchased by Mr Marchbank in 1985. He started a restoration that included replacing rusty panels and reconditioning the engine but the car remained dismantled in his garage until January 2009 when a new owner took on the project and completed the rebuild in August 2010. The car was sold by South Western Vehicle Auctions in June 2017 to Morris Minor specialist Steve Loder who's done further restoration work on it





1:43

Length 100mi

LIMITED

VA06310 Morris Marina 1.8 TC 'Jubilee' Citron

Morris Motors was founded in Cowley, Oxford, in 1913 when bicycle manufacturer William Morris launched his first car, the Oxford 'Bullnose' In order to celebrate their Diamond Jubilee, Morris produced a special edition Marina 1.8 TC 4-door costing £1,500, which was £362 more than a standard TC. One was supplied to every BL dealer in the UK for the M registration of 1st August 1973. All were in a new colour, 'Citron' and featured a black vinyl-roof, black door-mirrors, dual-layer black pinstripe, navy blue cloth seats, Sundym glass, front fog lights, citron-trimmed grille, side repeaters, and 'Jubilee' wing badges. The Marina Owners Club

believes only 5 roadworthy examples of the 2000 **SPECIFICATIONS** produced remain.





1:43

Length 118mm



VA09013 Rover SD1 Vitesse Grampian Police

With supercar looks and V8 muscle the SD1 is many people's favourite police car. Probably the most famous police SD1 is C356 YST, the car restored in 2014 for the C4 TV programme 'For The Love of Cars', by Ant Anstead working with SD1 specialists Robsport International. It is now owned and exhibited by the Grampian Transport Museum and arrived there on January 10th, 2015. Early 1980s Aberdeen was rich with oil-money and local dealer, John Clark Specialist Cars, sold many rapid Audis and BMWs which owners 'tested' on the Stonehaven bypass after it opened in 1984. Grampian Police needed to deal with this and commissioned a police specification Vitesse 5-speed manual that sat slightly higher to aid pursuits over obstructions. It entered service on December 10th, 1985, immediately becoming an urbanlegend and object of fear among local supercar owners, and served





1:43

Length 84mm

LIMITED

VA06713 Triumph Spitfire Mk3 Saffron

Having bucked the car industry's trend towards monocoque construction with their Herald in 1959, creating a small sports car based on its components was a simple and cost effective way for Standard Triumph to earn American dollars with a cheaper companion to their larger 1961 2-litre TR4. The first prototype was produced by Italian stylist, Giovanni Michelotti, at his workshop in Turin in autumn 1960, and was actually built by cutting down a Triumph Herald although the production versions used a bespoke chassis design. The Spitfire was announced at the 1962 Earls Court Motor Show and would go on, through four distinct









1:43 Length 93mm

LIMITED

VA10710 MGB 1966 Marathon de la Route, Outright Winner, Hedges & Vernaeve

After the Spa-Sofia-Liege rally ended in 1964 due to safety concerns about racing on public roads the event moved to the Nürburgring. The resulting non-stop 84-hour regularity rally was perfect for the robust reliable MGB; meticulously prepared by BMC's Abingdonbased Competitions Department. Two MGBs entered and both crashed badly on the same corner in the opening laps, their drivers caught out by loose-chippings. However, both were nursed to the pits where the ingenuity of Den Green's team of mechanics got them back on track. The more exotic cars gradually failed leaving the metronomic MGs first and second at 72 hours. The Poole/Enever car broke a halfshaft in hour-79 but GRX 307D continued to victory.





1:43

Length 91mm

LIMITED

VA13005 MGB V8 "Don Hayter's Car", Brooklands Green

Don Hayter is often described as the father of the MGB and was closely involved with its styling and development after joining the MG design office in February 1956 following a similar role at Aston Martin. He rose to become MG's Chief Engineer, and kept the MGB one step ahead of the ever-changing safety legislation in the seventies, while making a profit for BMC/BL at a time when many other divisions didn't. When MG's Abingdon factory closed in 1980 he sold himself an unused 'development' bodyshell (for £939.55) and 3.5-litre V8 engine, then built himself the only factory-made MGB V8 roadster (factory V8s were all GTs), the last MGB to leave Abingdon.





VA10409 Hillman Avenger 1.6DL

'Sunseeker' Special Edition, Orange Blossom

Hillman launched the DeLuxe 2 and 4-door Sunseeker editions using the phrase, 'The Special Avengers for '74' It was only offered in two shades of orange, the lighter 'Orange Blossom' on the 4-door and a darker shade called 'Apricot' on the 2-door. Both featured three quarter white vinyl roofs, sports wheels, uniquely patterned black upholstery on reclining seats, coachline, reversing lights, side repeater flashers, as 'lush carpeting' Even the water temperature gauge was trumpeted





1:43

Length 100mm

LIMITED

VA12906 Audi quattro Sable Brown Metallic

The quattro modelled was first registered in August, 1984, is one of only fourteen right-hand-drive examples in this colour and was specified, unusually, with tan leather upholstery. During its UK life it covered around 130,000 miles and had fifteen owners but was looked after carefully by each one and had an extensive service history; quattro owners tend to be enthusiasts who care for their car. The last UK owner, Gary West, an engineer who works restoring vehicles at the Haynes International Museum in Sparkford, Somerset, bought it from a classic car dealer in Bristol. After his tenure, because of its unusual and desirable colour, it was bought by a private collector in Malaysia. The first owner drove over an obstruction when the car was relatively new and ripped off an oil pipe, damaging the engine, which was rebuilt by Audi Sport.





Length 100mm LIMITED

VA13404 BMW (E30) 323i Platanen Grün

The 323i modelled was purchased new from main dealer Cronk BMW, Redhill, Surrey in August 1985 by a lady who specified the unusual colour combination of BMW Plane Tree Green with green fabric 'comfort-seats' and carpet. She also specified a Pioneer radio/cassette, four electric windows, an electric sunroof, an automatic gearbox and a boot spoiler, but didn't order alloy wheels. She covered around 44,000 miles in just over three years and it was then taken over by her nephew who drove it approximately 5,000 miles before standing it up, initially in a garage. Sadly, by 2008 it was being stored outside behind his business premises near Gatwick Airport, where it remained for two years.

It was rescued in 2010 by Warwickshire-based enthusiast James Coleman. Charmed by its low mileage and unusual specification he recommissioned the car, rebuilding the brakes, suspension and cylinder head, as the head gasket appeared to be leaking. Once all the mechanical work was done he did the small

amount of welding it needed for an MOT and had the bottom half resprayed in the original colour. However, once he started to use the car the automatic gearbox which he had only serviced, failed and was rebuilt by local company Topp Gear Transmissions. The car was then exhibited at the NEC Classic Car Show and was much admired as unmodified 'chrome bumper' Series 1 E30s, which were only made between 1982 and 1987, are rare.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE: 2315cc 6IL OHC POWER: 139bhp@5300rpm TORQUE: 151lb.ft@4000rpm MAXIMUM SPEED: 124mph 0-60mph: 8.1secs WEIGHT: 2.381kgs





1:43

Length 92mm

LIMITED

VA13605 Volkswagen Golf Mk2 GTI Alpine White

Early 8-valve MK2 GTIs are now very rare, especially in excellent unrestored condition like the example modelled. It has been owned by Yorkshire-based Michael Burke since he bought it from dealers Cheshire Sport Classics in late 2012 when it had covered just 33,000 miles.

Remarkably he is only the car's third owner. It was originally purchased in August 1984 by Mr P Handy from his local VW dealers, Kensworth Garage Ltd, which was based in a building called 'The Foreign Office' in Dunstable. Second owner, London-based Sevan Alticosalian, acquired the car in September 2008 and continued to service it regularly whilst doing a modest mileage. As a result the car is remarkably original.





1:43

Length 88mm

LIMITED

VA05808 Morris Minor 1000 Highway Yellow

The Morris Minor was launched at the 1948 London Motor Show, Britain's first since the cessation of hostilities, alongside another legend the Jaguar XK120. In its original form it used a 918cc sidevalve engine and its headlights were mounted low in the grille. Foreign market legislation forced the lights up into pods on the wings in 1951 and then, when Morris Motors merged with Austin in 1952 to create BMC, the Minor received the Austin-designed 803cc A-Series engine. This was updated to create the 'single screen' Minor 1000 in 1956. The Minor was Alec Issigonis' first complete car design and possessed extremely surefooted handling which was many years ahead





Length 72mm

LIMITED

VA02538 Austin Mini Mk1 Cooper S Surf Blue

When launched in 1959, designer Alec Issigonis' Mini revolutionised the automotive industry by pioneering the mass production of front-wheeldrive transverse-engine cars. Then Formula 1 World Champion team owner John Cooper, a friend of Issigonis, immediately saw its nimble handling as an opportunity to create a powerful competition car and, after building a prototype, persuaded BMC's bosses to produce it. It was launched in 1961, started winning races and rallies immediately, and became the cool must have car of the 1960s, selling in much larger numbers than initially envisaged. The Cooper S added more power and the example modelled here was a BMC press car tested, with





1:43

Length 108mm

LIMITED

VA06519 Rover P6 3500 VIP Brasilia

In October 1963 Rover announced their compact 2000 model, often known colloquially by its codename P6. It was an all-new design featuring a unit-construction base skeleton covered by bolt-on body panels, independent front suspension using horizontal coil springs, de Dion rear suspension and four-wheel disc brakes, giving it class-leading dynamics. Its radical exterior and interior styling was by David Bache and its pioneering passenger safety-cell contributed to it becoming the first ever 'European Car of The Year' in 1964. Rover's General-Motors derived all-aluminium V8 was offered as a more powerful option in April 1968, finally giving the P6 the power its chassis had always warranted.



RIGINALOMNIBUS



Bright and beautiful liveries galore, the 2020 Original Omnibus range really is something to behold. Scaled at 1.76, the collection is perfect for bus enthusiasts, '00' gauge model railway collectors and equally anyone with an interest in the liveries the buses carry.

Each high quality, die-cast model is secured to a removable presentation plinth and comes in a high quality perspex display case.



Every livery and route are meticulously researched to ensure the most accurate replica possible is produced

Every Original Omnibus model is part of a strictly limited production run and the vast majority come with a choice of two route numbers. All models are provided with a bespoke, individually numbered limited edition certificate detailing the history of the vehicle.





Length 142mm

LIMITED

OM46513 Wright Eclipse Gemini 2

Harry Potter Warner Bros. Studio Shuttle Bus

Up to 6,000 visitors a day visit the studios and a shuttle bus, operated by Mullany's Buses, runs from Watford Junction station to the Studio Tour, with a journey time of around 15 minutes. This model, BD12 TFX, with its distinctive Harry Potter Studio Tour graphic wrap, represents one of two Wright Eclipse Gemini 2 buses that were operated on the route by Mullany's.









1:72

Length 142mm



OM46516A/B Wright Eclipse Gemini 2 Brighton & Hove Bus and Coach Company, BK13 OAU, 'The Snowman', dual destination

As an operator, Brighton & Hove Bus and Coach Company can trace its lineage back to the formation of the Brighton, Hove & Preston United Bus Company on 12 September 1884, but it was 1903 before the BH&PÚ began operating motor buses, in the process allegedly incurring the wrath of local shopkeepers as mud splattered up from the wheels onto shop fronts and they were subjected to exhaust fumes and vibrations. The takeover, in 1915, of the BH&PU by the aggressively expanding Thomas Tilling concern was to pave the way for the formation of the Brighton, Hove & District Omnibus Company Ltd on 26 November 1935 and over the next thirteen years the BH&D enjoyed a healthy period of prosperity until, in 1948, Tilling sold out to the British Transport Commission, a result of the Government's post-war transportation nationalisation programme which, in turn, became the Transport Holding Company on 1 January 1963. In 1967, British Electric Traction sold its private bus operations to the THC, creating a state monopoly controlling 90% of bus operations in England and Wales and so the Transport Act of 1968 merged the BET and THC operations into the National Bus Company on 1 January 1969. This effectively merged the Southdown and BH&D operations and with Southdown being the bigger, more dominant concern, it did not take long for the BH&D to become a dormant company, a situation that prevailed until privatisation in 1985 and the re-emergence of the BH&D as Brighton & Hove.

BK13 OAU, a Wright Eclipse Gemini 2, entered service with Brighton & Hove on 27 June 2013, named as Sir Arthur Pearson and working on Route 5. In November 2017, to mark Chestnut Tree Hospice's forthcoming tenth annual Snowman Spectacular Fundraising Ball, the bus was given a special 'Snowman'





1:76 Length 150mm

LIMITED

OM46623 New Routemaster London United, LTZ 1148, Route 10, Kings Cross, Coca-Cola®

Derived from the former London United Tramways, operator of trams and trolleybuses in west and south west London, London United commenced operating on 1 April 1989 as one of the twelve operating subsidiaries of London Buses, prior to privatisation. In 2009 Transdev were in negotiations to merge with Veolia Transport and as part of the resulting agreement it was agreed that the RATP Group, a minority shareholder in Transdev, would take over some of Transdev's operations, resulting in London United transferring to the RATP Group. Route 10 commenced operations on August 13, 1988, just prior to the formation of London United, replacing the old Route 73 and operating between Kings Cross and Hammersmith. Between February 2003 and January 2010 Route 10 was operated by First London but then reverted to Transdev/London United operation until November 23, 2018, when as part of a programme reducing the number of bus routes traversing Oxford Street, route 10 ceased running.

LTZ 1148 carries Fleet No. LT148 in the RATP Group's London United bus company fleet, joining from first registration on February 1, 2014 and operating from Stamford Brook Garage once the Wrightbus new Routemasters were introduced to the route on April 26, 2014. LTZ 1148 operated over Route 10 until the TfL rerouting to serve Russell Square station on June 25, 2016, at which time the vehicle was switched to Route 9





1:72

Length 150mm

LIMITED

OM46624A/B New Routemaster Arriva London, LTZ 1192, 'Release the Kraken', dual destination

First introduced in 1912 to connect Victoria with Leyton Green, Route 38 now runs between Victoria and Clapton Pond and is London's most frequent bus service, with a bus running every sixty seconds during the morning peak period. Originally operated from Leyton Garage, the 38 weathered the changes forced upon London's bus routes during the First World War and even retained its route numbering through both the introduction of The London Traffic Act in 1924 and the changes brought about by the London Passenger Transport Board in 1934. Between 1934 and 1968, the 38 went through a number of route changes, extensions and reductions, but it was the large-scale re-organisation brought about by the opening of the Victoria Line in September 1968 that changed the face of the route, along with further cutbacks in October 1969. Run by London Forest Buses from 1989, then Leaside Buses and East London Buses during privatisation, the 38 has been operated by Arriva during the TfL period and the Hackney Central to Victoria part of the route was chosen to run the eight prototype Wrightbus New Routemasters between 27 February 2012 and 10 May 2014, when full conversion took place.

LTZ 1192 (LT192) entered service with Arriva London at their Clapton Depot, operating exclusively on Route 38 from 12 June 2014 right up until the present time and has been used in several high profile advertising campaigns, notably for Adidas® (twice), Monster and the Lego® Store. One of the most striking advertising liveries ever to have been featured on a London bus, Kraken Rum's 'Release the Kraken' campaign, spread across five vehicles, was inspired by the mythical tale of a cargo ship, said to have carried one of the largest quantities of black spiced rum ever to be brought out of the Caribbean, that never reached its destination. All that was found of the vessel were a few barrels of the black spiced rum, renamed as Kraken in a tribute to the unchallengeable power and might of the mythical beast that was suspected to have attacked the ship. Legend has it that the Kraken will not rest until it has reclaimed the lost barrels, leaving a trail of destruction in its wake as it seeks to return the rum to its final resting place deep in the Kraken's watery lair.







1:76 Length 110mm

LIMITED

OM46315A/B AEC Type RM London Transport, 359 CLT, Route 88, 'Boulogne, The motorway to Europe', dual destination

By the time of the 1933 London Passenger Transport Act, Route 88 was firmly established, connecting Acton Green to Belmont, via Oxford Circus, Mitcham and Sutton and, although cut back during the Second World War, by 1950 it had become a recognised cross-London trunk route, with stops at Acton Green, Oxford Circus, Vauxhall Bridge, Stockwell, Tooting Broadway, Mitcham Cricketers (Monday to Friday only), St. Helier Rose (Monday to Friday peaks and Saturdays only), Sutton and, on a Sunday, Belmont. The main allocation of buses at this time were allocated to Merton Garage and in May 1950, RTWs were introduced on the route as part of the successful central London trials of 8' wide buses, but in November 1958 Merton lost the 88 route and the main allocation moved to Stockwell Garage, who were running RTLs. The RTM Routemasters arrived on the route from July 1966, only being superseded by RMLs in March 1975.

Operating out of Stockwell Garage on route 37 until June 1966, 359 CLT (RM1359) had entered service in December 1962. After briefly being moved to storage at Thornton Heath, RM1359 was allocated to route 88 later on in June. While allocated to Shepherds Bush Garage, on 26 April 1974 RM1359 emerged from Finchley's Woodberry Grove Garage in a very bright, 'Boulogne - The motorway to Europe' advertising scheme that promoted travel to France by Sealink and Seaspeed, being one of only four advert buses that entered service that year. Although London Transport's advert buses were limited to one per route, many MPs were lobbying Parliament to ban them, but in the meantime the bus actually ended up in Boulogne on a Chiswick Works visit that took place on 29 May 1974. The Boulogne scheme was removed from RM1359 on 26 September 1974 and the bus

continued in service with London Transport until July 1987, at which point it was sold on to Brakell Omnibus Sales of Cheam, eventually being exported in May 1992

to Riparo Auto SNC in Palermo, Sicily.



OM46315B







1:76

Length 110mm



OM46316A/B AEC Type RM ALM 50B, Heritage Route 15, 'Mamma Mia!', dual destination

Heritage Route 15, along with Heritage Route 9, was created in November 2005 by Transport for London to appeal to tourists and bus enthusiasts, retaining traditional Routemaster operation in central London. Operated by Stagecoach London, the Routemaster fleet was based at the former Waterden Road bus garage near Stratford until early 2008, subsequently moving to West Ham garage from where Heritage Route 15 ran between Trafalgar Square and Tower Hill, overlapping with Heritage Route 9 along the Strand between Trafalgar Square and Aldwych. Heritage Route 9 was dropped on 25 July, 2014, but in November 2015 TfL contracted Stagecoach to continue Heritage Route 15 until 2020 and it was planned for all ten vehicles used on the route to be refurbished internally and externally into almost original 1960s condition, although only four out of the ten Routemasters, RM2060, RM1933, RM1941 and RM2089, were completed due to budgetary constraints and falling revenue on the route. From 1 March, 2019, weekday operation of the route was dropped in favour of working weekends and public holidays only between March and the end of September.

ALM 50B (RM2050), entered service with London Transport at Aldenham Depot in October 1964, working over Route 137. In 1986 the vehicle was overhauled ready for transfer to London Transport's Commercial Operations (Sightseeing) unit, having an AEC engine fitted and repainted into London Transport Red, with a cream band. Sold into preservation in 1987, RM2050 moved between owners until being completely rebuilt at Marshall (Cambridge) with a new engine, gearbox and interior improvements, after which it was allocated to Arriva London North

for use on Route 38. In November 2005, RM2050 was removed from storage at Leyton and assigned to Stagecoach for use on Heritage Route 15, over which it still operates



OM46316B







OM46619A/B New Routemaster Go-Ahead London, Heritage General Livery, dual destination

The London General Heritage livery is a tribute to the designers of the LGOC, being a modern adaption of the 1929 LT1 livery, and is represented here on LTZ 1050 operating on route 88, the former 'Clapham Omnibus' route running from Camden Town to Clapham Common, via central London.





1:76

Length 110mm

OM46313A/B AEC Type RM London & Country, Two-Tone Green, dual destination

As a consequence of bus deregulation in 1986, many new operators outside of London, as well as several traditional operators, took to the iconic AEC Type RM as a cheap and reliable vehicle to protect, or develop, their routes and services. By 1990, London Country South West had adopted the fleet name of 'London & Country but the name of the company was not officially changed until 1993. London & Country acquired RM1183 from Southend Transport later that year and used it on Surrey Schools' route 418 initially, whilst still in Southend livery. Graduating to Christmas shopper

services on routes 406 and 408, the full London & Country two-tone green livery was applied, in probably the finest livery carried by an AEC.



OM46313A

OM46619A

OM46619B



OM46313B







OM40821A/B Bristol Lodekka FS6B Wilts & Dorset, Cream and Maroon, dual destination

In January 1966, Bristol Lodekka 646, registration 684 AAM, was painted into a unique cream and maroon livery for operation on the Salisbury to Bournemouth limited stop service, retaining it until May 1969. The limited stop 38A route between Salisbury and Bournemouth ran via Fordingbridge, Ringwood and Ferndown (the Bournemouth Spur Road from Ashley Heath to Cooper Dean having not yet been built) and did the journey in 78 minutes.

There were two journeys in each direction on weekdays, with timings suitable for people commuting to Bournemouth, or making day visits to Salisbury.



OM40821A



OM40821B







OM41418B AEC Regent V Ipswich Corporation, Two-tone Green, Route 3 Rushmere Heath

lpswich Corporation was the last major urban operator in Britain to place motorbuses into service, with six Park Royal bodied AEC Regent Regent III buses entering service in August 1950. Initially these vehicles were used to evaluate services to the new Council housing estates, but the rising costs of trolleybus operation led to further motor buses being delivered. By 1959, fifty-four AEC double deck buses had entered service with the Ipswich Corporation, but declining patronage led to all new buses being built with the ability to be single manned from 1968 onwards,

leading to the replacement of the AEC fleet with Leyland Atlanteans.



1:76

The last AEC Regent Vs entered the Ipswich Corporation fleet in 1966, these being bodied by Neepsend, but HPV 34, AEC Regent V D2RA 720/Park Royal body H37/28R B40833 was one of a batch of four vehicles delivered in 1959, the last in an unbroken line of Park Royal bodied buses and trolleybuses dating from 1945 that included Ipswich trolleybuses Nos. 91 to 126 and Motorbuses Nos. 1 to 36. HPV 34 survived until the end of 1976, when it was moved to the Corporation yard at the back of Priory Heath, awaiting disposal.







OM43917A/B Guy Arab II Burton Corporation, Burgundy and Cream, dual destination In 1943, Burton Corporation received its first double-deck vehicles,

two utility Guy Arabs with Weymann H56R bodywork, built to wartime specifications, which included wooden slatted seating. Eight more were delivered in 1944, including Burton Corporation No. 34, a Guy Arab II 5LW, registration FA 7978, and fitted with a Park Royal body.



1:76

OM43917A



OM43917B







Cs90611 WWI Centenary Collection Old Bill Bus
The Old Bill Bus was a vital mode of transport during World War
One, often referred to as 'The Great War' as it had capacity
to carry 24 infantrymen as well as their kit and also served in
transporting the wounded away from the battlegrounds, at the very
end of the war the buses were then used to transport troops home.











1299 PANICALE ANNIVERSARIO

HK110 • 518.7 x 202.5 x 277.5 mm (5.5 kg) • 976 Pieces

cince 1926, Ducati's history is about authentic passion and performance. To celebrate the 90 years at the forefront Of design and technology Ducati released the 1299 Panigale S Anniversario. With this new Pocher 1:4 scale model kit we replicate this stunning bike in fine detail. This kit is manufactured from premium die-cast metal and comes ready painted. The kit is easy to build and supplied with detailed instructions. The model consists of more than 976 parts manufactured from an assortment of materials including metal, rubber and plastic. Most of the parts are simply screwed together. Wheels, transmission chain, front and rear suspension, brake and clutch levers are all functional and offer an incompatible level of detail.



Pocher[®] Model Kits







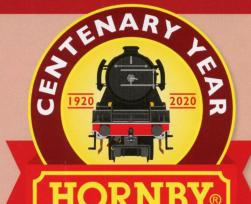


Pocher display case

HK201 • 690 x 290 x 400 mm

This premium-quality display case has been especially designed to present and protect your Pocher model kit. The case is made of highly transparent acrylic of 5 mm thickness, and is provided with a black wooden base which is fully velvet flocked. The display case also features holes and screws to fix the model to the base.





DUBLO

R7241 MGTC, Centenary Year Limited Edition



R7242 Morris | Van, Centenary Year Limited Edition





DIECASI



R7243 Austin K8 Van, Margate Hotel & Boarding Association, Centenary Year Limited Edition



R7249 Scammell Mechanical Horse Van Trailer, Centenary Year Limited Edition



There are several accounts as to where the name 'Dinky' came from but arguably the most logical explanation is when Frank Hornby apparently showed one of the new diecast vehicles to his Scottish daughter-in-law she exclaimed that they were 'dinky', which is a Scottish word meaning very cute or small and neat.

Dinky Toys were a major part of the Hornby Trains '0' gauge range intended to complement their trains, however they were also toys in their own right and equally collectable. When first introduced in 1934 the brand was named 'Meccano Dinky Toys' however this became abbreviated a year later to just 'Dinky Toys'

Loved and collected by several generations of children and adults, Dinky Toys continued to be produced well into the Seventies even though by then the ownership of the Dinky name had changed several times. Currently, the American toy giant, Mattel owns the brand name 'Dinky Toys'

In late 1957 the first of the Dinky Dublo diecast models were released along with an advertising campaign advising that the new range of vehicles, produced in '00' scale would be excellent models to collect or play with while at the same time the advert promoted the new range of vehicles as suitable to adorn a model railway layout.

The first vehicles released included an Austin lorry, a Bedford flatbed truck and a Morris Pick up van. In March 1958 a beige Ford Prefect appeared as well as a Singer Roadster with a Commer Van following.

All Dinky Dublo toys were initially produced without glazed windows but by June 1959 the first vehicles started to appear with windows fitted. As time progressed more vehicles were added to the range while others were removed.

In total there were fifteen base models produced for the Dublo Dinky range with the majority of the fifteen being subject to tooling modifications and other cosmetic changes. By 1963 the last of the Dublo Dinky models were removed from sale and a shortly after their withdrawal Lines Bros., the owners of Tri-ang Railways obtained Meccano Ltd. Although Dinky Toys continued to be produced, no further Dublo Dinky items were manufactured thus confining the brand to the history books.

Even though the life of the Dinky Dublo series of models was relatively short, nonetheless it can be argued that the Development and Marketing teams associated with the Hornby Dublo brand of the 1950s were decades ahead of their time when comparisons are made to the large number of accurately scaled models available to the current railway modeller of today. They of course can be forgiven for not achieving the results that they no doubt anticipated but the world of model railways in the 1950s was vastly different from what it is today. However, as a tribute to the first 'Dublo' scale models of that period and as part of the Hornby Centenary Collection a new range of carefully selected limited edition vehicles have been specially commissioned, reflecting the character of 'Dublo' diecast models of the 1950s.

The six models chosen incorporate where possible the spirit of the 1950s and include vehicles similar to those of the original 'Dublo' range, together with one fitting model calling out the various holiday destinations around Margate, the seaside town where Hornby now resides.

There are only 2000 each of these six limited edition 'Dublo Diecast' models available, with each presented in the packaging style reminiscent of the 1950s period.

Although small in number, this 'Dublo Diecast' selection of vehicles forms an important part of the Hornby Centenary Collection.



R7152

R7153

SkaleAutos...A superb range of highly detailed die-cast vehicles in 1:76/00 scale. Perfect for railway modelling.





R7124



R7237





R7151



R7125







R7154

R7155

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