











### **Concept to Reality**

### WELCOME TO THE MARCH ISSUE OF PHOENIX SCALE MODELLING

e launched our 'concept issue' at IPMS Scale Model World 2021 held at the Telford International

Centre in November, and as you can see things have now moved on apace. 'PSM' as we know it, was set up by a group of four likeminded individuals, and we made no secret of the fact the 'concept issue' was put together in just four weeks and was designed as a base for our ideas and to see what modellers at the show thought of our labours.

We only had a small stand at the show and only started advertising our presence the week before the event as we were not sure we would be ready. So, we were pleasantly surprised at the reaction to our efforts, and that we had customers two to three deep at some points during the day! This year, hopefully we plan to have a much bigger stand so it will be easier to see our full range of products, and also, we will have more room to chat to show goers. It was also very pleasing to see so many copies of our magazines behind the club stands during the weekend and certainly we were given a lot of feedback on what we should be doing and should not be doing in future issues. One of the big topics of conversation was what mix of subjects we should be featuring in future issues. Our plan was to have a visually exciting and inspirational publication with



'Automotive', Sci-Fi', 'Military', 'Figures' and 'Maritime' modelling as our core, and from the feedback at the show and subsequent follow-up emails and messages from Issue 1, we are hopefully on the right track. With such a wide and diverse array of models available in all of these genres, the plan is to build on this and make PSM 'the' magazine for modellers of all interests. So, in this issue we have plenty for you to enjoy from a Harley Davidson 'Fatboy' motorcycle, a Martini Racing Porsche, a Dark Reaper A-26 bomber, a Celtic Standard Bearer, Gusion Gundam and a rather amusing General Darg fantasy figure, plus much, much more. We also now have a range of subscriptions available on our website, and you can also purchase a digital copy of the magazine, which contains some 30 additional pages from Pocketmags. For our non-UK readers, we strongly recommend the digital version as the way to go, mainly due to the everincreasing postage costs around the world and long delivery times. Finally, if you would like to write for PSM, please drop us an email at andy@phoenixscalepublications.co.uk, we'd be delighted to hear from you.

Team Phoenix

### What's in this issue?

### **07 AUTOMOTIVE**

- **Martini Racer** Mark Thomson builds the 1:24 Revell Porsche 934 RSR
- **12** Judgement Day for the Harley-Davidson 'Fat

**Boy'** - Mark Thomson builds the 1:16 Tamiya kit, as seen in 'The Terminator'

- **Tractor Power** Lee Powell builds the 1:24 Heller Massey Ferguson 2860
- **20** Automotive News

### **23 MILITARY**

- **24 The Pink Panther** Lee Powell builds the 1:35 Tamiya SAS Land Rover
- **28 From Allied to Axis** Grant Dalzell builds the 1:35 ICM FCM 36 French Light Tank in German Service
- **32 Mr Churchills Heavy Tank** Lee Powell builds the 1:35 Tamiya kit
- **36** Military News

### **39 AIRCRAFT**

- **40** The Dark Reaper James Ashton builds the 1:32 HobbyBoss A-26C Invader
- 46 Wild Weasel Viper Kitti

Tatsumaki builds the 1:72 Hasegawa F-16CJ with Dream Model detailing sets

**50 Uzbek Fulcrum** - Matteo Buzzo builds

the L:32 Trumpeter MiG-29UB

**54** Aviation News

### **55 FIGURES**

- **56 Celtic Standard-Bearer** Peter Merts details the 1:32 Pegaso Models kit
- **60 General Darg** Ian Gaskell details the Creepytables bust
- **63** Figure News

### 65 SCI-FI

- **66 'Gusion'** Jeroen Burger builds the 1:144 Bandai Gundam kit
- **70 Hawk on the Moon** Rene Van Der Hart builds the 1:72 MPC Space: 1999 craft
- **76** Sci-Fi News

### **77 MARITIME**

**78 A Caspian Sea Monster**Grant Dalzell builds the 1:144
Takom LUN-Class Ekranoplan by

Takom LUN-Class Ekranoplan b Grant Dalzell

**B2** Coming Soon!





























MARCH 2022

A Great New Monthly Modelling Magazine from Phoenix Scale Publications

Phoenix Aviation Modelling brings together in one first-rate publication, news, reviews. model build projects, step-by-step guides and reference articles from the sphere of aviation in scale, with features from some of the best modellers and authors from around the world.











🏮 07720 575109 🏿 🖻 mail@phoenixscalepublications.co.uk





Receive the digital issue as soon as it is published 6 Month subscription £23.99 / 12 Month subscription £42.99

Available from the app store from











FIGURES







### Martini Racing

MARK THOMSON BUILDS THE 1:24 REVELL PORSCHE 934 RSR





hen it comes to 1970s road racing events, there was Ferrari, Lamborghini, Porsche, then everybody else.

The Porsche 934 RSR is the race version of the iconic 911 Turbo, built for the group 4 FIA rules for the 1976 season. 31 had been produced for the racetrack by the time it was replaced in 1978. The 1976 Porsche 934 RSR FIA GR/4 was one of the most important years in road racing series, as in the years following, each of the large road-racing series implemented rule changes that would eliminate these cars being road legal. This 1976 Porsche is one of the last examples of a road-legal race car, which means you

### **Porsche 934 RSR**

### 'Martini Racing'

Manufacturer: Revell

**Scale**: 1:24

**Kit Type**: Plastic injection moulded

Kit Number: 07685

can drive it on any city street. Despite the Porsche 934 racing against non-road-legal models, it still pulled off some impressive races. By far its biggest success was its 4th overall finish in the 1979 24 Hours of Le Mans. This makes it no surprise that this car also won many overall class championships between 1976 and 1977.

















MARITIME



Despite the
Porsche 934
racing against
non-road-legal
models, it still
pulled off some
impressive races

BOSCH

orcimao

The body itself looked very similar to a standard 911 (930), but is slightly wider, via wheel flares, to accept its massive racing tires. The front end is identical to a 1976 911 (930), except for an air dam-style spoiler bolted to the front bumper. It has the 930's signature diving front end with protruding fender-mounted headlights. Instead of the trunk, the front hood conceals the fire extinguisher system, oil tank, battery and the racing tank, which has been enlarged to 120 litres and has two refuelling openings protruding through the hood. The Porsche 934 RSR came with 3L powerplant flat six engine mounted at the rear producing from 480-550 bhp. Under the body you have a four-wheel independent suspension that includes coil

springs and high-performance Bilstein shock absorbers. The independent suspension allows each of the four wheels to be at different angles and heights, while maintaining maximum tire contact. It also featured four-wheel disc brakes, which are designed using the same blueprints used to create the braking system in the famed 'Type 917' Porsche Le Mans car. On the rear end you have the signature 1970s Porsche whale-tail spoiler. You also get the standard rear lighting that includes a light bar that reads "PORSCHE," just in case you forget.

### **TEAM COLOURS**

This classic Martini team colours isn't the only Revell 934 produced in this scale, other versions including the orange 'Jägermeister' and the 'Valliant' versions. This kit is classed as a Level 3 kit and is in the normal flimsy end opening box, which is packed with plastic. The body shell is a single part with the fire extinguisher system, oil tank, battery and the racing tank, moulded which will be covered when the front hood is attached. It has some large re-enforcing gates over the windows, which will need care when removing. The rest of the kit is over seven sprues, the body parts are in white, and grey and black for the other parts, the chrome wheels, and a clear sprue.





### THE PARTS

All the parts are well moulded with just a little flash, the clear parts are crystal clear, again with some flash, which won't impact on the build. The chrome is nice and done to scale and doesn't look that toy like. The instructions are what I've come to expect from Revell, and they would have you start the build with the transmission, joining to the engine block. Both parts look good with nice cast detail. This kit gives you the option to display with the rear bonnet open so you can see the engine detail, but even if closed can be seen through the finely cast grills on the lid. The detail extends to the separate drive shafts, and six-branch manifold. The massive turbo is added to the back of the engine before completing and adding to the chassis. Looking over the instructions the engine can be left out till the end of the build if wanted and fitted from below. The wheels are BBS multi-spoke type, which Revel have managed to represent nicely with the rear being wider. Behind the rim sits a brake disc, with a detailed drilled surface and calliper. The interior is very basic but that to be expected from a race car to keep the weight down. So, some bucket seats with a roll cage with a simplistic dashboard. The painting instructions refer to the Revell paint range, and the list of required

colours is listed on the box, which is standard for this manufacture, enabling you to check you have them before leaving the shop. The decals sheet is to the usual Revell standard, crisp and well printed with some fine small details for the 1976 season with the Martini team.

### PAINT

With this being a Revell kit the instructions refer to the Revell paint range and in a lot of cases they would have you mixing colours, so using conversion charts and online references I decided on my Tamiya equivalents. As I do with all my builds, first I clean all the plastic parts in soapy water and allow to air dry. Having done other car kits I know that cleaning up the body shell in preparation for painting is a sound plan as I knew this was the part of the build that requires a few paint layers built up over time with light sanding in between to ensure a smooth finish at the end. The body shell had a few seam lines sink marks and high spots that I marked with a white board marker, they were taken care of by filling and sanding. The body shell and chassis were then primed using Mr Surfacer 1500 50:50 through my H&S Infinity airbrush using Mr Color Self-Levelling thinners at a low air pressure. Then wet sanded down to check for

any imperfections before re priming. It's critical that the bodywork is perfect so any imperfection you don't take care of are multiplied with every layer added afterwards. Once again, I wet sanded with fine sandpaper before painting using Tamiya X-2 gloss white in a 70:30 mix with Mr colour SLT. The body shell received three layers of white paint with the last coat being a 50:50 mix. The bodyshell was then wet sanded with micromesh 12000 grit to remove any imperfection after it had been left for twentyfour hours. Spoiler was masked of using Tamiya tape and with the use of the Infinity models masking boards I was able to cut out some curves and mask off then painted the black spoiler and vents. To protect the bodywork, I applied Alclad 2 Agua Gloss in preparation for the decals. This is a process you don't want to rush, I always leave the varnish coat a minimum of twenty-four hours to fully go off, before setting about doing any decals as a lot of handling is required during this stage. You don't want to ruin all the hard work that's gone into the paintwork with a fingerprint. The same process was also applied to all the bumpers and lights.

### DECALS

With this being a race car, it's naturally covered with sponsor decals, which took a bit of time to apply and have them conform to all the curves using Microscale Micro Set and Sol solutions. Once all the decals were on and conformed to all the contours of the car, it was time to seal them in with another coat of Aqua Gloss which once dried I buffed up with a lint free cloth. Under the front hood conceals the fire extinguisher system, oil tank, battery and the racing tanks, you could opt to leave these unpainted and just glue the front hood shut. But I chose to paint the parts in the equivalent Tamiya paints to what's listed in the instructions. The detail is nice and with the hood lid off it gives you another display option. Clear parts look good but do have some flash, so time is needed to clean them up. I find snips can cause the clear parts to crack so as I do with



all clear parts to try stop any potential damage removal from the sprue is done using a finetoothed razor saw and not snips Followed by cleaning up with Flory Models Sanding Sticks. All the edges of the clear parts needed painted Tamiya X-18 semi-gloss black and to achieve a good finish I masked the clear parts up using Tamiya tape 1mm strips cut using the Infinity Easy Cutting Boards before airbrushing. I also masked of and painted all the window framing on the body shell in the same manor. The rear of the Porsche has a wraparound clear part that required to be painted with Tamiya Clear Red and Orange. The front indicators lights were also painted Clear Orange.

### **SUB-ASSEMBLIES**

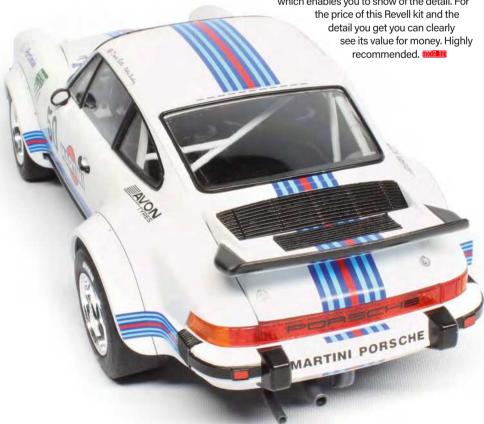
While the body shell was drying, I went through the instructions for the rest of the build breaking it up into sub-assemblies'. Engine, front suspension, transmission and interior. First thing I tackled building was the engine by removed them from the sprue, cleaned up all the parts using a hobby knife and sanding sticks. Before painted it using the equivalent Tamiva paint call out for the Revell colours, this was then sealed with Vallejo Satin Varnish. The engine looked good and once the small decals were added it enhanced the detail. All the parts suspension and brake parts were removed from the sprue, cleaned them up using a hobby knife and Flory Models Sanding Sticks. The parts where then put together with Tamiya Extra Thin before painting up as per the instructions using the Tamiya equivalent paint call outs, before attaching to the underside of the chassis with the engine and transmission. It was nice to see the level of detail Revell has put into the underside of the engine and transmission housing, the suspension and brake parts were basic but adequately represented for the scale and price of the model.



### WHEELS

The BBS multi-spoke type wheels have nice detail, I painted the centres with Tamiya X-12 Gold Leaf, then masked off and painted the chrome with Molotow Chrome before sealing with Vallejo Metal varnish. The tyres had a seam moulded down the centre, so I sanded this out which in turn gave the tyres a worn look. For the interior, the parts were removed them from the sprues and cleaned up. All the parts were then detailed as per the instructions using the Tamiya paint references. A gloss coat was applied then all the decals were added. The roll cage had a seam that went all the way round, but an IPMS Seam Tool #1 made short work of it. Attaching the body shell to the chassis required a bit of care to ensure none of the paint work was damaged in the process. Then it was time to add the 'fiddly bits', which were liable to have been broken while decaling. The clear parts were then buffed before I glued them down with Krystal Clear to ensure no fingerprints or dust was present.

This has truly been a nice kit to build. I believe this would be suitable for anyone wanting to build a race car kit. Having the option to open the front hood and rear bonnet is a nice touch which enables you to show of the detail. For the price of this Revell kit and the detail you get you can clearly





Harley-Davidson ► 1:16 Scale

## Judgement Day for the Harley-Davidson

MARK THOMSON BUILDS THE 1:16 TAMIYA KIT, AS SEEN IN 'THE TERMINATOR'



arley-Davidson motorcycles are icons of the American road, and there can hardly be a fan

across the world who is unfamiliar with the company's trademark air-cooled 45-degree V-Twin engines. Harley-Davidson isn't just the most famous motorcycles company- it's also one of the most legendary and beloved brands in human history. Harley-Davidson got its all-American start back in 1903, when two friends William Harley and Arthur Davidson founded the company that would bear their names. William's brother Walter came up with the idea of combining bicycles with new-

image of freedom that it's still known for today, came from the company producing bikes for both World War I and World War II. The motorcycles earned a reputation for performance and attitude the Fat Boy range is no different. The Fat Boy's frame





**FLSTFB Fat Boy Lo** 



is derived from the 1984 'Softail', which appears to have a rigid hardtail chassis but which in fact has swingarm with concealed springs that was originally designed in a Missouri garage in the 1970's by a mechanical engineer named Bill Davis and later patented in 1976. Willie G the grandson of Harley-Davidson co-founder William A. Davidson originally turned down engineer Bill Davis' Softail concept; but the company later relented, buying the rights, and designing its own Softail frame in-house.

The FXST Softail released in 1984 was the first of the Softail family, following on from tradition its straight lines evoke those seen on the frame of classic Harleys until the 1950's the name itself refers to the use of suspension on the rear wheel. Harley Davidson fans really liked the hardtail design with the ridged rear wheel frame look. The Softail family of design gives the appearance of employing a classic hardtail-like ridged setup, but on closer inspection reveals that there are two gas shock absorbers concealed expertly beneath the transmission case. The Fatboy Lo is an upgraded version of the Fatboy, which was added to the Harley-Davidson line up in 2010, featuring a twin cam 103B with a boost to 1688cc. It was lower to the ground than its predecessor and had the benefit of a modern electronic fuel injection system.

For as long as I can remember I've wanted to build a model of the iconic Harley-Davidson Fat Boy, and not just by any manufacturer, it had to be the cream of the crop, so it had to be Tamiya.





Harley-Davidson Fat Boy Lo in their 1:6 rendition. I was like a kid at Christmas waiting on it to be delivered, remembering back to when I was a teenager and seeing Terminator Judgement Day showcasing this iconic bike, then later in the TV series Sons of Anarchy. When someone mentions Spitfire, Vulcan or Harley-Davidson all I can think of is the awesome noise the engine makes in this case the Harley's amazing big V-Twin engine makes that sweet robust, deep

### The Harley-Davidson is covered from top to bottom with chrome and this kit also has the parts detailed true to life

rumbling growl, the thunderous exhaust noise of a classic Harley Davidson.

The kit itself, well what can I say, Tamiya pulled out all the stops here. The engineering looks excellent, and a lot of thought and attention has been put into where the parts attach to the sprue to minimise clean up. The mouldings are up to a very high standard which is to be expected from a Tamiya kit, with no flash whatsoever and crisp detail throughout. It's designed so it could be built straight-from-thebox with all the parts already in the correctly coloured plastic. The Harley-Davidson is covered from top to bottom with chrome and this kit also has the parts detailed true to life. A lot of small screws and real metal parts are included to ensure structural integrity, and when built the model will have a working suspension, and moveable gear and brake leavers. The instruction book is A4 and thirty-two pages long. It is excellently laid out and thoroughly details every step of the build, with all the paint callouts the Tamiya range. The few clear parts are crystal, and the lighting parts are perfect. It's easy to see the manufacturer is aiming this kit at the moderate to experienced modeller, one thing for sure is that you won't be disappointed building this baby. I was able to obtain the full aftermarket upgrade set for this kit that provided a lot more detail like metal exhausts, clips, brake disks and caliper detail.

I started off by putting all the various screws and metal parts into labelled plastic tubs to make it easier to locate pieces when needed. I decided from the start that I was going to paint everything after seeing the dull chrome parts included. I removed all the parts and put them into a bath













head. It's paramount to read the instructions carefully at this stage to ensure no damage to the parts and paintwork. The engine itself was secured with fine threaded rods and nuts, supplied in the kit. These required special care to be taken to prevent the supplied tools slipping off and causing damage.

The front and rear wheel halves that I previously painted chrome, which now I realise was a mistake, required the centres to be painted Tamiya X-18 Semi-Gloss Black. I decided I would de-tac Tamiya tape and mask off the chrome, so I could paint the black. Something I really don't like doing to metallics because it can damage the paintwork. Unfortunately, this was a real pain as I was trying to mask on a concave curved circle was problematic. After hours of masking, I finally got it sorted! Luckily there was no damage to the chrome when I removed the masking tape. In hindsight, if I had painted the semi-gloss black first, I honestly believe this would have been easier to mask to then paint the chrome. The upgrade set came with brake disks, and these added enhanced detail over the plastic disks. The tyres were made of rubber and foam was inserted during fitting to give the support.

The rear suspension arm was painted in the same way as the main frame. The rear tyre also had the sprocket and drive belt fitted before sliding into the swing arm and securing with a threaded rod. The

brake calliper was fitted next, along with the etched detail part from the upgrade set, which was superglued on before cutting to size and fitting the rubber hosing supplied. The two concealed shock absorbers were then assembled, and Tamiya provided a working solution to give added detail. Once the rear shocks were fitted the swing arm assembly was then attached to the main frame taking into consideration fitting the drive belt over the main sprocket before

fitting the chain case cover.

The level of detail and engineering that went into the front forks and handlebars showcases Tamiya's commitment to honouring this iconic Harley. Not only did all the parts fit together seamlessly but the suspension worked. The rubber hoses supplied in the kit that were cut to length and used for clutch, brake hydraulic hoses and to enhance the level of detail. As on the rear wheel the upgraded brake disk and caliper parts were then fitted. The headlight was quite exquisite in detail and the indicators were also fitted at this point. it was now time for the front

fork to be added to the main frame. This was attached with a long-threaded rod, which provided more than ample strength in a possible weak point on the model, another well thought out solution by Tamiya to provide strength and hide it under a pill part.

and the upgrade set provided an enhancement over the supplied kit ones. The footrests were made of a plastic rubber like material with the Harley-Davidson logo on them, and once added really made the Harley look meaty and imposing. Fitting the horn was easy

and attaching the rubber hoses and spark plugs was fiddly and needed done with care taken not damage the paint work. The working side rest made out metal to ensure it had the strength to support the models weight it another well thought out decision.

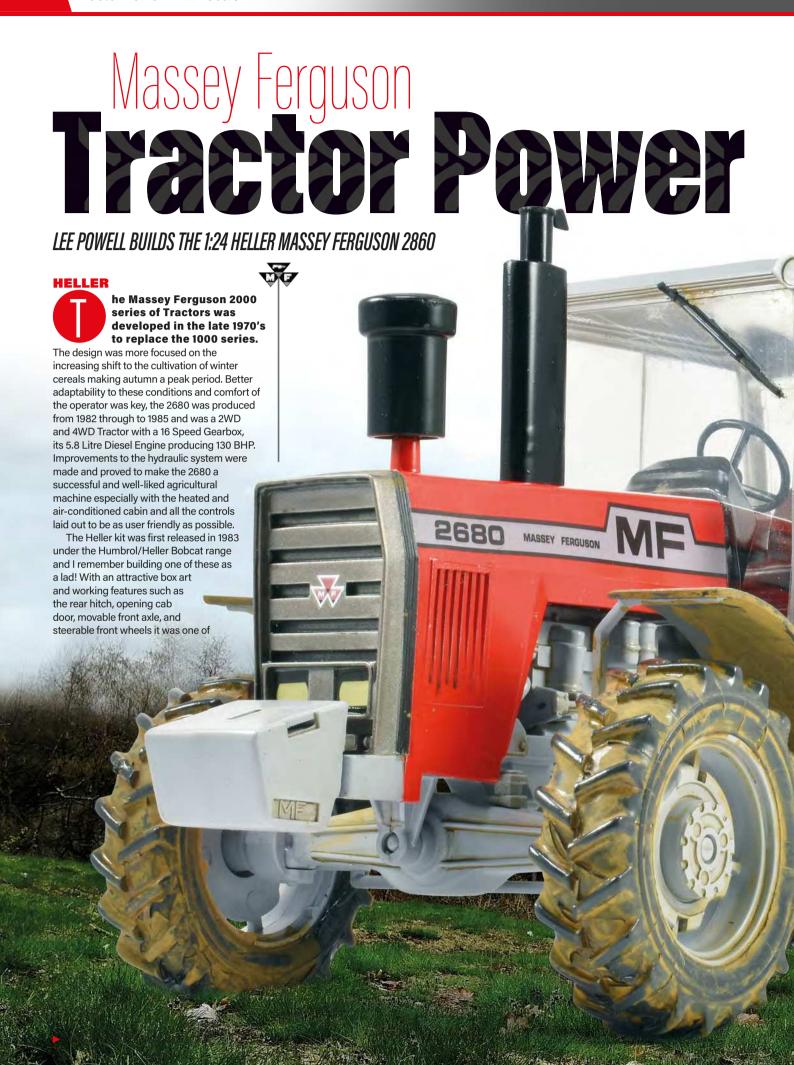
With me building this Harley as a gift for my father in-law it was only fitting that it had a custom number plate. This was done using vinyl masks and part of the kit supplied decal. The rear fender went together easily, and rear light looked good. This was positioned onto the model just like the real thing with detailed bolts. The fuel tank had some nice detail especially the Harley curved emblems and the tank protector.

The final stage of the build was to fit the seats, which Tamiya has once again made from a plastic that resembled rubber. It really enhanced the look of the completed model. The kit was provided with a solid metal display stand, and once the upgraded emblems were added it showcased the model superbly.

This was one of my 'must have' kits and Tamiya didn't let me down, and more than surpassed my expectations and I thoroughly enjoyed the journey. I believe it would be suitable for a modeller with a few builds under their belt, and experienced modellers would also enjoy this as a break from more demanding kits. Tamiya



Tractor Power ► 1:24 Scale

















The only colours that were needed for painting were a light grey, a bright red, some black and a steel and these were mostly used from rattle cans

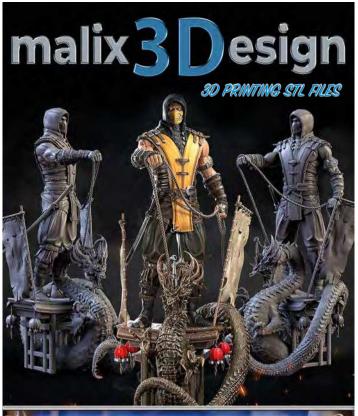
were also assembled here and the driver's seat, which was assembled in two halves, though the fit of these two halves was awful and needed a lot of filler in the gaps. The cab was also supposed to be added at this stage, but this was masked off and set aside to be painted separately. Quickly coming to stage 5, which was the final construction stage, the engine cover was assembled along with the exhaust, but this was also left to paint separately.

The only colours that were needed for painting were a light grey, a bright red, some black and a steel and these were mostly used from rattle cans. The grey being Tamiya Fine Primer Grey (this was used on all parts and highlighted some areas that needed some minor filling before being re-primed). The black areas were more of a Dark Greyish Matt Black from reference pictures I found, so I used Tamiya TS-82 Rubber Black, which gave a nice colour comparable to the pictures. The only exception for the black was the exhaust on the engine cover, which was painted with Tamiya X-18 Semi-Gloss Black. Tamiya TS-49 Bright Red was used for the lower cab and engine cover after masking the black and grey previously sprayed and then finally Citadel Colour Leadbelcher was used for the metallic front grille area. All the parts were sprayed with Tamiya TS-13 Clear after being allowed to dry fully for a couple of days. The ten decals were applied (sadly there is only a French number plate option, so this was not applied). The decals settled down nicely with Micro Sol and set and when completely dry another coat of Tamiya TS-13 was applied to seal in and protect the decals. Next up a pin-wash of Modellers World Earthy Grime was applied over all the grey areas before being tidied up, and once, some Citadel Colour Leadbelcher was also applied over the front grille to give it some depth. With all of this completed, the red areas were masked to keep a nice shine to the paintwork and the tyres were added, before

### **Massey Ferguson**

Tractor Power ► 1:24 Scale







### Be at the ready...



and don't miss

The British Model Soldier Society's

ANNUAL SHOW

on Saturday, 23<sup>rd</sup> April 2022 At the Reading Salvation Army, Anstey Road, Reading RG1 7JR

Trade Stands, Competitions, Displays, Paint 'n' Take

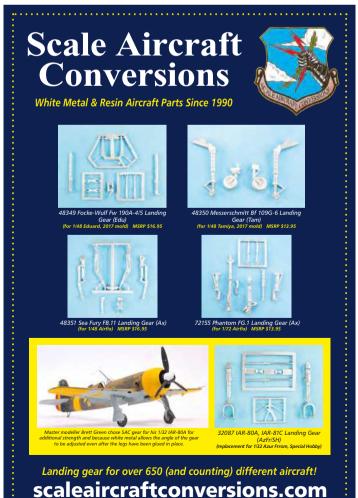






Doors open 10.30 a.m. Admission £3 (BMSS members £2) Show information: www.bmssonline.com or 01895 832757





### **Automotive News**



















### SIDE VIEW

### HASEGAWA

20539 – 1:24 ALEXEL Mazda 767B from the 1992 All Japan Sports Prototype

21738 – 1:12 Yamaha YZR500 (0WA8) 1989 All Japan Road Race Championship GP500 Champion

20529 – 1:24 Nissan Fairlady Z 1973 TACS Clover Rally Winner

### www.hasegawa.com







### AOSHIMA

23 – 1:12 Suzuki GK72A GSX400FS Impulse 1982











Zvezda Kits are distributed in the UK by The Hobby Company Limited, Knowhill, Milton Keynes, MK5 8PG See the full Zvezda range at www.hobbyco.net Zvezda models are available from good model shop

INNOVATIONS IN MODEL KITS

























distinctive pink sand camouflage, these vehicles remained in service until 1984.

The Tamiya kit has been available since 1976 and at 45 years old, I thought I would revisit this kit to see how it has held up over the years, it is still readily available at a relatively inexpensive price. In the box there are three bright pink sprues, with no clear parts and no decals. The parts have held up remarkably well for a kit of its age, with no flash on any of the parts and some nice crisp details. The tyre's are plastic moulded but have some tread detail on them that will (hopefully) look nice with some paint on them.

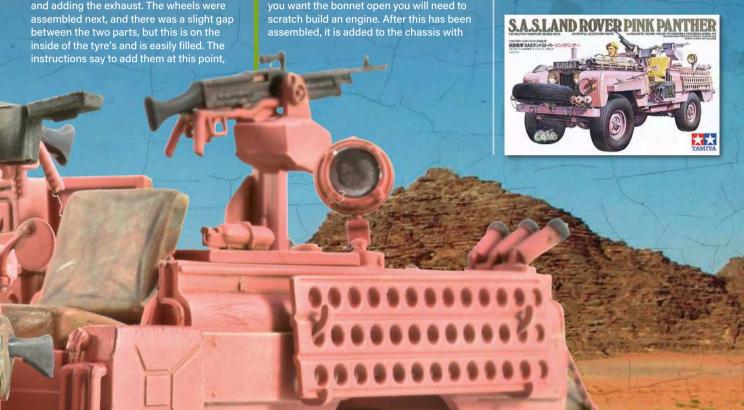
Construction began with the chassis and the propeller shaft, before assembling the axles (the Front axle is designed so the wheels can be turned when assembled) and adding the exhaust. The wheels were

**The Land Rover entered British Military Service** in 1949 and continues in service up to the present Day

but I left them unattached so they could be painted easier. The front seats and levers are installed next, before the engine area was assembled. This area is empty so if you want the bonnet open you will need to assembled, it is added to the chassis with

no issues along with various front end detail parts such as the lights, smoke dischargers, rifle storage cases and mirrors. The rear bed was assembled next and then attached to the chassis. Again, there were no fitting problems here with nice straightforward construction and some nicely detailed Land Rover badges on the rear. The smoke dischargers were fitted in the rear next and fuel/water cans and ammunition boxes were then added around the front compartment. The rear canvass cover on the tailgate were then added, as was the seat in the rear along with the sand ramps, before finally at stage 13, the two machine guns were assembled and added to the vehicle. This vehicle can be assembled quickly and looked 'busy' (even in the bright pink plastic!).

Phoenix Scale Modelling



Pink Panther ► 1:35 Scale







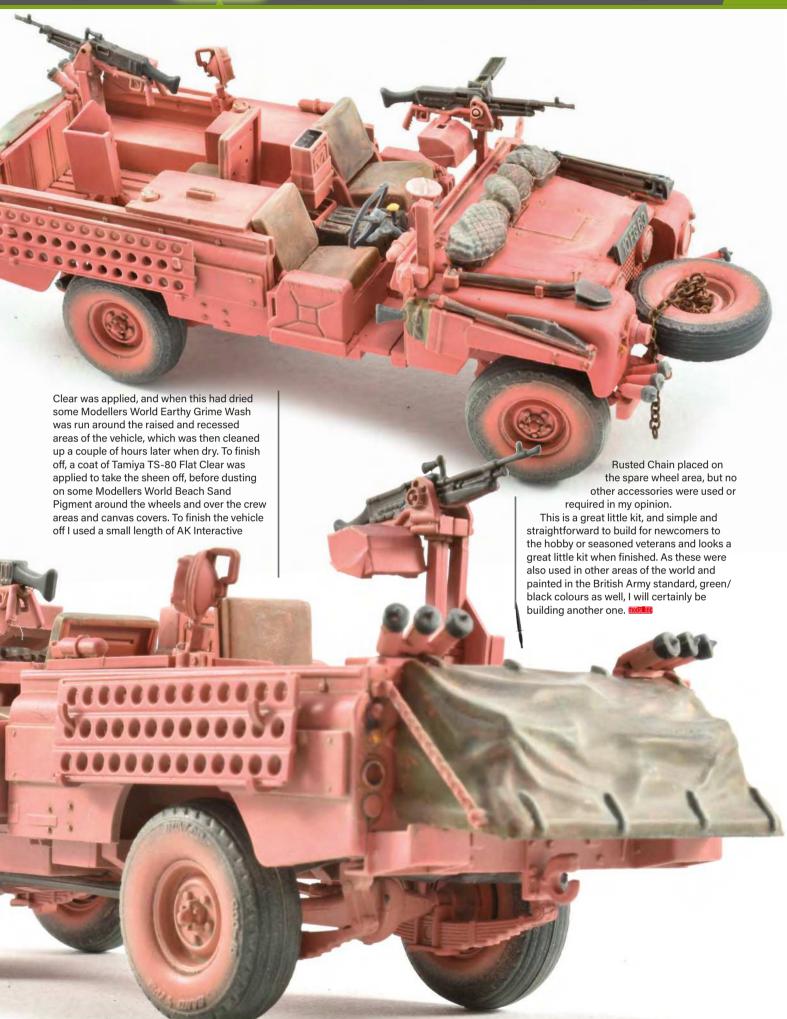








Phoenix Scale Modelling





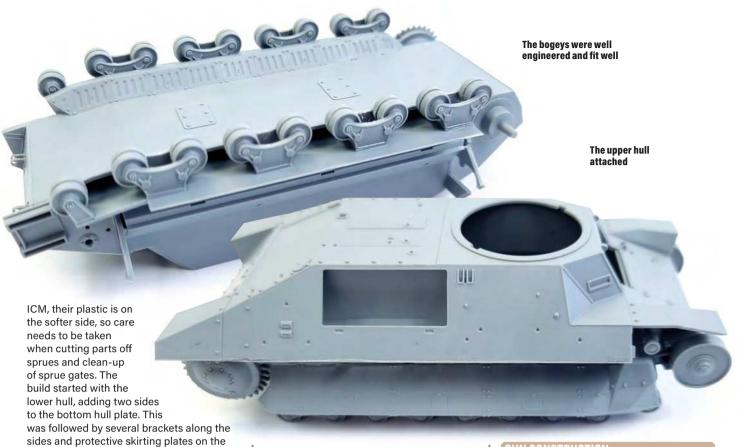












I like World War II French tanks, as they look quite ungainly, but have some very nice colour schemes

inner underside. I added the bogeys next,

the engineering of these worked well and

all fitted without hassle. At this stage, I also added the towing plate brackets either end of the hull. Drive sprockets consist of three pieces each, these were glued together and added, followed by side plate pieces on the lower section. Next up the track tensioners and upper plate track covers were glued on, followed by upper track guides and the idler wheels. The upper hull was glued on next, the next several steps added ventilation grills, engine exhaust system, driver's door and door hinges and other parts. Some parts were left off, as they would have impeded some of the painting.

### GUN CONSTRUCTION

The gun construction was next, and it was here I found some small issues. The instructions showed the machine gun being glued to the main gun, however, I could not see a positive attachment point, looking ahead, I decided to put the machine gun and the main gun through the holes in the mounting plate, this was a good idea, as this showed the guns would be separated. I glued these in position, there were two pieces that were then glued to either side of the guns that were supposed to glue into some locating holes in the bottom turret piece. Another problem here, as the locating holes



### French FCM 36

From Allied to Axis ► 1:35 Scale















# 

LEE POWELL BUILDS THE 1:35 TAMIYA KIT

### TAMIYA

he Churchill was a British heavy infantry tank used in the Second World War, best known for its heavy

armour, large longitudinal chassis with all-around tracks with multiple bogies, its ability to climb steep slopes, and its use as the basis of many specialist vehicles. It was one of the heaviest Allied tanks of the War. The Churchill Mk.VII was the second big redesign of the tank, the VII used the 75mm gun, was wider and carried much more armour, in fact fifty percent thicker at the front than a Tiger

I, giving it the ability to withstand massive amounts of punishment. It is sometimes called the

### **Churchill Crocodile**

Manufacturer: Tamiya

**Scale:** 1:35

Kit Type: Plastic injection moulded

Kit Number: 35100

of Normandy and equipped three Royal Armoured Corps regiments in Western Europe, one in Italy and with 7th Royal Tank Regiment in Korea. The Mark VII was designed to be able to be converted

into the Crocodile flame-throwing variant without major modification, of which this kit from Tamiya was originally intended to be

The Tamiya Churchill Crocodile dates from 1977, making the kit a year older



















kit and how it held up to modern standards. Initial impressions were good, with five sprues in dark green plastic, two rubber band tracks and a small decal sheet. All sprues were flash free and tidy, and the rubber band tracks looked to have some nice detail on them. The kit allows either a standard Mk.VII to be built or one of the flame thrower equipped Crocodiles (sprue E has all of the parts on for the Crocodile including the trailer and tow hook, under chassis fuel pipes, and the front lower hull mounted flame thrower). Colour markings are for a plain white winter cam vehicle with no decals

required and two different named green vehicles and decals for these two. I chose to build the vehicle named 'Briton', a Mk.VII

0

0



vehicle and not to use the Crocodile parts.

Construction began with the front hull armour plates. This was straightforward, and the machine gun (C31) was added instead of the flame thrower at this stage. The rear panel was also added using Part B9 instead of the panel with the Crocodile trailer hitch on. Concealed poly caps were then

added onto the upper half at the rear and allow the removal of the upper hull at a later stage to aid fitting of the tracks at the end. The side bogies were built next, and attention needed to be paid to the front sections of these, as they are numbered to aid in the fixing. The wheels all go

together simply and in no time, these were built and are added to the side of the lower hull. The rear drive wheels also have poly

caps inside them so the tracks can be moved if required after fitting. The upper hull was next to be built, with the side boxes, side hatches and exhausts added, although the spare track links and tools were left off at this stage

to be painted later. The fit of the upper hull to lower hull was tried at this . stage to check the fit, and this was perfect, with no gaps presenting themselves. Construction then moved onto the turret and this is split vertically, with this part having a nice fine textured effect to it. The roof fit was also good as was the hatches and the gun mount, although the gun barrel was split vertically and was a pain to get straight. I would probably use a metal barrel if I was to build another one of these in future. The turret when

finished was attached to the upper hull using Tamiya's standard turret fixing system. The tracks were also cemented together at

this point before being set aside for painting.
Painting began with some Tamiya Grey Fine Surface Primer straight from a can and the model looked a lot nicer for it. A couple of gaps were identified and filled before another fine coat of primer was added. Next up I gave a pre-shade around all panel lines and bolts using Hataka Orange Line NATO Black and left this to dry before prepping some Hataka Orange Line Olive Drab for the base colour. Two coats of this were sprayed on and the colour looked really nice, though a little bland. So, some Hataka Orange Line Insignia White was added to lighten the colour, and this was then sprayed randomly in the centre of the panels to add some faded effect to the paintwork.















This looked nice when dry although still a little too flat, so some more of the Insignia White was added and sprayed on the upper facing surfaces to give some more faded contrast. Detail painting of guns, tools and spare tracks was completed using various Tamiya Acrylics before being added to the hull. The tracks (which had already been primed with Tamiya Grey Fine Surface Primer) were then sprayed using Tamiya XF-84 Dark Iron mixed 70:30 with Tamiya Thinners. This took two coats but gave a nice finish when dry. I tried the 'flex test' on the vinyl tracks and the paint stuck to these like glue! T

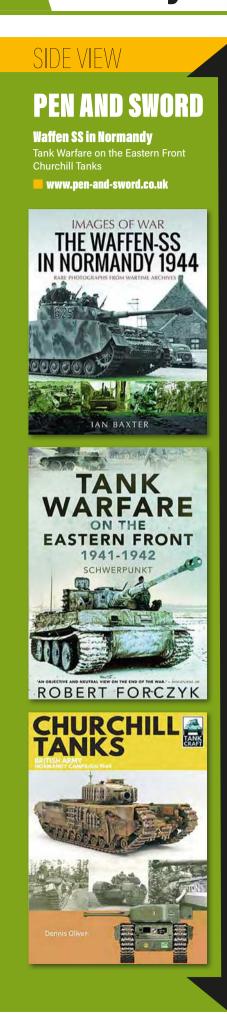
The tracks were then given a coat of AK Interactive Track Wash, which really picked out the details and gave depth to the

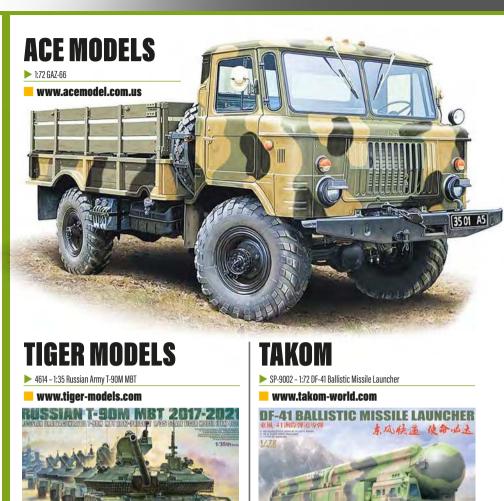
effect of freshly exposed metal. A coat of Tamiya TS-13 Clear was then sprayed on straight from a rattle can and allowed to dry overnight before the few decals were added. These settled down nicely with Micro Set and Micro Sol and were then left to dry overnight. Another coat of TS-13 was added to seal the decals in before adding a pin-wash using Modellers World Black Brown Oil Wash. When completely dry I gave the tank a coat of Tamiya TS-80 Matt Clear Spray to flatten the surface down before using some Ammo by

Mig Light Olive Drybrush paint, applied with an old stiff brush to the raised details. When this had dried the tank was then complete.

I have to say I was very impressed with the Tamiya Churchill. Despite its age assembly was simple and looked just right when completed, and the fit was near perfect with some great looking vinyl tracks. I will pick up another Tamiya Churchill at some point and construct it with the parts I have as a Churchill Crocodile. Highly recommended to newcomers to the hobby as well as seasoned modellers!























► BT-013 – 1:35 German 88mm Flak 37 Gun

www.facebook.com/bordermodels



# COPPER STATE MODELS

- CSM35013 1:35 French Armoured Car Model 1914 (Type ED)
- www.copperstatemodels.com



# OSPREY PUBLISHING

The Dutch Resistance 1940-45 Soldiers of Fortune

www.ospreypublishing.com





# **AMUSING HOBBY**

> 35A051 - 1:35 Tiger (P) 003

www.amusinghobby.com



# **DAS WERK**

DW 35032 - 1:35 T-72M Medium Tank

www.das-werk-models.com





# SIDE VIEW

# **TAR DECALS**

35C-1325 – 1:35 Axis Tank Mix 7

35C-1333 - 1:35 Tiger 1

35C-1338 – 1:35 Tanks and AFVs in Cuba 2

www.star-decals.net









Visit our website to subscribe to

Phoenix Aviation Modelling and Phoenix Scale Modelling There's a package to suit every pocket, so order now to secure your magazines for 2022.

There are plenty of options available including 3, 6 and 12 month subscriptions!



















MARITIME



# The Dark

JAMES ASHTON BUILDS THE 1:32 HOBBYBOSS A-26C INVADER

obbyBoss have long been known for their 1:48 boxings of Trumpeter 1:32 kits. From the instruction

sheets, decals and the plastic type and tooling, I think it safe to say that the two companies are at the very least, closely affiliated. For us modellers this has been a good thing as it means you get to build in a smaller scale some of those larger kits that are too big for most of us. I for one am a big

#### A-26C Invader

Manufacturer: HobbyBoss

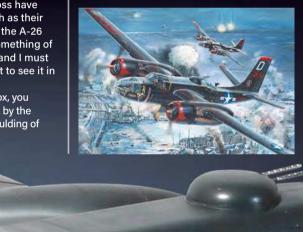
Kit Type: Plastic injection moulded

Kit Number: 83214

fan of 1:32 scale and have been missing, what seemed to be a non-stop flow of larger scale offerings from Trumpeter. Over the last couple of years HobbyBoss have taken up the baton, with kits such as their massive B-24 Liberator and now the A-26 Invader. This aircraft has seen something of a resurgence lately in 1:48 scale and I must admit I would never have thought to see it in this scale.

> Upon opening the large box, you are immediately struck by the

the parts. With very crisply defined recessed panel lines and fastener detail, immediately visible on the smooth blemish free airframe. The fuselage is moulded full length and has a thickness and strength to it that gives the impression that this is going to be an enjoyable and easy build. The interior is also well detailed, giving you everything you could need for a straight-from-the-box build. At the same time there is plenty of scope for

































# **A-26C Invader**

The Dark Reaper ► 1:32 Scale



# WHEN QUALITY MATTERS



HIGH QUALITY PAINTS FOR SCALE MODELS

#### AVAILABLE IN:

PREMIUM AIRBRUSH READY ACRYLIC LACQUER 30ml

ADVANCE COLOUR ACRYLIC LACQUER 10ml

INFINITE COLOUR WATER BASED 20ml







# TRADE ENQUIRY

AUSTRALIA / NZ / REST OF WORLD : info@scalemodeller.com.au
UNITED KINGDOM : sales@fmc-wholesale.com UNITED STATES : support@hobbynetics.com
CANADA : hqp2inc@gmail.com

# SCALEMODELLER.COM.AU







@THESCALEMODELLERSSUPPLY





KITTI TATSUMAKI BUILDS THE 1:72 HASEGAWA F-16CJ WITH DREAM MODEL DETAILING SETS

#### **HASEGAWA**

he 35th fighter Wing is an air combat unit of the United States Air Force

and the host unit at Misawa Air Base, Japan. The wing is also part of the Pacific Air Forces (PACAF)'s Fifth Air Force. The unit operates Block 50/52 F-16CJs modified to perform the Suppression of Enemy Air Defences (SEAD) mission, replacing the F-4G 'Wild Weasel' Phantoms. Capable of launching both the AGM-88 High-speed Anti-Radiation Missile (HARM) and AGM-45 Shrike anti-radiation missiles, the F-16CJs are equipped with a Lockheed Martin AN/ASS-35V Pave Penny laser spot tracker and the Texas Instruments AN/ASQ-213 HARM Targeting System (HTS),

### F-16CJ Block 50 Fighting Falcon

Manufacturer: Hasegawa

**Scale**: 1:72

Kit Type: Plastic injection moulded

Kit Number: 00448

with the HTS pod being mounted on the port intake hardpoint. For this build I am using the 1:72

Hasegawa kit with a Dream Model etched detailing set, and an etched engine set. I will be arming the aircraft with two AIM-9L/M Sidewinders, two AIM-120B AMRAAM, an AGM-88 HARM, three CBU-87/B combined effects munition (CEM) on a TER, and AN/ALQ-184 ECM Pod, an AN/AAQ-33 Sniper XR and an AN/ASQ-213 HTS. The first job was to dry fit some of the main components such as wings, tailfin and engine intake, and to modify the wing tip pylons for AIM-120 AMRAAMs. Once I was happy, I started to work with etched parts in the cockpit, which included the seat, the instrument panels and the HUD.































# The Hasegawa kit is quite old now and really benefited from a boost to the level of detail

The Hasegawa kit is quite old now and really benefited from a boost to the level of detail. Then I added the IFF panel on the nose, then the reinforcement plates on the spine and the antenna and the F-100 exhaust nozzles. For exhaust Nozzle, normally I will use a lighter to heat up the etch so that it will become softer and easier to bend, and I have to say the

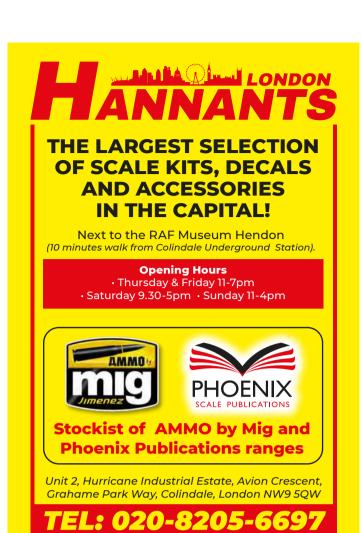
detailing on the Dream Model replacement is just superb!

Now as there are a lot of etched parts in the build, so the first thing I needed to do once the build was complete, was to add a coat of Mr Metal Primer-R before I applied my surfacer. The Primer-R will make the paint grip better on the metal parts and not peel off. Then I masked-off the canopy and primed the model with Mr Finishing Surfacer 1500 Grey. After this was dry, I wet sanded everything with a 3M Softback Microfine Sanding Sponge. Then, I started with a preshade of Gunze 40 German Grey, Gunze 72 Intermediate Blue, Gunze 43 Wood Brown, Gunze 315 FS16440 and Gaia 031 Ultimate White to simulate highlights, shadow, cold and warm shades and fading. For main colours, I used Gunze 305 FS36118, Gunze 306 FS36270, Gunze 307 FS36320 and Gunze



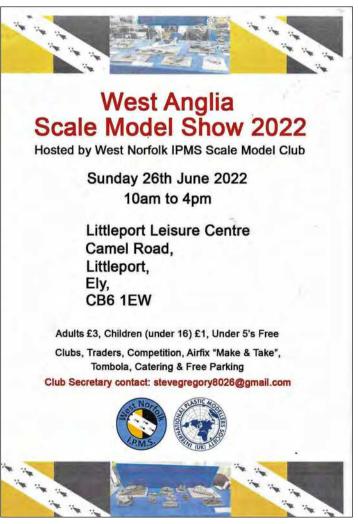
► WWW.PHOENIXSCALEPUBLICATIONS.CO.UK











Uzbek Fulcrum ► 1:32 Scale



## MATTEO BUZZO BUILDS THE 1:32 TRUMPETER MIG-29UB

#### TRUMPETER

have always been fascinated with exotic camouflage schemes and I am always on the look out

for anything that I have not seen reproduced before in scale. Such was the case here, when I came across some very rare photographs of the Uzbek MiG-29s, in a beautiful three-tone desert camouflage, before they were sent for maintenance and would emerge in dark grey scheme. My choice therefore fell onto one of only two Uzbek MiG-29UBs, this being 'White 61', which I planned to build using the 1:32 Trumpeter kit. The subject is documented in Yefim Gordon's MiG-29 book but as far as I could define had never been seen in plastic! Despite numerous searches in books and on the internet, I could not find any more

#### MIG-29UB

Manufacturer: Trumpeter

Kit Type: Injection moulded plastic

Kit Number: 03226

**Eduard Seatbelts** 

**Reskit Resin Wheels** 

information on the subject. Then a friend of mine sent me a single frame of an Uzbek propaganda film showing the UBs flying together, and painted in the fantastic desert scheme. That was all I needed to

start the project and set about sourcing the decals, which were a bespoke set printed by another friend.

On studying the kit, I realised that the lower surface was smooth, well paneled and riveted, while the upper surface was rough, with just a hint of riveting with shallow paneling. So, the upper surface, including the elevators, were completely sanded back and reworked with special engravers and a riveting tool. Finally, everything was cleaned up to remove any plastic dust and grease residue and to prepare the surface for painting. Perhaps the biggest problems with the Trumpeter kit are the wheel wells and the engine intakes. Both took a lot of



work, especially the intakes, which for ease of construction I decided t show with the internal FOD ramps closed. I also had to fix a seam line running underneath the intakes, around the radome and in

various other places, using Mr Surfacer 500, 1000 and the fantastic Perfect Plastic Putty. Once the surfaces were prepared, I moved on to the cockpit. This was simply detailed









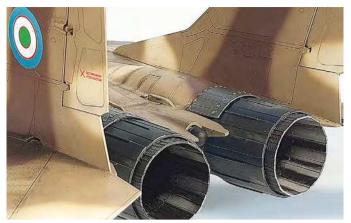














I am always on the look out for anything that I have not seen reproduced before in scale and I came across some very rare photographs of the Uzbek MiG-29s in a beautiful three-tone desert camouflage

and the seats were enhanced with Eduard etched seatbelts. The fuselage halves were then joined together and any flaws dealt with.

## PAINTING AND WEATHERING

Finally onto my favourite part, painting! After some experimentation, I settled on some custom mixes for the paintwork and these are all based on Mr Hobby colours, and they were Light Brown: H85 + H11 (0.25ml: 0.25ml), Medium Brown: H27 + H304 + H319 + H338 (0.25ml: 0.25ml: 1 drop: 3 drops), Dark Brown: H456 + H17 (1ml: 3 drops) and Light Blue: H338 + H45 (3ml: 2ml). Now, I do not use primer, in order not to reduce the surface details, but instead use a marker pen. So, once I had checked that everything was ok and clean, I started to apply the blue



Uzbek Fulcrum ► 1:32 Scale





























## **Trade Enquiry:**

# sales@fmc-wholesale.com

For more information on our products and to find a local stockist visit www.fmc-wholesale.com 01373 465295

# **Aircraft News**





# **EDUARD**

> 7099 - 1:72 Hurricane Mk.1 ProfiPACK

www.eduard.com

Hurricane Mk.I

Profipack

officers

Fig. No. 7099

# FIGHTERTOWN DECALS

▶ 48093 – 1:48 Black Hornet Adversary F/A-18E and F/A-18F

www.fightertowndecals.com



# WOLFPACK

WP17211 – 1:72 LT-6G Texan Korean Wa

► WP17210 – 1:72 F-22A Raptor Edwards AF

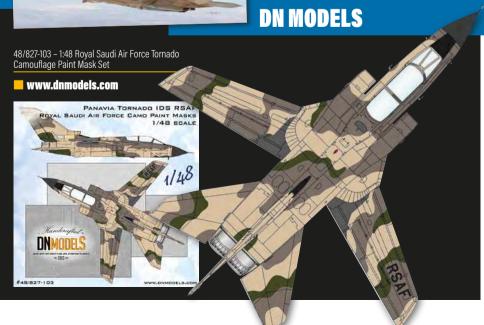
www.wolfpack-d.com





USAFFAC Aircraft

1/72 Scale



















fter removing the various casting seams, I started by adding a thin layer of grey primer from the aerosol

can. I also used black as a base, and by applying these colours in thin layers from a sufficient distance, it is easier to allow the layers dry thoroughly in between.

#### **EYES**

First, on any figure I always start by painting the eyes. I recommended not to use white, but a very light flesh colour to avoid the look of dolls eyes. A dot with a shade such as brown for the iris and a little pink in the corner of the eye also works well. Then I added a dark line on the upper eyelid.



Manufacturer: Pegaso Models

Kit Type: White metal

Kit Number: 54-133

The colour options offered are enormous and there is probably a combination of shades that appeals to your particular taste

### **FACE AND FLESH TONES**

I gave the face a base colour of Vallejo Beige 804 using a few thin layers. I then used four different mixes gradually going from light to dark using Vallejo Light Flesh 928. Then I used another three different mixes for the shadow colours using Vallejo Black Red 859. Into that mix added a very small amount of Tamiya X-21 Flat Base to make the paint more matt. On the higher part of the face, I applied some highlights and in the darker areas I applied some shadows to bring in some contrast. A little bit of black also provided and unshaven appearance around

#### **HELMET AND HARNESS**

All metals such as the helmets, bracelets and breastplates, including the metal parts on the sword I painted with Andrea Gold Paint Colour Set, which contains three gold shades and three filters. So, I began with the basic gold and then added the next shade, followed by some shadows using the darkest shade. Then the three filters were applied to being out the best effect. In my opinion, this set is highly recommended for all your gold work.



















I wanted to keep the colours a natural here, so no bright shades were used. So, I went for elements form the AK Interactive British World War II Uniform Set, adding some Vallejo Violet 960as a shadow filter.

#### **TROUSERS**

I painted these with two Lifecolor greys, adding some Vallejo 950 Black into the mix to create shadows, and some Vallejo Flesh for some highlights.

### COAT

My feeling is that if you think 'Celt' then you think stripes or a chequered pattern on any clothing. So, I decided to AK Interactive World War I Brown 3081 as a base Then I started to apply horizontal stripes Using AK Interactive World War II British Uniform Shadow. Then applied some vertical stripes so that you can clearly see where these lines meet. Finally, I added a thin line using Vallejo 918 Ivory. Of course, some corrections had to be made here and there.

### **SHOES**

The shoes were
made of leather,
and as you probably
know, leather can
be painted in a
variety of colours. In
this case I chose dark
brown. What I try to do
with all my figures is to
achieve some colour harmony
and by that, I mean that I use as many
shades as possible that I have already used
on the figure. A good example of this is the
brown I used in the cloak to make the shoes

#### **SWORD**

blend in.

All the metalwork here was done with the aforementioned Andrea Gold Set. For the sheath I chose a red shade to add some striking colour to the figure, and thus grab more attention. Here I used various Andrea colours again.







# Historex Agents

157 Snargate Street, Dover, Kent, CT17 9BZ, ENGLAN Tel: 01304 206720 eMail Sales@HistorexAgents.com

SOVEREIGN

1/9th Resin busts busts



**WWII** British Tanker



**WWII Falschirmjager** 



SS Tank commander



**ACW** infantryman



**British infantryman** 



French Voltageur 1809



95th Rifles



Officer 71st Highlanders 101st Airborne





SS Unterscharfuhrer



**Dwarf Warrior** 



**Axe Warrior** 



**British para** 



Medicene Man



Witch Master



The Hun



**Dog Soldier** 



Confederate cavalryman



Lasalle





**Panzer Grenadier** 



Grossdeutschland Div.



**Celtic Warrior** 



HISTOREX AGENTS, Wellington House, 157 Snargate Street, Dover, Kent, CT17 9BZ, ENGLAND Tel: 01304 206720 eMail Sales@HistorexAgents.com













FIGURES





MARITIME



# General Darg

IAN GASKELL DETAILS THE CREEPYTABLES BUST

#### **CREEPYTABLES**

ow and again, I will do a bust, just as a break from my usual 1:48 aircraft. But I am rubbish at painting

faces, trying to get skin tones right, and not trying not to make the subject look like they are in staring contest! That is why I enjoy sci-fi/fantasy subjects, as you can choose whatever colours you like. You have that freedom! This is 'General Darg', a nicely detailed 10.5cm resin bust from a company called Creepytables. As well as the main bust itself, you get six other parts. Namely a plinth, left and right Pauldrons, a pair of optical devices, and a central clasp for the Pauldrons. As mentioned, the detailing is pretty good, with very little cleaning up needed before starting to work on it.

First task was to give 'Darg' a clean-up, using some warm soapy water and gentle brush with a toothbrush. This cleans off any releasing agent that might be present, so paints go down without any issues (hopefully!). With the clean-up done, a coat of Alclad Black Primer was sprayed on all the parts, and left for a good day, or so, to cure fully. Once dry, I used a very fine Micromesh cloth, and lightly rubbed over all the parts, removing some of the slight roughness you can sometimes get from the Alclad product. For the skin colour, I used Hataka Pale Green Orange Line lacquer paint. This sprays beautifully, and thinning it to at least 50:50, gives great flexibility, and the colour was built up in three to four light coats. Some white was added to the pale green, lightening the colour slightly,

## **General Darg**

Manufacturer: Creepytables

**Scale**: 1:10

Design & Sculpture: Pawel Jaruga



and this was sprayed on some of the highlight areas, giving more tonal variations.

After some masking around the neck, the armour, Pauldrons, and optical devices, were painted with a Hataka Dark Blue. I next picked out the detailing on the armour. The edges of the Pauldrons were brush painted

using Vallejo Metal Dark Aluminium.
The Pauldron clasp was also
painted Dark Aluminium, and
I added some extra detail by
way of a some of clear plastic
from my 'spares box' (the sensor
head for a 1:48 missile in fact!). A dab
of Tamiya Clear Red on the back,
gave it a bright colour, giving the
impression of a precious stone. The
scroll detailing on the breastplate
was Vallejo Gold.



















# SIDE VIEW

# YOUNG MINIATURES

YH1863 - 1:10 Roman Vexillarius

www.youngminiatures.com



# **DG ARTWORK**

DG75F030 - 75mm Sword of the Wind

www.dgartwork.com



www.creativemodels.co.uk

35397 - 1:35 Totenkopf Division www.miniart-models.com

















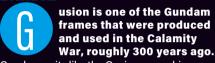




# Calamity War Gusion o

JEROEN BURGER BUILDS THE 1:144 BANDAI GUNDAM KIT

#### BANDAI



Gundam units like the Gusion can achieve a high energy output because they possess two Ahab Reactors. However, because it is difficult to run the two reactors in parallel operation, so only a total of seventy-two Gundam Frames were ever produced. By using the two reactors at their maximum output and combining that with high output thrusters, the Gusion was able to obtain excellent mobility while equipped with super heavy armour.

SCALEPUBLICATIONS.CO.UK

#### **Gundam Gusion**

Manufacturer: Bandai

**Scale**: 1:144

Kit Type: Plastic injection moulded

The Gusion is the 11th of the seventy-two Gundam Frames created by Gjallarhorn near the end of the Calamity War to counter the threat of the powerful mobile armour such as Hashmal. The Gundam Gusion was discovered in recent years in a high-density debris zone that's very difficult to

Gusion was one of the Gundam frames that were produced and used in the Calamity War



navigate. It is passed on between different pirate groups that operated in the area until it eventually landed in the hands of the Brewers, where it is used by MS Pilot Kudal Cadel. During Brewers' second battle with Tekkadan, the Gusion was out-maneuverer by Mikazuki and his lighter, more agile Gundam Barbatos. Trying to find a way of gaining the upper hand on Barbatos, Cadel saw Masahiro Altland engaged with his brothers' EB-06 Graze Custom. With the Graze's back was to the Gusion, Cadel charged with the intent of taking the Graze Custom as a

hostage.



















He then swung the Gusion's hammer at them, but Masahiro pushed Akihiro's Graze Custom out of the way at the last minute, and the hammer slammed into Masahiro's Man Rodis chest and pin it to the asteroid behind it. Barbatos continued its attack on the Gusion, eventually knocking its hammer away before stabbing its Long Sword between the exposed 'neck' of Gusion and through its cockpit, killing Cadel in the process. The machine was later seized by Tekkadan along

with nine salvageable Man Rodis. Since it was the Gusion that killed Akihiro's younger brother, Orga Itsuka considered selling the Gusion along with the nine Man Rodis. After a funeral was held for Tekkadan's crew and Brewers' Human Debris that died in the battle, Akihiro Altland expressed to Orga his desire to pilot the Gusion as a way of remembering his deceased brother. The unit's armour was later dismantled, and new armour fitted on using spare parts

from Gundam Barbatos and developed into Gundam Gusion Rebake. The kit built very easily, and I decided to add a custom paintjob using Mr Hobby Mahogany and White. The metallic areas were painted using a variety of shades, and the decals were mix take from several other Gundam kits. I then added some yellow detailing around the bodywork and finished off with a coat od Alclad Semi-Matt. The Bandai kits are just superb and lend themselves to a world of imagination!







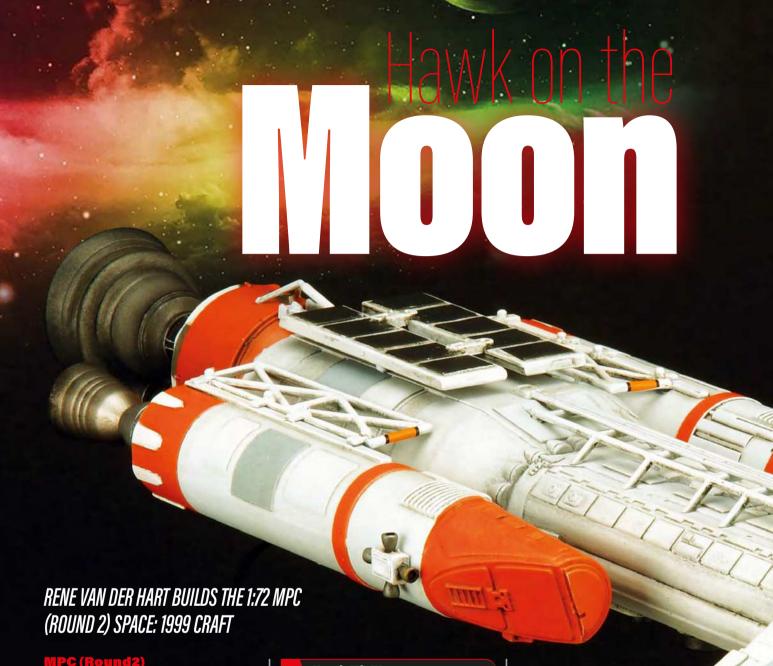












s a young old lad, around 1978, Space: 1999 aired on the Dutch TV network. As I was, at the time hooked on

everything sci-fi after seeing Star Wars on the big screen, this series had me glued to the TV with every new episode. The main star of the show was, of course, the Eagle Transporter. I already had a few years of modelling 'experience' under my belt and when I found out there were Space: 1999 kits on the market, I had to have the Airfix



### **Hawk Mk.IX**

Manufacturer: MPC (Round2)
Scale: 1:72

Kit Type: Plastic injection moulded Kit Number: MPC0881

Eagle too. Unfortunately, my budget was only sufficient to buy the smaller Hawk kit from the same brand. I can't remember what the finished, brush painted kit looked like but the memory is still great. Forty years later, I found a brand new release from MPC (Round 2) at a model show and this was purchased immediately. The kit sat in my collection for a few years but now, with the birth of Phoenix Scale Modelling Magazine, I had the perfect reason to build this beauty.

This new release by MPC is simply stunning. The details are really nice and the fit is great. A nice set of decals is included, as is a stand to show the model in flight. The main body is built up of an upper and lower fuselage half and an insert for the cockpit 'windows'. Here is where I made

the first deviation from the instructions.

On the TV model only the vertical parts are painted black, unlike on the Eagle where the horizontal part is black too. By coincidence, I found a photograph of a studio model where this area was painted black too. This was done for future episodes but the Hawk only appeared in a single episode and was seen in this configuration. Anyway, this part was painted first and then glued inside the fuselage and then masked off.

A great deal of planning has to be done with this build as you have to decide which















the engine, and Alclad Grey Primer was applied first, followed by several thin coats of Mr Hobby H12 White. For the other colours I loosely followed the painting instructions and painted several areas in black and different metal colours instead of Aluminium. I added a few drops to Mr Hobby H14 Orange, to make the colour slightly faded.

show.

The first part I painted was





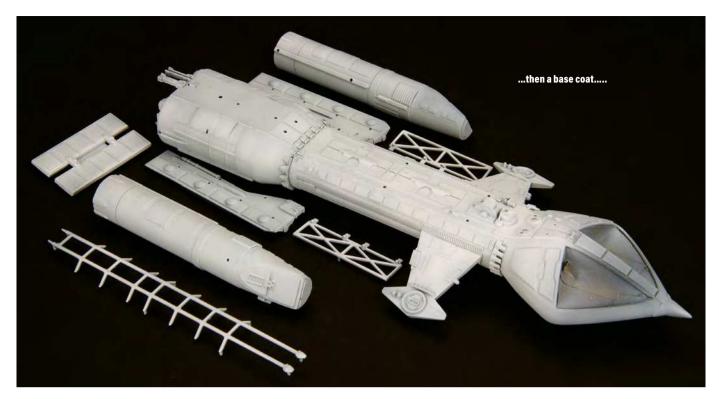


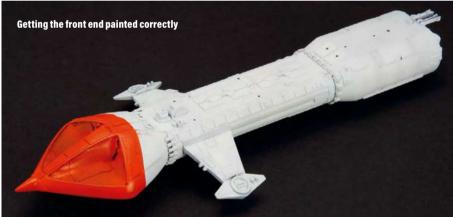












After the paint was dry, a few coats of Alclad Aqua Gloss were applied, followed by a wash made from Abteilung 502 Starship Filth (finally using it for what it was designed for) and White Spirit. This assembly was a test for the rest of the model, as I wanted the finished model to look used, but not like a complete wreck, as weathering white paint can easily be overdone.

Now this first assembly was finished, and after being satisfied with the result, many more sub-assemblies had to be made. As I mentioned before, the fit of this kit is very good and I needed only small amounts of filler to smooth out a few small seam lines. Most work went into cleaning the ladder construction on the spine and the frames



















next to this beautiful Hawk spaceship!

### SIDE VIEW



#### BANDA

2557094 – 1:12 The Mandalorian Beskar Armour

www.bandai.com



#### MPC

953 – 1:72 Millennium Falcon

www.mpc.com



#### **POLAR LIGHTS**

PL982 – Area 51 UFO

www.polar-lights.com





















# Sea Monster

GRANT DALZELL BUILDS THE 1:144 TAKOM LUN-CLASS EKRANOPLAN BY GRANT DALZELL



**TAKOM** 

he LUN-Class Ekranoplan is a ground effect vehicle (GEV) designed by **Rostislav Alexeyev in 1975** 

and was used by the Soviet and Russian Navy from 1987 until the late 1990's. It flew using lift generated by the ground effect acting on its large wings when within four metres above the surface of the water. The LUN had a crew of fifteen and was powered with eight Kuznetsov NK-87 turbofans with a maximum speed of 550 kilometres per hour. Equipped for anti-surface warfare, it carried the P-270 Moskit, (Mosquito), guided missile. Six missile launchers were mounted in pairs on the dorsal surface of the fuselage with advanced tracking systems in the nose and tail.



This build is of Takom's new 1:144 release of the LUN-Class Ekranoplan. The build starts with the cockpit, and ves, it is tiny, with the cockpit tub a little over 2cm long. The tub is moulded as one-piece and slots into the front fuselage halves, and unfortunately Takom have put ejector pins where the cockpit side

walls are seen, so these need to be cleaned up. There are no colour call outs in the instructions for the cockpit, so I

had to source images on the internet to give me an idea of colours. I ended up using a light grey for the tub and walls, Russian cockpit turquoise for the instrument panel and yokes and I hand painted in the seats. I also added some foil harnesses to the seats. Once painted the cockpit received a custom wash of Abteilung Smoke oil paint and when dry, a coat of Mr Color Flat Clear was given. The front fuselage halves were then glued together.

#### **LUN-Class Ekranoplan**

Manufacturer: Takom

Scale: 1:144

Kit Type: Plastic injection moulded

Kit Number: 03002

I chose the box art scheme, an example from the **Black Sea Fleet,** 1987





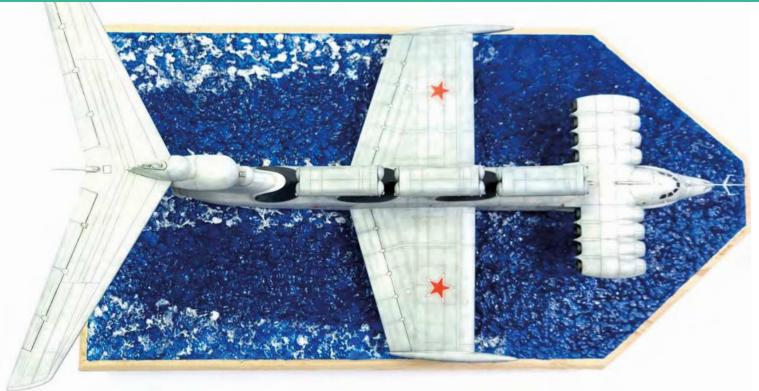












#### **CLEAR PARTS**

There are clear parts for all the port holes in the model that glue from the inside, but I decided to leave these out and use Kristal Klear at the end of the build. There are four lifting strakes that slot into the lower nose. I had small gaps where they meet at the tip on mine, I tried manoeuvring for a better fit, but they were a real tight fit and forcing the issue would probably have resulted in a break, so I used plasticard to bridge the tiny gaps. I did a seam check on the front section at this stage as it was easier to handle before adding the back fuselage.

#### **REAR FUSELAGE**

On adding the rear fuselage sections, a good side fit was had with nice flush joins to the front, but the underside had quite a large gap which was taken care of with Tamiya putty. After another shot of primer to check seams and tidy up where required, I looked at the canopy piece and the two clear parts for the gun turrets. Unfortunately, all of these were poor fits, the canopy especially, requiring some plastic of the airframe to be shaved down to get better fits.

#### TAIL SECTION

The tail section was glued together, when dry, I tried a dry fit to the fuselage, and it did not fit. The fuselage has a countersunk area that the tail seats into, and this was too tight, so I scraped the edges of both areas to allow for a better seat. The wings and the outrigger floats were glued together with no problems. The multi engine nacelles went together nicely but were difficult to clean up the seams, as they are in hard to get at areas. Small files, sandpaper and bits of sanding sponges were used to achieve desired results. The missile launchers also went together without a fuss,



LUN-Class Sea Monster ► 1:144 Scale



#### **RIVETS**

As I was adding rivet details, it was easier to do this by working on sub-sections. A 0.40mm Rosie the Riveter was used on the missile launchers, wings, tail pieces and engine nacelles and the fuselage where I wanted the rivet detail. Most of the areas I used a ruler to mark pencil lines and wiped off with IPA when done. Some areas I used Tamiya Tape strips, and freehand in difficult areas. I was at the stage now where I needed to work out how I would paint the beast! I decided it would be better to paint the wings separately, as with the engine nacelles and missile launchers. The tail section was glued on to the fuselage.

#### SCHEME AND PAINTING

I chose the box art scheme, Black Sea Fleet, 1987. Takom have a partnership with Ammo/ Mig, so all colour call outs are for this brand. I could not find a direct match for the blue on the bottom of the fuselage and outrigger floats, so I made up a custom blue to try and match. Once dry and glossed, these areas were masked off. The Grey was an easier match to find and Mr Color C311 was used for the rest of the model a black primer was laid down and then heavily thinned C311 was applied, gradually building up the layers. The blast areas under the launchers were painted Mr Hobby H333 Extra Dark Sea Grey.

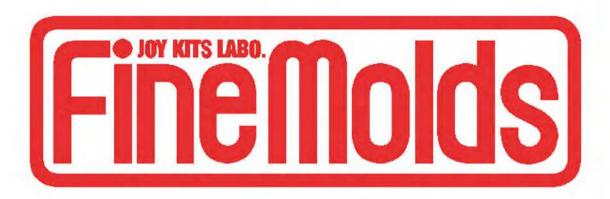
The model was then given a coat of Mr Color Gloss Super Clear III, then the decals were applied. There were only eight for the scheme I chose, six Russian stars and two Russian Naval insignia the tail. Two stars were left off as they were on the underside of the wings. As the Ekranoplan flew only a few metres above water, I couldn't see much point in markings on the underside. The decals were extremely matt, and they took several coats of Agama Hypersol to settle them down.

next, followed by the missile launchers, then engines. A heavily thinned mix of the C311 Grey was then used for touch ups and blending in where required. During the build, I bumped and broke some of the gun barrels, so I removed the others and replaced them with some brass tube. Micro Kristal Klear was then applied with a toothpick in all the porthole windows. As the name suggests, this product dries clear like glass. The final part was to add the nose pitot, this was glued on, and the model was complete.

#### THE BASE

Early in the build I felt that this model needed a base to display it on. So, I sourced a piece of pine large enough and cut to a shape, used a router to give base a nice edge. I measured the fuselage and the drilled holes for two clear pieces of acrylic rod to be placed, and drilled holes accordingly in the pine base. Next, I used some various shades of blue and airbrushed these on the base. Following this, I used Vallejo Water Texture, this an acrylic paste and is very easy to use to simulate a look of water. Next, Ak Interactive Water Foam acrylic paste was used to add some foam to the waves trailing behind the craft. To finish off, varnish was applied to the base edge.









## FINDMOLDS.CO.JP

Trade Enquiry: sales@fmc-wholesale.com

For more information on our products and to find a local stockist visit www.fmc-wholesale.com 01373 465295

Phoenix Scale Modelling

**ISSUE 2 MARCH 2022** 

ED BY Phoenix Scale Publications LLP 16 Swift Close, Newport Pagnell MK16 8PP

**LEPHONE** - 07720 575109

- mail@phoenixscalepublications.co.uk

**ESIGNATED LLP MEMBERS** - Andy Evans, David Francis, Jonathan Phillips, Andy Folds

ANAGING EDITOR – Andy Evans andy@phoenixscalepublications.co.uk

**DITOR** - David Francis

david@phoenixscalepublications.co.uk

SSISTANT EDITOR - Tim Upson-Smith tim@phoenixscalepublications.co.uk

DESIGN & LAYOUT - Jonathan Phillips

jon@phoenixscalepublications.co.uk

TRIBUTORS – Mark Thomson; Chris Fergusson; Lee Powell; Matteo Buzzo; Kitti Tatsumaki; James Ashton; Ian Gaskell; Peter Merts; Grant Dalzell; Rene van der Hart; Jeroen Burger

SUPPORT - Mat Parks, Rural Tiger Design

- 2753-233

PRINT - Warners Midlands Plc.

HUTION - Warners Group Publications Plc.

Due to the growing misuse and breach of copyright apparent on the web Phoenix Scale Publications LLP gives notice that no-one is permitted to reproduce in any way (in original form or 'modified') anything published in this, or previous editions of this magazine. All design, layout and studio photography is the copyright of Phoenix Scale Publications LLP. All profiles, scale plans and supporting photographs are the copyright of the individual authors. None of these may be used without prior written agreement from both the author/artist and Phoenix Scale Publications LLP. Infringement is a breach of international law, so if you see items posted on the web from this magazine other than on the official Phoenix Scale Publications LLP website (www. phoenixscalepublications.co.uk) please advise the publisher immediately.

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted (including posting to a website) in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopy, recording, or any other information storage and retrieval system, without prior permission in writing from the publishers.

April Issue On Sale Date - 31st March 2022

## COMING SOON

FOR THE APRIL ISSUE OF PHOENIX SCALE MODELLING, HERE'S JUST A LITTLE TASTER OF WHAT WE HAVE PLANNED!



#### Lemmy's Lorry

Jezz Coleman builds the 1:32 Revell Motorhead Tour Truck

#### McLaren's Winning Formula

Rene van der Hart builds the 1:20 F1 Honda MP4/4

#### X-Plane

Grant Dalzell looks at the 1:48 Freedom Model Kits X-47B US Navy UCAS Air Refuelling Limited Edition and 'X-Planes' it all!

#### **Turkish Delight**

Lee Powell builds the 1:48 Kinetic F-16C in the markings of the Türk Hava Kuvvetler

#### **Snow Marten** Huw Morgan builds the 1:72 Special Armour

Sd.Kfz.131 Marder II



Speeding Mandalorian

printed model

Jezz Coleman brings a fresh view to a 3D

So be sure to order your copy now at:-

www.phoenixscalepublications.co.uk

Extra content is available in our digital issues.



## Historex Agents





Roket superglue Super-thin, fast, penetrating adhesive sets 1-5 sec.



#### AD 69 Cyano Glue Gel

A high strength cyano glue that does not run and is ideal for gap filling. Fast 10 second bond, Bonds: wood, plastic, metal, card, rubber etc.



#### **AD 44 Roket Rapid**

Roket superglue Medium viscosity, fast setting adhesive sets 5-10 sec.



#### **AD 48 Glue Buster**

Debonder and dissolver of superglue Releases bonded skin and removes superglue stains. Stays on site for faster debonding action,



#### AD 45 Roket Max

Roket superglue Thick, maximum gap-filling adhesive sets 10-20 sec.



#### **AD 18 Roket Powder**

Strengthening powder for use with thin cyano adhesives to improve gap filling and toughness.



Roket.. Plastic Glue

#### AD 46 Roket Odourless

Roket superglue Crystal clear, non-blooming cyano glue sets 10-20 sec.



#### AD 17 Roket Blaster

Cyano accelerator Spray permits Roket to bond difficult surfaces



#### AD 62 Roket Plastic Glue

Liquid Plastic cement.
Non-toxic, non-flammable,
low odour and fine non-clog
tip. Can also be applied

with brush, or Micro Tips. Bonds in 8-10



#### AD 70 Plastic kit Glue

A very fast, plastic cement for all types of plastic kits. The clog-resistant formula and fine tip bottle make for great ease of use. Bonds: styrene, clear plastic, and even wood to plastic.



#### AD 55 Glue 'n' Glaze

For bonding clear window plastic to painted/unpainted wood/ plastic frames without marking Water clean up. 50ml.



#### **AD 73 Speed Epoxy II**

A new range of high strength, rapid setting, epoxy glues that are formulated to set hard, clear, sandable, and tolerate mixing ratio errors. Packed in attractive boxes, each bottle has a new 'witches hat' free flowing nozzl..

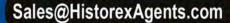


#### Watch preview videos

You Tube



See our new videos www.HistorexAgents.com/video



www.HistorexAgents.com

## Reach for the Stars!



www.kineticmodel.com



F-104C Starfighter, 434th TFS, 479th TFW, George AFB, Ca

60908

FG-90

## U.S. AIR FORCE F-104A/C

**USAF STARFIGHTER** 



F-104A Starfighter, 434tht TFS, 479th TFW, George AFB, Ca



F-104C Starfighter, 435th TFS, 479th TFW, Udorn, RTAFB

#### Model Features:

- Lockheed C-2 ejection seat
- Avionics Bay (behind the cockpit)
- Detail NLG wheel well
- **Bulged** tires
- Positional flaps and slats

Decals printed by

cartograf

Photo Etched part is included

K48096

0

KINETIC G O L D



New engraving technology for crisp panel line and laser engraving for super detail











/Kinetic Models

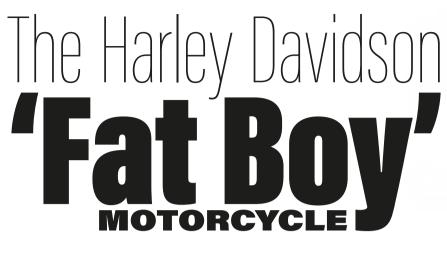












he Harley-Davidson 'Fat Boy,' is a V-twin 'Softail' cruiser motorcycle with solid-cast disc wheels.

Designed by Willie G. Davidson and Louie Netz, Harley-Davidson built a prototype Fat Boy in Milwaukee for the Daytona Bike Week rally at Daytona Beach in 1988 and 1989. Fat Boys were produced from 1990-2017 are coded FLSTF, and FLFB (and FLFBS) from 2018. An oft-repeated false etymology claims that the name comes from a contraction

of Fat Man and Little Boy, the atomic bombs dropped on Japan during WWII, as a symbolic insult to Japanese motorcycles. This has been debunked, as the name 'Fat Boy' actually comes from the observation that the motorcycle is somewhat wider than other bikes when viewed head-on. In a 2015 interview, Scott Miller, Harley-Davidson's vice president of styling and product development, confirmed that the name was simply descriptive and had nothing to do with Harley's Japanese competitors.

In 1996 the master cylinder and switch gear were revised.

In 1999 a new 1,450cc (88cu in) Twin
Cam engine for the 2000 model
year was used. This necessitated
a bespoke engine variant and
changes to the frame.
In 2002 bullet-style indicators,
alarm and immobilizer were
added.[10]

In 2005 a 15th Anniversary version was sold with a "Screamin' Eagle" engine, special paint and custom wheels.

In 2007 the displacement was increased to 1,584cc (96.7cu in) and the transmission changed six speeds.

The 2010 'Fat Boy Lo' FLSTFB had the lowest ever Harley seat height. In 2012 the Fat Boy received the new 1,690cc (103cu in) Twin Cam engine along with the rest of the softail range



## EXTRA DIGITAL CONTENT

































# Porsche 934 RSR MADE THOMSON SHAPES MODE IMAGES OF HIS THE 1-2A DELIENT BODGS OF BODGS MADE THOMSON SHAPES MODE IMAGES OF HIS THE 1-2A DELIENT BODGS OF BODGS MADE THOMSON SHAPES MODE IMAGES OF HIS THE 1-2A DELIENT BODGS OF BODGS MADE THOMSON SHAPES MODE IMAGES OF HIS THE 1-2A DELIENT BODGS OF BODGS MADE THOMSON SHAPES OF HIS THE 1-2A DELIENT BODGS OF BODGS































# Ekranopian Ekranopian

## TO BACK UP OUR MODEL BUILD IN PSM HERE'S A LITTLE BACKGROUND INFORMATION AND AN UPDATE ON THE SOLE SURVIVING EXAMPLE

he Lun-class ekranoplan was developed on the basis of the experimental KM Ekranoplan, which was

nicknamed the 'Caspian Sea Monster'. The Lun was powered with eight Kuznetsov NK-87 turbofans, mounted on forward canards, each producing 127.4kN of thrust. It had a flying boat hull with a large deflecting plate at the bottom to provide a 'step' for take-off. It had a maximum cruising speed of 340mph, and was equipped for anti-surface warfare, carrying the P-270 Moskit (Mosquito) guided missile. Six missile launchers were mounted in pairs on the dorsal surface of its fuselage with advanced tracking systems mounted in its nose and tail. The only model of this class ever built to completion, the MD-160, entered service with the Soviet Navy Caspian Flotilla in 1987. It was retired in the late 1990s and sat unused at a Caspian Sea naval base in Kaspiysk until 2020. A second Lun-class ekranoplan was partially built in the late 1980s. While its construction was underway,

it was redesigned as a mobile field hospital for rapid deployment to any ocean or coastal location. Following the collapse of the Soviet Union in 1991 and cancellation of military funding, construction of the second craft was halted. As of 2021, the uncompleted model was stored adjacent to

The only model of this class ever built to completion, the MD-160, entered service with the Soviet Navy Caspian Flotilla in 1987

the Volga River in an old industrial complex within the central Russian city of Nizhny Novgorod.

On 31 July 2020, the completed MD-160 Lun-class ekranoplan was towed out of the naval base in Kaspiysk, with the intention of being eventually put on public display in Derbent, Dagestan, at the planned Patriot Park, a combination museum and theme park that will display Soviet and Russian military equipment. The towing operation involved the use of rubber pontoons, three tugboats and two escort vessels, and would have covered approximately 62 miles had it been completed. However, during the tow the Ekranoplan became stuck just offshore of a sandy beach, short of the intended destination. The team managing the towing operation was unable to free the massive vehicle, so the Ekranoplan was secured and remained beached in the surf zone while plans were drawn up on how to continue the move to Patriot Park. In the meantime, the unusual craft began attracting attention from the media, onlookers, and trespassing 'urban

















explorers', even before the park was built. One report published in August 2020 stated that the hull, exposed to the waves in the surf zone, was taking on water. Moving the craft to dry land beyond the surf zone would eliminate the possibility that increased wave action during storms could damage the hull further. In December 2020 a successful recovery operation resulted in the Ekranoplan

being hauled out of the water, nose-first, with the tail ending up about 65-100ft from the sea. It was eventually towed ashore on 30 December 2021.





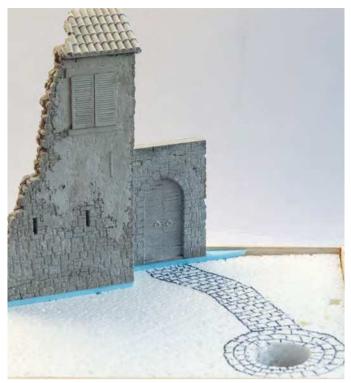










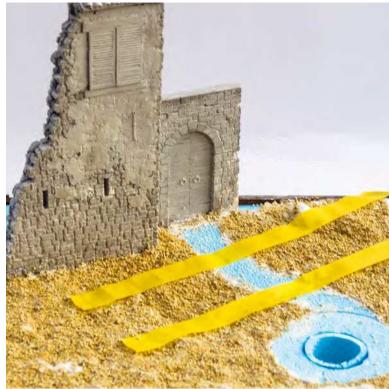


Design sketched out



Ready for vegetation note original path idea

stirrer which was allowed to jump over the bricks to give random damage. More foam is layered onto the bamboo strips to the height of the sides. I drew where I wanted the paved path to the well and added the building facia to the base. (Note - it's easier to paint the facia off the base, don't be too eager to add it first). The groundwork was added from multiple sources in layers using diluted wood glue. After the first layer I added the tape to stop building up under the tank tracks. The next bit was fun. For the 'crazy paving' I stretched some clingfilm over a photo frame and create a very thin layer of plaster of Paris/gypsum. When thoroughly dry this is gently broken up with a small hammer (for control) and added to the base. The mortar is added using a brown dry pigment brushed into the cracks and fixed with water. The painting of the building, well and groundwork is an exercise in randomness, so random that I lost track of what I used. The facia was



Groundwork added to PVA with tank track areas masked



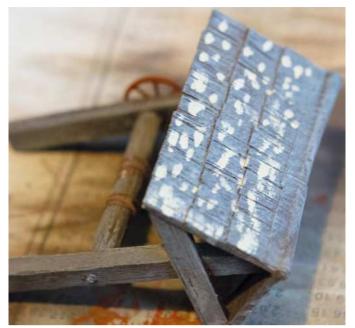
Changed path idea to crazy paving created by plaster on clingfilm

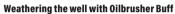
## The kit is well boxed and packaged and has some 480 parts, mostly styrene but a good amount of etch

built up with various browns, some diluted and used on the groundwork. The terracotta plaster and green shutters are true to life and from a photo I took in Lake Garda Italy. Some dark washed were added, and then a second layer in the bottom few centimetres of the building. The same browns were used on the inside and outside of the well, with lots of

wash added to the inside. The roof of the well was painted a mix of dark browns and grey but then given a dot filter of Ammo by Mig Oilbrusher Sand to give a dusty feel.

The kit is well boxed and packaged and has some 480 parts, mostly styrene but a good amount of etch. As typical with any AFV or Sherman build it starts with the basic chassis, moves to the wheels and then build the top body. There isn't a Sherman out there that doesn't follow the same basic common sense build route. What is nice about the Dragon Sherman 3 is that has enough detail and adaptability to make each and every build unique. The pistol port was reinstated on later Sherman's for ease of removing spent shells. This was easily incorporated into the diorama with a basic arm and spent shell appearing from the turret. The 75mm empty shells came from an unremembered source, there are many suppliers around. I will admit that I love the extra detail that etch gives a model but







Well that looks OK













S = Dot Dot Dot also messy job



Base colour and flat black pattern added then decals



Dots blended with a downwards stroke





Figures given base coat and different drybrushes to give some variation of colour

will admit that I hate it with a passion, and this kit has lots of Brass. All the dust shields and front/ rear guards are brass as is the useful brackets along the vehicle which I believe to be the remnants of the lorry disguise system. This area will be covered up later by the MiniArt baggage which is designed to fit this system.

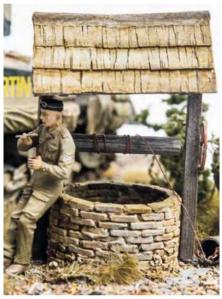
I mixed up the wheels a little with spoked and solid wheels as seen on many references.

The completed build is primed using Ammo by Mig 2008 Desert Sand Surface Primer which gives an excellent base for the main colour. Using references from MAFVA website and Mike Starmer/Mike Cooper I mixed up a large batch of British Light Mud. As specified in the article, this isn't an exact colour, but I would follow their reference as close as possible. The ratios used were Tamiya XF55, XF49 and XF66 mixed 4:2:1. This was diluted for airbrush by 50% using Tamiya thinner. For my batch there were 200 drops of XF55 for example (yes, I counted each one, hows that for dedication to the cause). This airbrushes on for a nice smooth muddy grey colour. The pattern of black was hand brush applied following the instructions guide. I would normally use masking tape and

airbrush to create but I am very conscious of the delicate PE brass that will be damaged. I am not overly concerned with the coverage or accuracy as this will be a heavily weathered vehicle, but more on that later. I also left off the pioneer tools to paint separately.

Typically, British armour in field would have a .30 or .50 Browning machine gun on display. This isn't supplied in the kit, so the spares boxes yielded up the necessary.

Decals are included for three tanks of the Royal Wiltshire Yeomanry from 1943 when they were stationed in Italy, which suits me



Tin of Tomato soup leaning on an Italian well



A relaxing moment

