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OODWORKERS August 2000 Volume 24, Number 4

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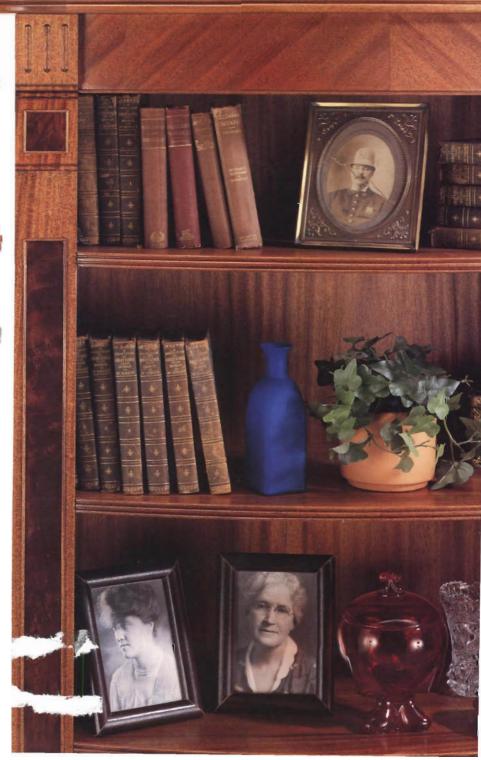
Create a croquet set

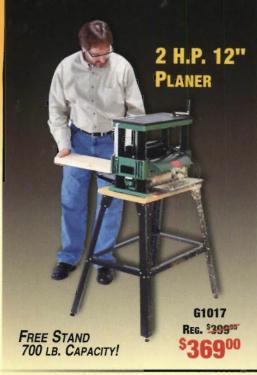
A Finish to Dye For In the shop with Michael Dresdner





www.woodworker., arnal.com





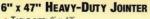
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- · APPROX. SHIPPING WEIGHT: 165 LBS.



10" HEAVY-DUTY TABLE SAW

- Table Size w/ Extension Wings: 271/8" x 405/6"
- RAIL DIMENSIONS: 44" x 1%" MAXIMUM RIPPING CAPACITY: 24"
- Cutting Capacity at 90": 3%" Cutting Capacity at 45": 2%"
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- 110V) . APPROX, SHIPPING WEIGHT: 220 LBS.



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- TABLE SIZE W/ EXTENSION WINGS: 361/4" x 271/6
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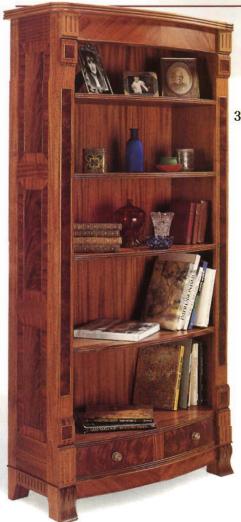
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Dog Days of Woodworking

Ah, summer. The hum of the table saw in the night air wait, was that a swarm of mosquitoes? And the always welcome smell of freshly machined sawdust ... wait a minute, those are mesquite chips under the grill.

Ok, ok, I understand. Even the most jaded woodworker has to take a little time off during the summer months to recharge those batteries.

Yes, it's summertime again, when nearly everyone goes on vacation and thoughts of the shop get left behind for short spans of time. But just because you're not in the shop doesn't mean woodworking can't go with you. Pack a few back issues of Woodworker's Journal in that suitcase or backpack – you're liable to learn a thing or two during your down time!

For our part, Editor **Rob**Johnstone and I will be spending part of our summer vacations this year on the woodworking show circuit: from Chicago to Atlanta, we'll be checking out the newest in tools to bring to you in future issues. Rob's also planning a road trip this summer to visit your favorite tool



manufacturers. We'll run a version of his excellent adventure, complete with pictures, in an upcoming issue.

Speaking of excellent adventures, it's not often you get a chance to win \$1,000 worth of tools just for carving one of the country's most talked about personalities — Minnesota's governor, Jesse (formerly "The

Body") Ventura. A contest for woodcarvers to create Jesse's

likeness occurred this spring, sponsored by our friends at Minnesota-based Rockler Woodworking and Hardware. Everyone had fun, a big check went to Habitat for Humanity (all the entry fees), and our guv

took it in good spirits. Check out the selection of entries in this issue's *Shop Talk* on page 16.

#

Of course, our projects this issue will help you enjoy your summer, too. Swing your mallets through a few croquet parties; store your summer reading on our stylish mahogany bookcase or let your kids — like mine — keep the trinkets they pick up on your travels in their own Miniature Shadow Boxes. Best-selling author and woodworker Patrick Spielman joins our woodworking community this issue with a review of a brand new scroll saw, and Ian Kirby (Surfacing Wood with a Plane) and Michael Dresdner (Finishing with Dyes) are both back with some great advice.

Lang N. Storden

The Woodworker's Journal eZine

launched this spring and was a huge success! It's the first fully electronic woodworking magazine on the web, and it's free, every two weeks! You can sign up at woodworkersjournal.com.

JULY/AUGUST 2000

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Beauty is only a few layers deep.

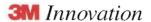
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LETTERS



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Taming the Dragon

I really like the design of the dragon toy (Articulating the Dragon) in your April 2000 issue, but using a scratch awl to cut a groove in the edge of a fast rotating wheel seems like an accident waiting to happen.

I solved this potential problem by running a screw through a piece of wood just a little bigger than a toothbrush at a 90° angle to the length. This item not only has a smaller metal part that prevents it from going too deep into the wood, but also is a lot lighter than my scratch awl.

Donald Pelton

Colorado Springs, Colorado

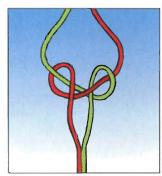
Corrections

The dragon story in April 2000 included an incorrect dimension for the lacewood used for the wings. The 1/4" lacewood, as stated in the material list, is correct.



In the April 2000 issue, you describe the assembly of electric lamp hardware (*Hardware Hints*). There is one improvement I would like to add for increased safety:

In order to prevent the electrical connections from being pulled off the screws by any strain on the cord, a knot called an "underwriter's knot" is traditionally used. The knot is tied between the socket base and the socket itself.



I will refer you to almost any packaged lamp kit or cord replacement kit for further detail; you can also find an online example at www.best.com/~mikesand/ShowHowItWorks3.html.

D.C. Price Lakeridge, Virginia

According to my observation, even two-prong electrical cords have been polarized (hot and cold/ground) for years, and this could be critical in certain situations.

The broad plug blade is the cold one, which should be neutral and grounded in a properly wired house. The neutral wire is identified by multi-ribbing on the insulation. It should be connected to the silver screw on a socket — the threaded outer shell. The narrow plug blade is the hot one, which connects to the smooth wire and should be connected to the brass screw, which leads to the center contacts.

In the case of changing a bulb in a situation where a person can be accidentally grounded, contact with a plugged-in shell could be dangerous or fatal. I know, we should unplug the fixtures before changing the bulb, but when was the last time you did that?

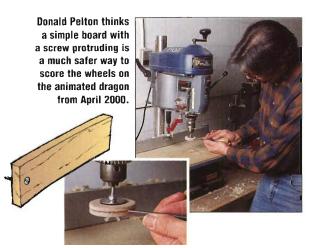
Charles Brewer St. Clairsville, Ohio

RAM Keeps RPM Going

After reading the April 2000 *On the Level* entitled "RAM or RPMs?" let me first say that I share your amazement at the growth of the Internet and its penetration of our daily lives. But this is not all bad.

I live in a town where you have to travel 250 miles to touch a 3 HP router. If Home Depot doesn't have what I need, I have to order the item and hope that it really is what I need. Are you beginning to hear the violins in the background?

Although the Internet does not take me to a place where I can interact with



fellow woodworkers over a cup of coffee, or allow me to touch a Unisaw, it does bring these things closer to me. A virtual visit to a manufacturer's web site gives me a lot more information on a tool than anything else available to me. Most of all, I enjoy the information and camaraderie of the many newsgroups.

I can't speak for everyone, Larry, but I would have given up woodworking a long time ago if the Internet had not made it

much more fun. So, wipe that speck of sawdust from your eye and just think of your computer as one of your more valuable woodworking tools. Maybe not as valuable as a speedsquare, but certainly up there with a back saw or miter box.

Iohn Howard Tallahassee, Florida

I took up the evil habit of woodworking about four years ago and have lots to learn. Many of the techniques I need to understand are on the Net.

been able to glean a lot from these sources, but a hard copy in the hand. like the Woodworker's *Iournal*, is [still] a great comfort to those of us who grew up in real vs.

and I have

Ken Maurizi Galesburg, Illinois

Use an adjustable

I have been a computer user since 1984 and

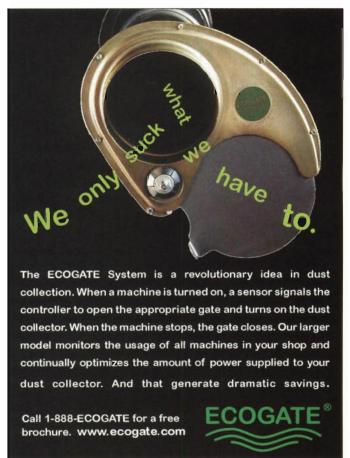
virtual libraries.

monitor arm to Eyes should be level position the with the top of screen to the the screen. right height. 240-Wrists are level with the keyboard. 15 28" to 30" 23" to 28" to 18 to table to keyboard seat 16° to 20 depth height

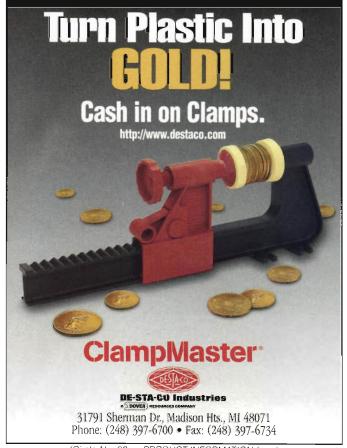
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Don't be a wooden head. If you're spending a lot of time at your computer, make sure your workspace is ergonomically correct.

continues on page 10 ...







(Circle No. 82 on PRODUCT INFORMATION form)



a woodworker since childhood (the 1950s). In the last year, my wife and I bought a new computer, but more importantly, with her help, I have also purchased a set of Bessy clamps, a JET jointer to replace my old one, a hollow chisel mortiser, a spindle sander, a good battery-operated drill, a tenoning jig, a new compressor, an air nailer, and other odds and ends.

If I had to choose between spending time in the shop or in front of my computer, the shop would win. If I had to choose between getting rid of my computer or my table saw, the computer would be gone in a flash. The computer is a great tool, but my heart belongs to Delta, JET, Grizzly, Craftsman, Makita, Bosch, DeWalt, Skil, Leigh, Porter Cable ...

Jerry Brightbill Tonasket, Washington

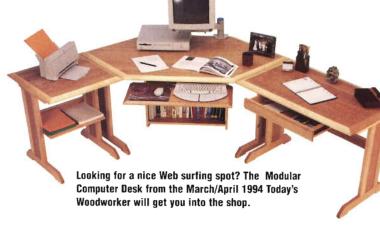
Another project to cut your [saw]teeth on is the Computer Cabinet from Today's Woodworker Sept/Oct 1997.

I am a model builder who likes to build and fly scale model aircraft. I also just installed a computer in the house.

I have four grandchildren who live out of state. When they come to Papa's house, they always want to build something. After building numerous airplanes, their mother said, "enough is enough." That was shortly after I found the web site in your magazine. I took time to look at it and found plans of birdhouses, napkin holders and other small projects that I can use with the grandchildren when they want to make a project.

Was that time wasted? I don't think so. With plans in hand, I can keep on teaching the woodworking skills that the kids need to

keep advancing to
more advanced
projects. In this case,
the RAM is going to
keep the RPM going.
Ron Hemphill
Butler, Pennsylvania



Sorry to say that, yes, indeed, I spend more time surfing about wood than surfacing it. I console myself, however, with the fact that I am new to woodworking, and therefore am justified in searching the Web for guidance. Also, my access to a shop is limited, as I don't have one! I use the Web to get my woodworking fix.

Frank Krar Washington, D.C

Your [editorial] "RAM or RPMs?" is interesting.
However, using the letters RPMs is wrong. There should not be an "s" after rpm. RPMs is used by many people mistakenly because rpm stands for revolutions per minute (not minutes). It would be more correct to say RsPM, but I wouldn't even try to convert anyone to that.

Bill Walraven Champlin, Minnesota 🔑 Safety First: Learning how
to operate power and hand
tools is essential for
developing safe
woodworking practices.
For purposes of clarity,
necessary guards have been
removed from equipment
shown in our magazine. We
in no way recommend using
this equipment without
safety guards and urge
readers to strictly follow
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Shop Secrets

A Little "Pick-me-up"

I often need to "lift" a design or a letter from some of my woodworking jobs in order to repeat them on a new repair section, etc. I used to do this with tracing paper, but it was always getting torn. I solved this problem by using heavier opaque paper and alcohol. After placing the paper, simply rub it with alcohol and the paper becomes very transparent, allowing you to easily trace the work. After a few moments the alcohol evaporates, leaving the tracing dry and clean.

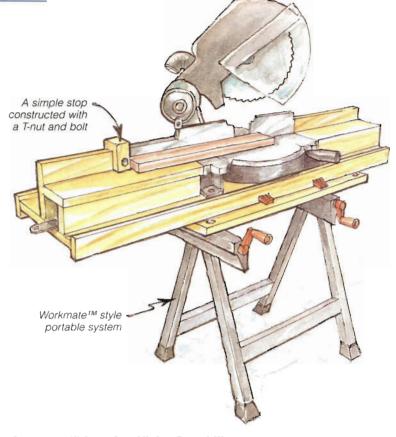
Howard Moody Upper Jay, New York

Magnetic Attraction

When installing a screw into a tight spot, I found I could hold the screw to the screwdriver blade by attaching a small rare earth magnet on the screwdriver shank near the blade. The magnet does not get in the way, and it can be removed as soon as the job is done.

Bob Kelland

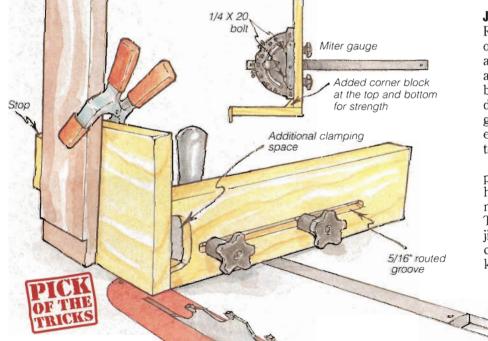
St. John's, Newfoundland



Expanding Space — Without Sacrificing Portability

I extended the working table of my power miter saw by adding permanent mounted extensions to each side. It maintains portability in the workshop, or mounted at a job site. The saw can also be easily removed. I added threaded inserts in the plywood base to fasten the saw securely to the table with bolts through the saw's foot holes. To duplicate cuts, I added a stop block to attach to the fence.

Walter L. France Lithia Springs, Georgia



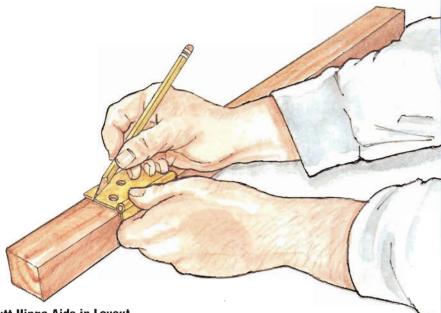
Jig Produces Terrific Tenons

Recently I needed to cut a lot of tenons for a project. Lacking a good dado blade, much less a tenoning attachment, I decided to build my own jig. Two factors determined size: fitting the miter gauge on my table saw and offering enough adjustability to cut stock up to 3" thick.

I clamp the stock to be cut in place with spring or C-clamps. The hole along the jig's front edge gives me another clamping opportunity. Then loosen the knobs and slide the jig back and forth until the stock is correctly positioned, tighten the knobs and make the cut.

R.B. Himes Vienna, Ohio

August 2000 Woodworker's Journal



Butt Hinge Aids in Lavout

Do you have need to draw a line around a corner? This might come up when you're laying out a table leg design - or when you're making mortise and tenon joints.

A heavy-duty hinge, such as you might use to hang a door, can help accomplish this task quickly and accurately. Simply turn the hinge

backward to provide a sharp angle. then lay it on the work and mark along the edge with your pencil as shown. It's an easy way to make your markings turn the corner!

Ralph Wilkes Penn Yan, New York



inner! R.B. Himes will receive Porter Cable's 9845 Saw Boss for submitting this month's Pick of the Tricks. Woodworker's Journal will pay from \$50 to \$150 for all Tricks of the Trade published. In addition, the reader whose trick is selected as our "Pick of the Tricks" will receive a free tool. To join in the fun, submit your original, unpublished trick to the editor. Include photos or drawings needed to explain your idea. Send all tricks to Woodworker's Journal, Dept. T/T, P.O. Box 261, Meding, Minnesota 55340. Or send us an e-mail: rjohnstone@woodworkersjournal.com.

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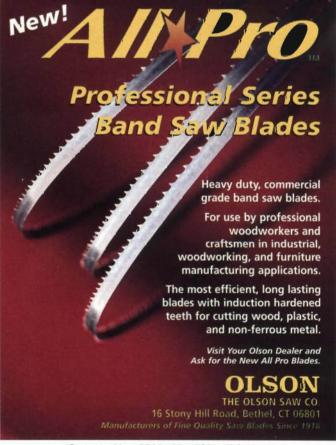
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Chairs: Practicality and Whimsy

By Joanna Werch Takes



Margo Proksa wrapped willow around a chair for her "tot throne."

> A chair "can be as creative or as straightforward as you want." says Kerry Vesper. The

technology, practicality and imagination, adds Margo Proksa. "There's a whole range of possibilities in this one object," she said.

Kerry and Margo entered their chairs in the Southern Highland Craft Guild's "Chair Show 3." Why chairs? "A chair is very recognizable to every person in Western civilization but isn't limited to one type of craftsperson," explained Katherine Caldwell of the Guild.

For woodworkers, chairs can be a real threat. "I think it's probably the most complicated furniture to deal with because of the interaction between the person and the chair itself," James Dietz, another show participant, said.

Kerry agrees: "There's more to consider in a chair because the human body is so intimate with it. A large part of your body is touching it, and your

body is also at an angle."

Just as important to him, though, are the aesthetics. He chooses plywood for consistency and attractiveness, stacks the laminations and cuts away until the chair looks good.

Iames looks to his material in defining his chairs' structure. He mortises



A drawer in James Dietz's log chair offers storage room.

other elements into logs found on walks in the woods. At the lumber vard. he explained, "I felt a little detached from the source." Interpretations of the chair from James, Kerry, Margo and others are on display in Arkansas until July 9th. You can find out more by calling the Southern Highland Craft Guild at 828-298-7928.

Restorers Rejuvenate the Past





A 1991 restoration revitalized this André Charles Boulle 18th century cabinet.

Restoration is more than refinishing. Andrea Daley wants you to know. Daley, founder and president of the Association of Restorers (AOR), says preserving old pieces has become popular, but not all restorers know what they're doing.

For example, Daley said, some people think filling a crack in a piece of old furniture is all that's required to fix it. "They don't realize there's structural damage, and the crack will just reappear.'

"Test sitters" help Kerry

Vesper assure comfort

in his plywood chairs.

Providing that education is AOR's mission. A web site, newsletter and conventions provide information on restoration topics ranging

from furniture to porcelain to glass. Founded in 1997, the association quickly grew to over 450 members: beginners, experts and those in between.

"The most common things people ask are, 'How do I clean my furniture?' or 'what is the effect of climate on wood?," Daley said. Find out AOR's answers at 800-260-1829 or visit their web site:

www.assoc-restorers.com.

It took seven coats of stable polyester fill to restore this 19th century ebonized table.





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Carvers Wrestle With Portrayals of Gov. Jesse Ventura

"Wood" you like to take a whack at Minnesota's governor? Minnesota-based Rockler Woodworking and Hardware recently decided to take on the exwrestler with a national carving contest. Originality, craftsmanship, resemblance to Ventura and

> capturing "the spirit of Jesse" were criteria for judging the portrayals of Jesse "The Guv" Ventura.

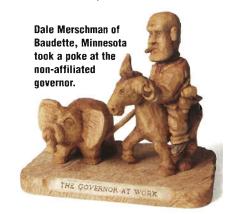
> > Not just Minnesotans: John Hoesman of Woodville, Ohio, also took a crack at our governor.

First place winner Cliff Letty of Sturgeon Lake, Minnesota, did his limewood carving of "The Interview" after hearing Ventura say that if there were anything he'd take back, it would be his Playboy interview. "Every once in a while, no matter who you are, you're going to stick your foot in your mouth," Cliff said.

Cliff wasn't concerned about upsetting Ventura. "He's an honest Cliff Letty's "Interview" with Governor Jesse Ventura took top honors in the contest.

politician; if he makes a mistake, he admits it.' Cliff limited his own mistakes with a clay model, which helped him figure out which way to bend the foot, before taking on the sculpture in wood.

More information, and photos of many of the other entries, are available at www.rockler.com/ventura.



Everything Good Starts in Wood

The La-Z-Boy® recliner is marking the millennium with a return to its roots; the 1928 wood-slat folding porch chair that launched it all.



Available now in an attractive European beech limited edition, the wooden La-Z-Boy had humble beginnings as an orange crate mockup which followed the contour of a person's body. The

> very next year, though, merchants forced La-Z-Boy's inventors to upholster their chair so it would sell year-round. Now that wood's

regained its glory, you can visit www.lazboy.com or call 800-625-3246 for more on the La-Z-Boy story.

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Speaking of Spokes



Identifying Alan Ribbe's
mystery tool from our April
Stumpers was certainly no
wrenching experience for
our readers. We
received over 100
responses to the
Dudly Tool
Company item.

The Editors Woodworker's Journal

My uncle purchased the tool shown below at an antique auction. No one, not even the auctioneer, knew what it was. It is approximately 15" long with a cast iron spike on one end. From the underside of the one foot crosspiece, eight nails protrude at an angle toward the spike end. The cast iron handle has a rope attached and a pawl at its base to keep tension on the rope. The rope passes around a pulley and attaches to the crosspiece. A bolt passes through the cast iron handle and then through a gap in the wood of the long piece to attach the crosspiece. As the handle is turned, the rope wraps around its base, thereby pulling the cross piece toward the end with the spike and. presumably, stretching whatever it is attached to. Stenciled on the side is "The Star."

> David Moon Glencoe, Alabama

Despite David's stellar description, it looks like we'll need your help identifying his tool. Send in those answers!





Robert M. Barnes of Sacramento, California, says his grandfather used this tool to tune his 1905 ride — the bike, not the horse.

"The tool is an adjustable spoke nipple wrench, used to tighten nipples on spoked wheels to make them straight and properly tensioned," Richard Kallenberger of Yakima, Washington, told us. How does it work? Joe Bouwhuis of Bountiful, Utah, explained that you slip the slot in the wrench's heel over the spoke wire. Tighten the front jaws around the spoke's head with the thumb screw, then rotate the tool to loosen or tighten the spoke.

It works on bicycles, motorcycles or, according to **Fred Bellman** of Islip Terrace, New York, on wheelchair spokes.

Alan's tool "fits all spokes, unlike most of the bicycle spoke tighteners made nowadays; however, it is a bit heavier to carry on your racing bike," noted Gary Lewandowski of

Shawano, Wisconsin. Schwinn/GT product technology director Forrest Yelverton confirmed that today's nipple wrenches are made to fit the four standard nipple sizes. "In 'yesteryear,' there was no such standardization, and so the adjustable wrench made the most sense," he said.

As for the "Dudly Tool Co., Pat. May 29, 94" markings, our readers had further insights. Science librarian **Donna Hanson** in Moscow, Idaho, sent us copies of the 1894 records granting Albert Dudly of Menominee, Michigan patent 520,562 for his nipple wrench. Back then, Pawtucket, Rhode Islander **Roger Gosselin's** grandfather, "who would be about 120 years old by now, purchased it for about 50 cents."



Inner! For taking the time to respond to Stumpers, Bruce McCormick of Ventura, California wins a collection of American Tool's Quick Grip clamps. We toss all the Stumpers letters into a hat to select a winner. If you have a question or answer, send it to the editor: Stumpers Dept., Woodworker's Journal, P.O. Box 261, Medina, Minnesota 55340. Or send us an e-mail:

jtakes@woodworkersjournal.com

I recently read The New Wood Finishing Book by Michael Dresdner. In it, he mentions waterborne poly/lacquer with crosslinker. I'd love to try some of the stuff, but can't seem to find any products.

Bruce McCormick Ventura, California



Jeff Weiss of Target Coatings (800-752-9922) says products like this one have replaced waterborne crosslinkers for furniture use.

There are very few crosslinked waterborne coatings on the market, and some very good reasons why.

Flooring contractors have used them for years; some years back, several companies introduced versions designed for furniture. As of this writing, almost all of them have disappeared — Jeff Weiss of Target Coatings says new materials for furniture applications have made them unnecessary.

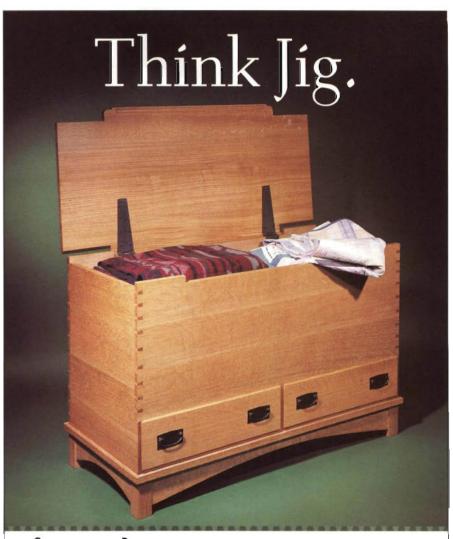
One of the problems is that the preferred crosslinking agent (an added catalyst) has a nasty safety profile. Many manufacturers are reluctant to sell such products to non-professionals. If you choose to use one, please handle the crosslinker very carefully – with gloves, goggles, and respirator. The final cured finish is no longer a hazard.

You'll find crosslinked waterbornes at most flooring outlets that sell to contractors.

Michael Dresdner



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FINISHING THOUGHTS

Colors to Dye For

By Michael Dresdner

ost off-the-shelf wood stains contain a combination of two different types of coloring agents: pigments and dyes. Pigments work best on ring porous woods, like ash or oak, while dyes work best on dense, close pore woods, like maple. Wouldn't it be nice if you could use each one separately to gain more control over your coloring options? Well, you can.

Defining Terms

20

Before we go any further, let's stop and define some terms. A stain is anything that is used to color raw wood. That's not to say you can't add color to wood that has a coat of finish already on it. You can.

But that
is called
glaze,
or shading, or
toner.

Chemical stains are compounds that react with wood to create color changes, like ammonia darkening oak. All other stains are liquids or gels that have some sort of coloring agent in them. As mentioned, there are two primary types of coloring agents used: pigments, which are ground up particles of colored "dirt" suspended in liquid; and dyes. I'll cover chemical stains and pigments in future columns, but today I want to talk about dye stains.

What is a Dye?

Dyes are organic colorants that dissolve in some solvent. That's not the same thing as pigments, which are ground up chunks of color that are suspended in liquid. Suspended particles, like pigments, settle to the bottom of a container, but dyes do not. Imagine adding a bit of sand to a glass of warm water, and a bit of salt to another. The sand mixture would disperse when you stirred it, but eventually, the sand would settle to the bottom. The salt would dissolve and never settle to the

Mixing dye is as simple as adding powder or concentrate to the right liquid. Add more dye for a stronger solution and less for a weaker one.

bottom. Dye acts like that saltwater solution. The color dissolves into a translucent solution and never settles out.

Natural dyes have been around for ages, but most dyes we use today are synthetic. The first synthetic dyes were derived from coal tar in 1856 by an Englishman named Perkins, so historically speaking, they are fairly new.

Size Matters

OTE MISSION BROWN ATER SOLUBLE BY METWEIGHT 102 29 OUT OF REACH OF CHILDRE

First and foremost, dyes look different than pigments, and the easiest way to see that is to look at samples. In the photo on page 22, I used the same color of dve stain and pigment stain on slabs of figured maple and oak. The pigment was able to lodge in the nooks and crannies of the large pores of the oak, but mostly wiped off the finer grained maple. However, the dye soaked deeply into all areas of both woods. This is because dyes go into the wood to color its fibers, while pigments sit on top of the wood. Why? Dye particles are vastly smaller than pigment particles. If a typical dye particle were the size of a field mouse, a typical pigment particle would be the size of a whale. Staining is one area where size does matter.



If a typical dye particle were the size of a mouse. a typical pigment particle would be the size of a whale.

stains containing pigment also contain a binder that acts like a thin coat of finish, sealing the wood as you stain. Dves can be simple colorant in solvent, leaving nothing but color in the wood once the solvent evaporates. Therefore, dyed wood acts like raw wood, and must be finished over. Dves are compatible under any finish, and dved wood can be restained with another dye or

All commercial

Finally, there is the issue of clarity. A very dark application of pigmented stain will start to look like a painted surface. But, due to the clarity of dyes, you can make wood very dark and still retain the look of wood. (See the maple boards pg. 22.) When you go dark on dense wood, dye is the ticket.

Making Stains from Dyes

a pigment.

Ready to give them a try? It's quite simple. Dyes are sold as powders meant to be dissolved in

a particular solvent, as liquid concentrates that will go into several solvents, and as

ready-to-use stains. The powders come in water-, alcoholor oil-soluble versions. Of the three, I find water-soluble dves to be the most user friendly for staining raw

wood. So, for

your first try.

I suggest water-soluble dves. Add up to an ounce of dye powder to a pint of warm water for a very intense dye. To make the dve weaker, use less powder or concentrate, or add more water. For custom colors, dissolve each dye in solvent first, then mix the liquids a bit at a time to get the color you want. Test the mixture on scrap wood, and keep track of your formula in case you want to repeat it later.

Water-soluble dves dissolve in warm water almost immediately and completely. Alcohol-soluble dyes go into denatured alcohol, but may take several hours to dissolve completely. I let them sit overnight, then strain out any sediment through fine cheesecloth. Oilsoluble dyes will break down in most petroleum distillates naphtha, lacquer thinner, toluene, etc. Let them sit overnight and strain them as above.

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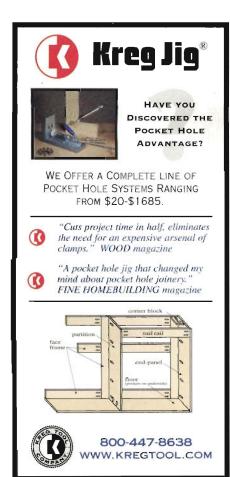
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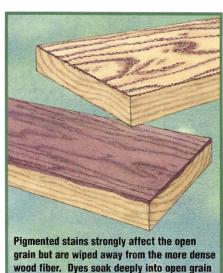
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FINISHING THOUGHTS

Once you've mixed liquid dye, try it on scrap wood to see the color. As the dye dries, the color will fade and start to look "chalky," but don't worry, it will come back to life once a coat of finish is added. The true color is how it looks when wet.



but color the fiber of the wood as well.

Flooding

One simple method works best with dyes: flood it onto the raw wood and wipe it off while it is still wet. That lets the dye soak into the wood, but takes off anything sitting on top, resulting in uniform coloration. I like to use nylon abrasive pads, a foam pad or a sponge to apply the dye, because it stays wet longer than a cloth. Flood on plenty of dye and work quickly so it does not dry before you wipe it. If it does dry too fast and leaves lap marks or uneven areas, rewet the entire surface with

the dye solution and wipe it again to even it out.

Control the color not by how you apply it, but by how you mix it. If it is too strong. add more solvent. If it is too weak, add more dye. You can restain as often as you like, changing the color as you go. You can even lighten the

dye after it is on the wood by scrubbing with its solvent. For example, lighten a water-soluble dye by scrubbing the wood with clean water and wiping it off with paper towels. In fact, you can remove most, if not all, of the dye by washing the unsealed wood with full strength laundry bleach. You can use dye to tint a finish. Add a few drops of liquid dye concentrate or mixed alcoholsoluble dye to shellac or lacquer for a translucent tinted coating.

The pigmented stain on the bottom of each board lodged in the large pores of the oak, but mostly wiped off the denser maple and the denser areas of the oak. The dye stain on the top of each board penetrated deeper, coloring the wood and bringing out the figure in the maple.



Problems with Dyes

As easy to use as dye stains are, there are some problems to watch out for. The first is splotching, or uneven staining. Some hardwoods, such as cherry, and most softwoods, like pine, contain pockets of resin that can be dissolved by petroleum distillates. Oil-soluble dves dissolved in such solvents are absorbed more readily into these resinous areas, causing large patches of dark stain where no grain or figure accounts for it. The easiest way to avoid this is to use a solvent that will not dissolve the resin. Water-soluble dyes will not cause splotching on these woods because the resin patches are not water-soluble.

Fading is another common problem with dyes. Most dyes fade in strong sunlight, so dyes are not a good choice for exterior staining.



One of the chief advantages of coloring wood with dye is the virtually unlimited range of achievable colors. You can even restain dyed stock with different successive colors (above) until you reach the desired hue.

Dyes will also bleed into a finish that has the same solvent as the dye. For example, if you use a waterborne coating over a watersoluble dye, expect some of it to bleed up into the first coat of finish, or to come off on the brush or pad you are using to apply the coating. This is not usually a big deal, but in extreme cases it can cause the stain to become uneven. If you use water-soluble dyes under waterborne coatings, seal the dye first with a thin wash coat of dewaxed shellac. It will seal in the dye and prevent bleeding.

So go ahead and give dyeing a try. A more colorful finishing future is sure to result.

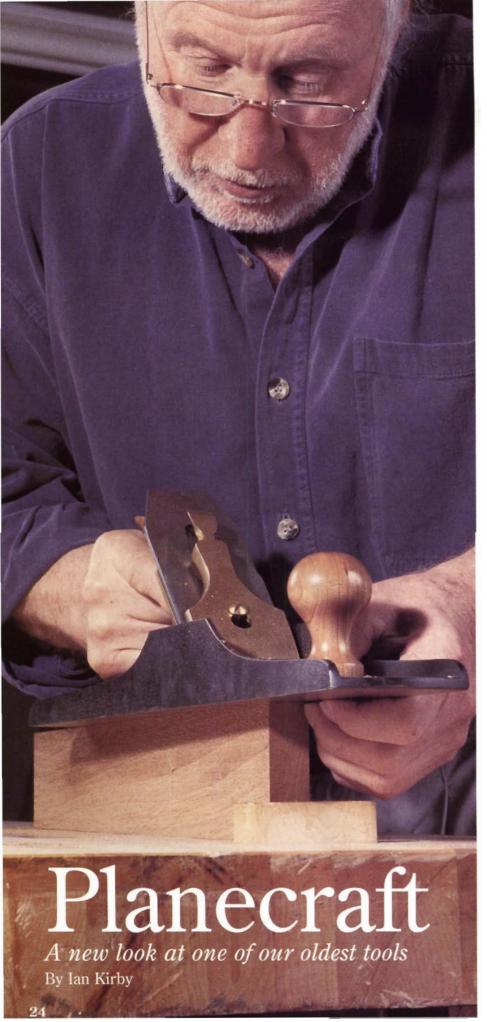
Michael Dresdner is a nationally known finishing expert and author. His column appears regularly in Woodworker's Journal.







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hat if I offered you a new woodworking tool that's capable of accuracy within a thousandth of an inch? Not only that, while most tools have only one function, this amazing cordless device handles three important tasks:

- it can bring any piece of wood to precise dimensions,
- it can remove twists and other distortions, and
- it can prepare a surface for finishing.

Wouldn't you rush to pay \$200 to be the first kid on your block to own this remarkable new tool?

By now you probably realize that I've been describing an ordinary hand plane, which to me is still the key to woodworking success. Though machines have changed the way we use the plane, it remains the most precise and accurate tool woodworkers have.

Before machines, woodworkers relied on special-purpose planes for almost everything. Today we can turn to jointers, thickness planers, shapers, and routers for the hard work of flattening, dimensioning, and shaping. We still rely on the plane to remove machine marks and to bring parts into perfect alignment, in .001-inch steps. The plane remains the only tool we have that can reliably deliver this degree of accuracy. It's a bonus that it can flatten a surface of almost any size, such as your workbench, and in most situations it also will create the best surface for finishing.

Over the years many manufacturers have made planes, but the two mass-market survivors are Stanley Tools in the U.S. and Record in England. Stanley recently stopped



production of planes, leaving Record to fill the breach. Along with the high volume manufacturers there have always been a number of highend, Rolls-Royce type makers. In England it was Norris, and today in the United States it's Lie-Nielsen. Lie-Nielsen recently has reissued the Stanley Bedrock version of both the 07, which is 22 inches long, and the 9-inch 04-1/2, which are the only two sizes Luse.

Driving the Plane

Planing wood is a whole-body exercise. Whether you are planing a face, an edge, or end grain, the grip, stance and body position are similar. Before you start, lubricate the operation by rubbing a little paraffin wax into the sole.

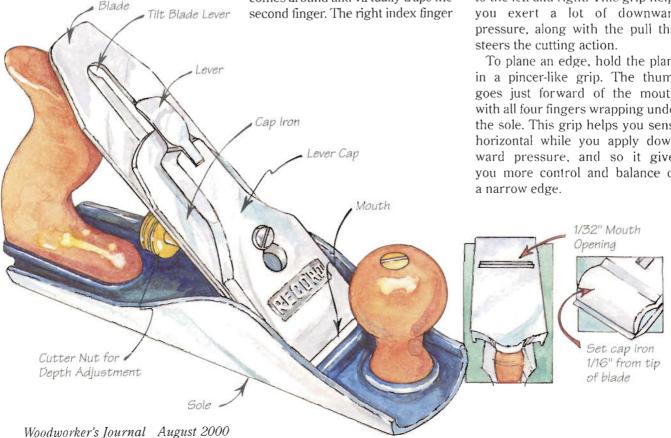
The Hand Grips

The right hand grips the rear handle. It applies downward pressure and transmits the push that comes from your legs and body. The right thumb comes around and virtually traps the

doesn't wrap around the blade assembly; it tucks down into the casting of the frog. This grip creates a lot of control tension between the index and little fingers. If you wrap your index finger around the blade assembly, sooner or later you will

The left hand grip varies according to whether you are planing a face or an edge. On a wide board, press down on the top of the front knob with the palm of the hand and curl two fingers under it to the left and right. This grip helps you exert a lot of downward pressure, along with the pull that steers the cutting action.

To plane an edge, hold the plane in a pincer-like grip. The thumb goes just forward of the mouth, with all four fingers wrapping under the sole. This grip helps you sense horizontal while you apply downward pressure, and so it gives you more control and balance on



Stance and Motion

The plane gets its power from your feet, which should be placed a comfortable walking pace apart. Keep your wrist, lower arm and upper arm in one line, and direct the push from your shoulder. As the cut proceeds, shift your weight from your rear foot forward, and unwind until your body has rolled over your ankles. Your more powerful lower body thus will propel the plane about 42 inches. Continue the cut by unfolding your upper body and arms, to push onward another 18 inches, more or less. This 60 inches is about the limit you can cut without traveling or walking the plane. To plane a long board you have to travel in a smooth and unhurried way. Slide your rear foot up to the front foot, then slide your front foot forward. Don't try to cross your feet.

Planing a Face

To plane a piece of wood flat, you have to put it on a flat and solid surface and hold it against the push of the plane. Normally the solid surface is your bench, which, if you haven't done it yet, should be your first major planing project. If the

bench surface has a hollow, the force of planing will press the workpiece into the hollow. The deflection might be only a few thousandths of an inch, but it will deflect. If there's a hump, the workpiece will swivel on it, out of control. The bench acts as a jig – if it's not flat, the workpiece can't become flat either.

The link between bench, plane, workpiece, and workman is very important. That's why it's best to push the workpiece against a simple bench stop. The first virtue of its simplicity is that you can quickly pick up the workpiece and check it for flat or square, put it back, and carry on. The second virtue is the constant feedback this setup delivers. Poor planing technique will skid, slew or tip the workpiece, you'll know it right away, and you can correct your technique.

The two alternative holding methods, holding the workpiece in a vise or trapping it between an endvise and a dog, are not as good, for three reasons:

- You lose the feedback.
- Clamping pressure can distort the wood.
- The work surface won't be flat.



To plane a narrow edge, grip the toe of the plane between your thumb and

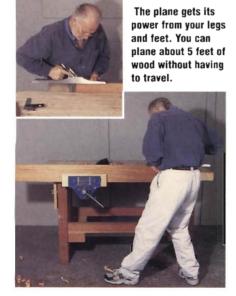
fingers. By touching the workpiece, your fingers act as a fence. Look down into the plane to monitor the progress of the cut.

An end vise, even if flat and level when closed, will sag when opened. And wood trapped by its edges in the vise is not supported at all, so deflection is certain.

Narrow Workpieces

When the wood is narrower than the plane blade, each pass removes a full shaving. To plane evenly, be sure the edge is set parallel to the plane sole. Set it by sighting the blade against the sole and moving the adjusting lever. Check it by examining the shaving.

Planing is a whole body experience







Begin the stroke with all your weight on your rear foot (left), then transfer your weight as you propel the plane forward (above).





To complete the stroke, unfold your arms to their maximum extension. Note that the feet remain a pace apart and do not move.

He's in fine fettle

Whether you buy old or new, it's almost certain that you will have some work on every plane – clean it up, modify it, tweak it or adjust it. The old term for these activities is "fettling," and it's the source of the expression "he's in fine fettle," for someone at the top of his game. The good news is that it's a rare old plane that can't be renovated to perform well. The bad news is that new planes need fettling as much as old ones.

General Cleanup

Disassemble, wash, remove the rust (I use Scotchbrite"), then go over edges and ends with a file to remove burrs, nicks and sharp corners.

A burr on the edge of the sole will plow a groove in the work, so file a tiny chamfer on the long edges.

To keep the toe and heel from gouging the work when cleaning up frames and subassemblies, file a more substantial chamfer there, one about 1/8-inch wide. Wipe all the metal with an oily rag, and put a drop of oil on the moving parts.

Blade Control

To operate the plane you need two controls: a blade-advancing mechanism for depth of cut and a left-right tilt for making the cutting edge parallel to the sole. The mechanisms in older planes offer more positive control than the folded metal parts in new ones. Old or new, make sure the controls work, and if they don't, find what's missing, bent, or clogged and put it right.

Frog and Mouth Adjustments

The frog is the mass of metal that supports the blade. The slot in the sole is called the mouth. There has to be enough of an opening for the shaving to pass through. Whether it ever needs any more adjusting ("opening" or "stopping down") than that is debatable. The fact that the

frog in metal planes is an adjustable part is the outcome of manufacturing convenience, not a woodworking requirement. Making the frog removable solves a casting problem – otherwise, the body casting would distort as it cooled and shrank. It's also easier to machine the frog as a separate part. It's not, however, a necessity – Norris planes, among the best ever made, have fixed frogs.

These days, since we all prepare wood with machines, hogging off thick shavings isn't called for, so there's little need to adjust the mouth. Make sure the frog supports the blade, set the mouth for an opening of about 1/32 inch, and leave it there. The quality of the planed surface comes much more from the sharpness of the blade than from the width of the mouth opening.

Flattening the Sole

The sole of the plane has to be reasonably flat. However, flattening is a major operation, so don't do it just because you've been told you should. Clean up, sharpen and adjust the plane, then try it on wood. Most planes will work quite well, and if so, leave the sole alone.

If you decide you must flatten, there's no need to make an expensive fetish of it. Get a piece of 1/4-inch or thicker plate glass and wet two sheets of 220-grit wet-dry sandpaper onto it. Apply working tension by assembling the plane and mounting a blade, but retract the blade so it's not involved in the flattening. Then work the plane on the sandpaper in a circular motion, using plenty of water for lubrication. To check your progress, wipe the metal and look at it. Once you get contact at the mouth, toe, and heel of the sole, stop and polish up on a finer grade of paper. There's no need to achieve perfect flatness from one end to the other.



File a substantial chamfer on the toe and heel of the plane.



Old-style biade controls (left) are more robust than the stamped metal ones in recent planes.



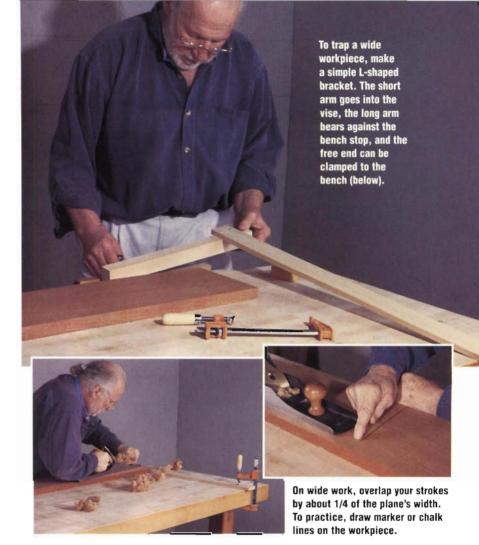
The bedrock style frog (above) firmly and ingeniously connects the blade assembly to the body. A regular frog is not as massive and does not seat as firmly.



Adjust the frog to support the blade securely. The mouth opening should be set to 1/32".

Wide Workpieces

When the wood is wider than the plane blade, the tool's geometry helps you work uniformly across the surface. If you were to plane in exactly the same line, you would get two shavings, maybe a thin third, then nothing. That's because the plane quickly bottoms and rides on the narrow web of metal alongside its mouth. To take advantage of this self-jigging property, begin at one edge of the board with the plane hanging over, so it takes a shaving three-quarters the width of the blade. For the next stroke, move the overhang just onto the wood. Go across the board systematically, moving about one-quarter of the plane's width for each stroke. If you were to attack the wood in a random pattern, half the time you wouldn't get a shaving, but more importantly, you would have no idea where wood had been removed or still needed to be removed.



Planing an Edge

The edges of most furniture parts can be planed on the bench top, against a stop. A rail that is 3 inches wide and 3/4-inch thick, for example, is stable when stood on edge; if it falls over, you're not centered over it, or else you're pressing sideways instead of down and forward. You will quickly become adept at the technique and the ease of lifting the workpiece to check your progress. To square an

Planing an edge against the bench stop gives you instant feedback. If the workpiece falls over, you're not centered over it, or you're pressing sideways instead of down.

edge, center the plane over the material you need to remove and observe the shaving as it comes off the workpiece. You can trap a long or wide plank in the vise, but be sure to support the free end, or it will deflect.

Planing End Grain

Today the chop saw and carbide saw blade take care of most end grain cuts. The bench plane thus becomes an alternative for special situations. The size of the workpiece determines whether to hold it upright in the vise or lay it flat on a shooting board.

The shooting board allows you to use your heaviest plane to make a smooth and controlled cut. However, don't attempt to plane end grain until you have established a face side and edge. You need these reference surfaces to check your progress.

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To plane end grain in the vise, you need a sharp and finely set blade, a plane with heft, and a deep knife line squared all around the workpiece. I prefer the 07 jointer because it is heavy enough to make a smooth cut. People commonly attack end grain with a block plane, but that tool is too small to grasp easily and too light to tackle anything but a very tiny area. The deep knife line will prevent splintering at the far end of the cut.

Planing Across the Grain

The technique for flattening wide surfaces and for taming difficult grain is the same: plane across the grain. Whether you want to flatten your workbench or smooth an ornery piece of sapele, you will need a straightedge and winding



Difficult figure, like this interesting walnut knot and feather, is easy to plane cross-grain.

sticks to check your progress and a bench brush to get rid of the debris. Begin with the blade set coarse and work straight across the grain, or at an angle of up to 40 degrees from straight across. Check the surface frequently, get it flat quickly, then begin to refine it. Keep a sharp blade in the plane, and remove ever-finer shavings until you get a down-like fuzz. Now a once-over with 220 or finer sandpaper will leave a great surface ready to finish.

Ian Kirby is a master woodworker, designer and wood scientist. Ian is one of the true masters of the British Arts & Crafts tradition. Look for his continuing series on woodworking design in upcoming issues of Woodworkers Journal.



How many planes does a woodworker need?



Smooth......2"

Smooth......04.......10"........2"

Jack......2"

Fore.......06.......18"......2"

Trying......07......22"23/8"

Trying......08......24"21/2"

Smooth....04-1/2......10"........23%"

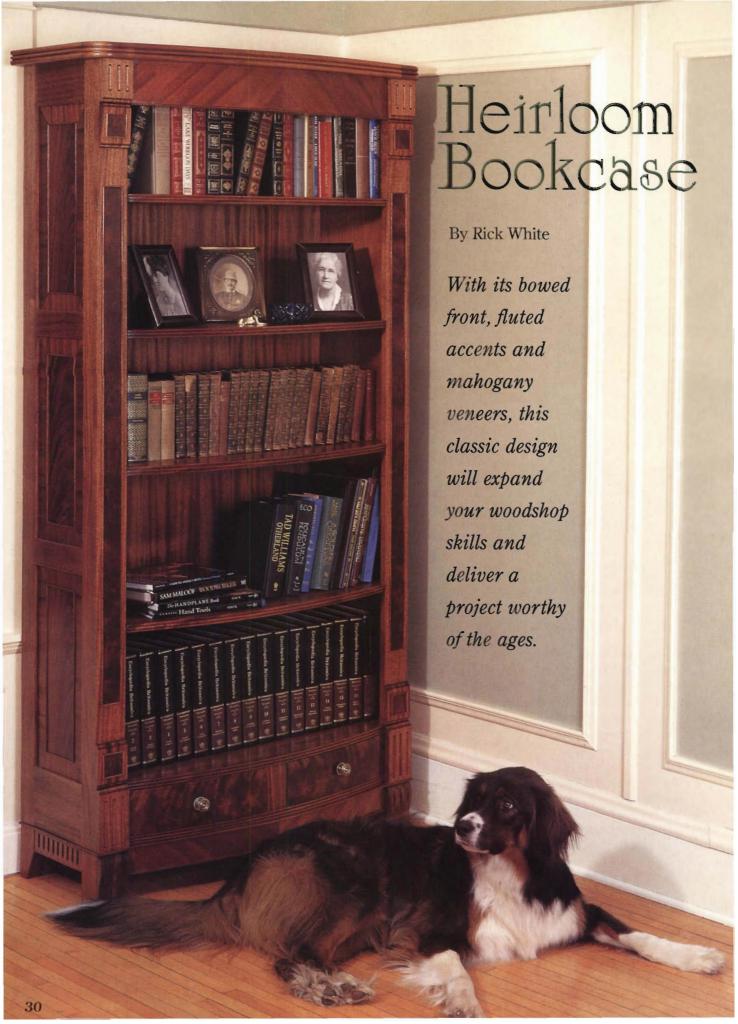
n my life as a furniture maker, I've only ever seen the need for two bench planes: an 04-1/2 and an 07. These lengths suit

all occasions and can solve almost any furniture-making problem.

Sharpening convenience is the reason for choosing the 04-1/2 smoother over the 04. Its wide blade matches the one in the 07, allowing me to keep about 20 identical blades that fit either tool. I can swap dull blades for sharp ones without interruption. Then I have one big sharpening session, using the grinder and stone setup

described in my book, Sharpening with Waterstones.
Although not a strict industry standard, the length and width

of a bench plane is indicated by a number cast into the body (see chart). Longer planes are heavier, but the underlying point is the length of wood that can be made flat. It's not an exact science, but you can flatten an edge that's about three times the length of your plane. Thus with an 07, which is 22 inches long, you can straighten a six foot edge. It's much more difficult to create flatness than to retain it once established.





With veneer, all of these great design options start to appear. Simple frame and panel projects turn into beautiful works of art.

Rick White

have a mental picture of one of my descendants telling a moving guy to be careful with this piece because "it was built by my great, great-grandfather over a century ago." By then, it will have been in the White

family for four generations. That's the kind of notion that tends to keep you going when you tackle a project like this bookcase.

As different as the various sections of the bookcase look, all of the lumber used here is farm raised Honduras mahogany in various guises. Solid mahogany stock is attractive, stable and a joy to work. I built the shelves and back of the case from mahogany plywood, but the distinctive beauty of the piece is created by contrasting mahogany crotch and ribbon veneers.

Flattening the Veneer

You'll need to address the crotch veneers up front because it takes a little time for them to become workable. They're taken from the part of a tree where two large branches create a "Y", so it's their nature to have erratic grain, making them wavy and brittle. By clamping them in a press now, you can straighten them while

you build the bookcase base. That way, they'll be available when you get ready to make the sides.

A nice trick is to take a large piece of paper and cut a rectangular hole in it the same size

as the veneer you require. Use it as a moving window to view and select just the right areas of dramatic grain pattern from larger sheets of veneer. Trim these about an inch oversize before you flatten them.

Create the simple, shop-made veneer flattening press shown in the illustration on the next page. Soak the wavy veneer in a commercially available glycerine-based softener. following the manufacturer's instructions. Then lay it between two layers of window screen (to allow a little air movement). Place this assembly between several sheets of brown kraft paper

Veneer Press: For basic information on veneering, look back to lan Kirby's article in the April 2000 Woodworker's Journal. The article is also available in the current issue of the Woodworker's Journal <u>eZine</u>, available at www.woodworkersjournal.com.

Building From the Bottom

I built the bookcase from the ground up. All four feet (pieces 1) can be made from a 24" long, glued-up block of mahogany measuring 2½" x 3¾".

Crosscut the stock to length and chamfer the two back feet as shown in the drawing, below right. Chop a stopped mortise and a corresponding large rabbet into the back and inside faces of the legs. See the **Pinup Shop Drawings** on the center pull-out for dimensions and locations of the construction details.

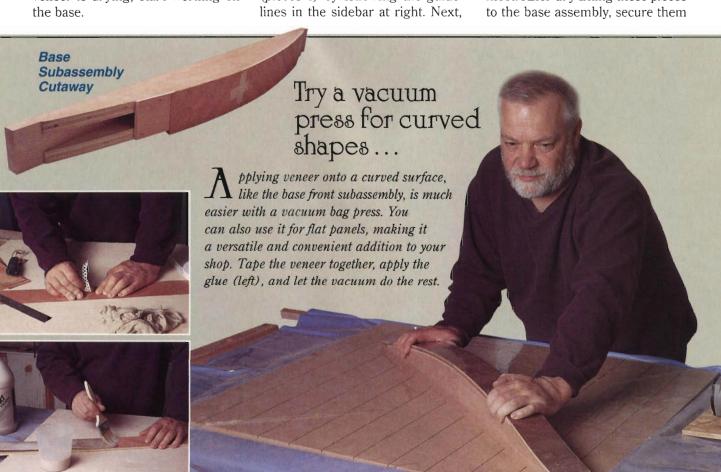
Cut the base front, back and sides (pieces 2 and 3) to size. Use a cove bit and a straightedge to create the stopped flutes in the outside faces of the sides, following the dimensions shown on the **Pinup Shop Drawings**.

Make the foot plinth blocks (pieces 4) by following the guidelines in the sidebar at right. Next.

cut the two curved plywood supports (pieces 5) to size and shape. Screw and glue these supports to the base front, then rip the 1/4" plywood backer (piece 6) to size. Secure the backer to the curved supports with glue and brads, then refer to the sidebar below to apply ribbon veneer (pieces 7) to the backer. After the glue dries, trim the veneer flush with the edges all round using a sharp knife, sandpaper and a file.

Finish off the base by adding 1/4" thick moldings (pieces 8 through 10) at the locations shown on the **Exploded View** at right. Shape both front edges (the bullnoses) of each of these pieces on the router table with a 1/8" roundover bit and a fence. Note that the bullnosed moldings are of various widths, and that the top pieces are mitered where they meet. After dry-fitting these pieces to the base assembly secure them

the type used to make grocery bags—to soak up the excess moisture. Use a scrap of 3/4" plywood on the top and bottom to ensure flatness, then weigh the whole thing down with a concrete block or two. After the veneer has dried, quickly apply it to its plywood substrate and put it under pressure. Crotch veneer has a memory, and its wavy nature will reappear if it is not quickly glued and clamped in place. While the veneer is drying, start working on the base.



in place with glue and clamps. Cut. fit and attach the base cleats (pieces 11) to the inside faces of the base sides, front and back.

The Carcass Sides

The bookcase is built around two 3/4" plywood sides (pieces 12), to which the shelves and the stile and rail subassemblies are attached. Before ripping them to width, locate and plow five dadoes and a rabbet on the inside face (check the Pinup Shop Drawings for locations). By doing this before you separate the panels, you ensure that the dadoes and rabbet will line up perfectly.

The outside faces of these plywood sides are covered with stile and rail subassemblies. Each is comprised of two vertical hardwood stiles (pieces 13 and 14) and four horizontal rails (pieces 15, 16 and 17). After ripping them to size,

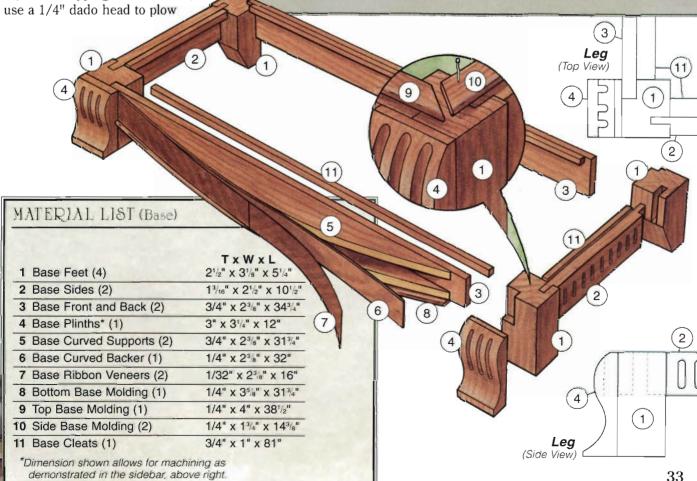
Fluting on Step 1: Start by band sawing the the router table curved shape onto the front face of each plinth block while they

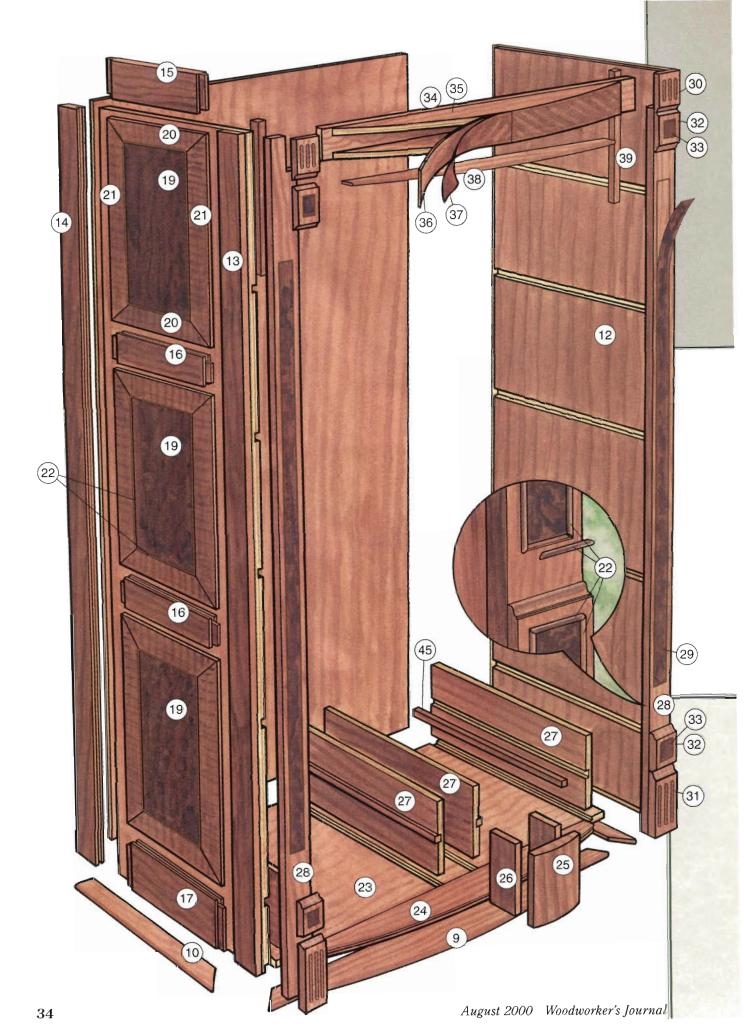
he front feet are adorned with curved and fluted plinth blocks, which are fluted before being cut apart. Band saw the curved shape (see the Full-size Pattern on the pullout), then use a 3/8" core box bit in your router table to create the three flutes in each block. Crosscut them into two blocks on the table saw, then sand them before attaching them to the front feet with glue and clambs.

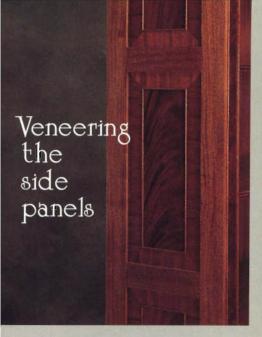
are both still part of the same piece of raw stock.



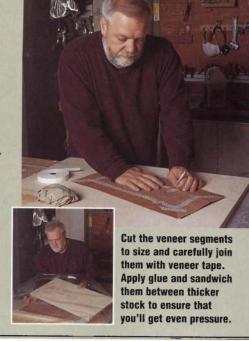
Step 2: Use a core box bit to plow three flutes in both pieces at the same time (see Full-Size Pattern for shape). As you can see, the flute cut will be deeper at the center of the curve.







E ach of the six veneered side panels is laid up on a 1/4" thick plywood base. The center of each panel is a piece of mahogany crotch veneer, and this is surrounded by a 2" wide mitered frame of ribbon veneer (shown at left). Trim the pieces to their proper shape with a sharp knife and steel straightedge, then use veneer tape (on the faces that will be exposed) to assemble the five pieces. The tape will be sanded off later. Spread the glue and apply even pressure with your veneer press.



a groove down the center of one edge of each stile. Make a matching groove in one long edge of each top and bottom rail and in both long edges of the middle rails. Staying with the dado head, form two rabbets on each end of the rails (thus producing a tongue). Dry assemble the stiles and rails to check their fit, then disassemble before moving on to the six panels.

Creating the Veneered Panels

Each stile and rail framework houses three plywood panels (pieces 18), which are veneered on their outside faces (with pieces 19, 20 and 21). Follow the guidelines shown above to lay up the panels.

Remove the panels from the press and use a 1/8" veining bit to plow stopped grooves, as shown at right. These grooves straddle the joint between the ribbon and crotch veneers and house the bullnose molding strips (piece 22), which help create the 3D effect of a raised panel. Miter the molding to fit, then glue and clamp it in place.

Once the panels are well sanded, assemble the two frame and panels. Glue and clamp the frames together, checking for squareness and flatness as you go. Don't glue the panels in their grooves: they should be allowed to float freely. Sand the frames after the glue dries, then set them aside for a while.



imperfections from your veneer glue-up, but plowing the grooves is tricky. Use a 1/8" veining bit in your router table and establish your start and stop points with masking tape, as shown at right.

MATERIAL LIST (Carcass)

12	Carcass Sides (2)	T x W x L 3/4" x 121/2" x 73 ⁻³ / ₈ "
13	Front Stiles (2)	3/4" x 13/4" x 733/6"
14	Back Stiles (2)	3/4" x 23/8" x 733/8"
15	Top Rails (2)	3/4" x 4" x 9"
16	Middle Rails (4)	3/4" x 21/2" x 9"
17	Bottom Rails (2)	3/4" x 5 ³ / ₄ " x 9"
18	Side Panels (6)	1/4" x 815/16" x 1915/16"
19	Crotch Veneers (6)	1/32" x 415/16" x 161/16"
20	Horizontal Ribbon Veneers (12)	1/32" x 21/2" x 9"
21	Vertical Ribbon Veneers (12)	1/32" x 21/2" x 20"
22	Bullnose Molding Strips (1)	1/8" x 1/4" x 525"
23	Shelves (6)	3/4" x 121/2" x 353/4"
24	Shelf Edging (6)	3/4" x 33/8" x 313/4"
25	Drawer Divider (1)	7/8" x 21/2" x 41/2"

26	Drawer Returns (2)	T x W x L. 3/4" x 23/8" x 45/2"
27	Drawer Walls (4)	3/4" x 51/4" x 121/2"
28	Decorative Front Stiles (2)	3/4" x 31/8" x 733/8"
29	Front Stile Burl Veneers (2)	1/32" x 2" x 48"
30	Top Fluted Plinths (2)	3/4" x 31/6" x 4"
31	Bottom Fluted Plinths (2)	3/4" x 31/8" x 6"
32	Veneered Plinths (4)	1/2" x 31/8" x 41/8"
33	Plinth Burl Veneers (4)	1/32" x 21/4" x 21/4"
34	Apron Backer (1)	3/4" x 3 ⁷ / ₈ " x 33 ³ / ₄ "
35	Apron Horizontal Supports (2)	3/4" x 23/8" x 313/4"
36	Apron Front (1)	3/4" x 37/8" x 32"
37	Apron Veneers (2)	1/32" x 41/2" x 17"
38	Apron Bottom Trim (1)	1/8" x 21/8" x 313/4"
39	Glue Blocks (2)	1" x 1" x 113/a"

Making the Shelves and Starting the Assembly Process

This bookcase is built around a carcass that takes shape when you attach the two dadoed sides you made earlier to a series of six fixed shelves. The lowest shelf is covered by a pair of drawers. All six shelves are mahogany plywood rectangles (pieces 23), faced with curved, solid wood edging (pieces 24).

After cutting the shelves to size, band saw the front faces of the edging to shape (see the **Pinup Shop Drawings**). This can be done in groups of threes by taping the stock together, as shown below. Keep the waste pieces and use them as clamping blocks when gluing the edging to the shelves.

Sand the curves, then mill a triple bead in them with a beading bit chucked in the table router, as shown in the photo below. To keep things lined up, cut biscuit slots in the shelves and edging before applying glue and biscuits. Make use of the curved waste pieces when clamping the edging in place, as shown below.

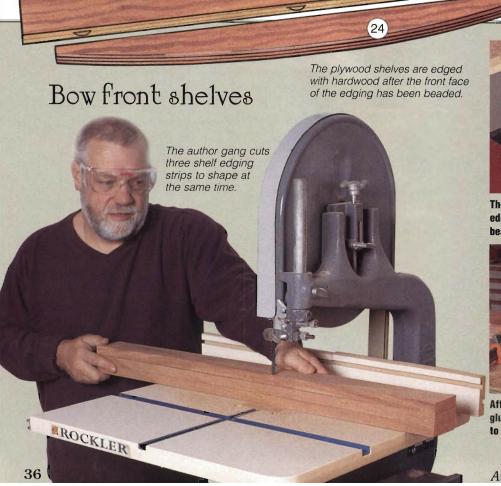
After the glue has dried, sand the shelves smooth. Cut the drawer divider (piece 25) to shape (see the **Pinup Shop Drawings**). Cut the drawer returns (pieces 26) from hardwood stock and the drawer walls (27) from plywood. Now machine the grooves in the drawer walls (for the drawer runners) and

the grooves on the lower and second shelves (for the walls). Screw and glue the shelves into the carcass dadoes. Apply glue to the grooves in the bottom two shelves and slide the four drawer walls in place. Moving fast, glue the divider and returns to the interior drawer walls and clamp these pieces in place between the two bottom shelves. Turn to the completed base subassembly and screw and glue it in place. Finally, glue and clamp the stile and rail assemblies to the outside of the assembled carcass. Now you're feeling like you've made some progress.

The Decorative Stiles

The front facade of the bookcase boasts two hardwood stiles (pieces 28) that are embellished with plinth blocks and veneered panels.

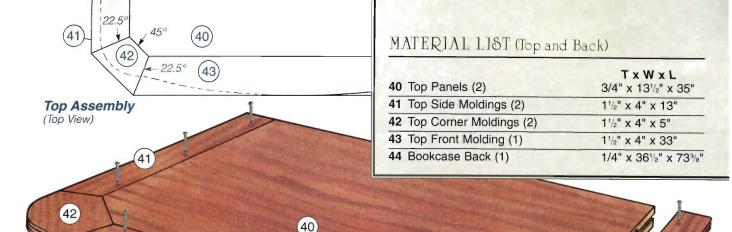
Note the notched cutout shape at the top of each, creating a right and left stile. Start on these





After cutting the biscuit slots and applying glue and biscuits, use the curved waste piece to help clamp the edging to the shelf.

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pieces by trimming two long strips of burl veneer (pieces 29) to size, then gluing these to the stiles at the locations shown on the Pinup Shop Drawings. These pieces were too long to fit into my vacuum bag system, so I used yellow glue and a clamping caul (a strip of melamine covered MDF) to provide ample pressure for veneering. Use a veining bit to plow stopped dadoes around the edges of the veneer strips (like you did earlier on the side panels), then use up more of the 1/8" bullnose trim you made earlier. Miter

Cut the top and bottom fluted plinth blocks (pieces 30 and 31) to size, then use a core box bit to plow flutes in their front faces. On such small pieces, make several router passes to reduce the tool's drag and preserve your grip (not to mention your fingers). After fluting, chuck an ogee bit in the table router to mill a classic profile on the top edge of the bottom plinth and the bottom edge of the top one. Sand them free of machining marks, then glue and clamp them to the decorative stiles.

this molding to fit into the dadoes and

glue it in place.

The last two elements on each stile are smaller veneered plinths (pieces 32) with an ogee cut along their top and bottom edges. Glue a small rectangle of burl veneer (piece 33) to each block, as shown on the **Pinup Shop Drawings**.

After slotting for biscuits, apply glue and then secure the five pieces of beaded trim around the top using a band clamp.

Once again, use your table mounted router to plow shallow stopped dadoes around the veneer and miter more of the bullnose molding (piece 11) in the dadoes. After sanding, glue and clamp these blocks to the decorative stiles. Dry fit the stiles to the carcass to check their height, then temporarily secure them with clamps while you move on to the top apron.

Building the Curved Top Apron

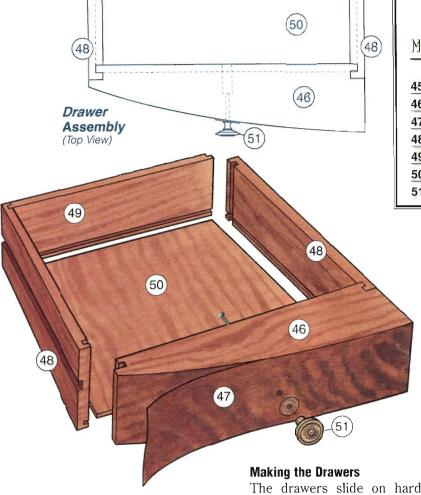
The curved apron that supports the top of the bookcase starts with a 3/4" plywood backer (piece 34). Two horizontal supports (pieces 35) are screwed and glued to this after their front edges have been band sawn to a curve. Bend a piece of 1/4" plywood (piece 36) along the curve and secure it with glue and small brads or pins.

Select two pieces of book-matched ribbon veneer with grain at about a 45° angle (pieces 37), then glue these to the curved front of the apron as you

did to the curved base subassembly. Dry fit the stiles and apron to the carcass, then cut the hardwood trim (piece 38) that will face the bottom of the apron. Make minor adjustments for a perfect fit, bullnose the front edge of the trim, then glue and clamp it in place. Now glue the decorative stile and apron assembly in place with the help of a couple of hidden glue blocks (pieces 39), as shown in the **Exploded View**.

Assembling the Top

To achieve the proper sense of proportion, the top of the bookcase is made from two sheets of 3/4" mahogany plywood (pieces 40) faceglued together. And to stay in keeping with the rest of the design, the top is edged on the front and sides with hardwood (pieces 41, 42 and 43). This molding is glued on in its sticked-up form. Band saw the gently curved shapes after the top has been glued up.



Chop a few biscuit slots in the top and the moldings, then apply glue and assemble the parts. Exert equal pressure all the way around with a band clamp, as shown in the photo on the preceding page. After the glue dries, band saw the edging to shape and bead the fresh edges (see Pinup Shop Drawing).

Secure the top to the case with counterbored screws driven down through the top into pilot holes drilled in the top rails and apron. Cover the screws with mahogany plugs and sand them flush.

Installing the Back

With the top assembly in place, you can close up the bookcase by attaching the back (piece 44). Chuck a small rabbeting bit in your portable router to mill a 1/4" rabbet in the top and carcass sides, then square the corners with a chisel. Cut the back to fit with about 1/16" of play, then make sure the cabinet is perfectly square before you secure it with 1" panel pins. Pin the back to the shelves, too.

MATERIAL LIST (Drawers)

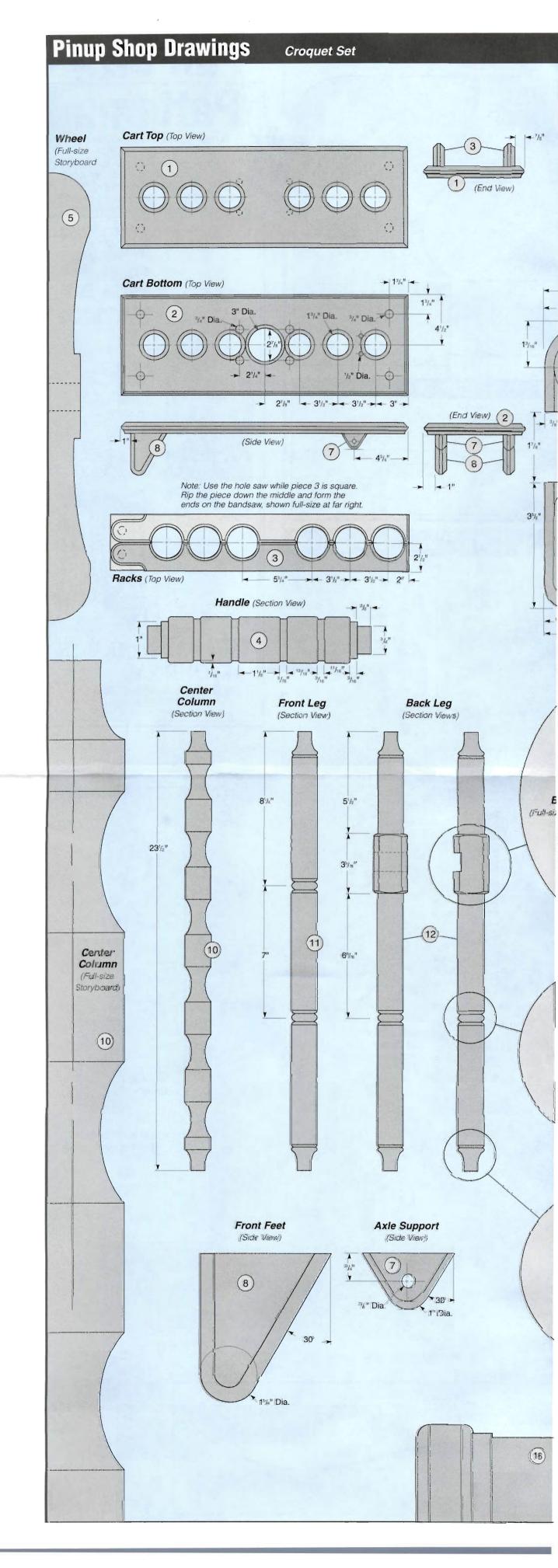
45 Drawer Runners (4)	T x W x L 1/2" x 3/4" x 12 ¹ / ₂ "
46 Drawer Fronts (2)	31/2" x 43/8 x 143/8"
47 Drawer Veneer (2)	1/32" x 45/6" x 15"
48 Drawer Sides (4)	3/4" x 4 ³ / ₈ " x 13"
49 Drawer Backs (2)	3/4" x 4 ³ / ₈ " x 13 ¹ / ₂ "
50 Drawer Bottoms (2)	1/4" x 13 ¹ / ₂ " x 12 ³ / ₈ "
51 Drawer Pulls (2)	Antique Brass

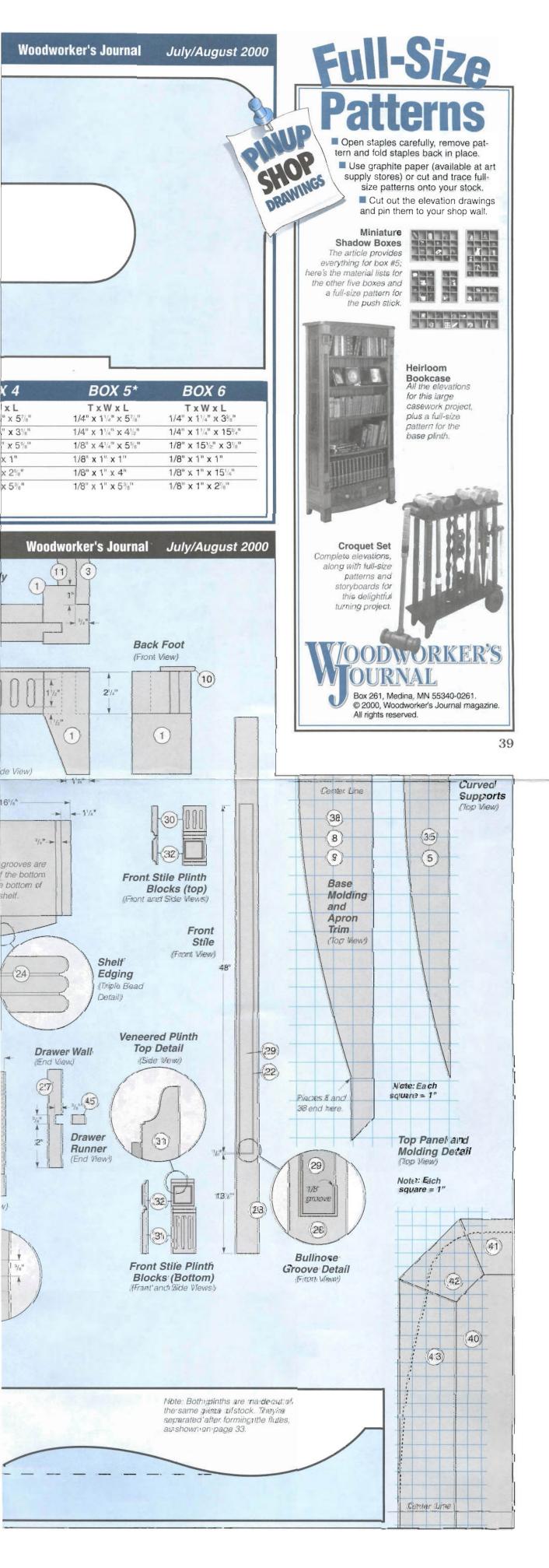
Temporarily clamp each drawer together and test fit it in its opening. When everything appears right, assemble them permanently with glue and clamps. Sand the entire project to 220 grit sand paper. I used a light walnut General Finishes stain on the bookcase to good effect. It brought out the various grain patterns and veneer pieces very well. I followed with three coats of semi-gloss polyurethane to bring out the rich depths of the mahogany veneers and to protect the shelves from scratches.

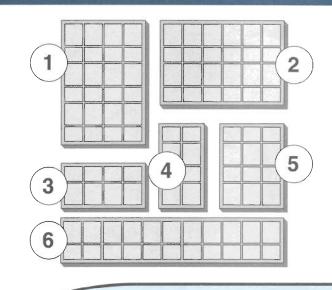
The drawers slide on hardwood runners (pieces 45) that are cut to size and installed into the grooves you plowed earlier.

Band saw the drawer fronts (pieces 46) from a glued-up solid piece of mahogany and create the locking rabbets on either side with a dado head in the table saw. Sand the curved fronts. Again, select book-matched crotch veneer (pieces 47) and glue it to the drawer fronts. then trim it flush all around. Cut the sides (pieces 48) to size, then use the dado head to plow a groove in each of them for the drawer slides. Stay with the dado head to cut matching locking dadoes to secure them to the front and the drawer backs (pieces 49), then change the cutterhead to 1/4" thickness to mill grooves in the fronts, sides and backs for drawer bottoms (pieces 50). Drill a hole in each front for a pull (piece 51): this will have to be counterbored from the back, as the screw won't be long enough.





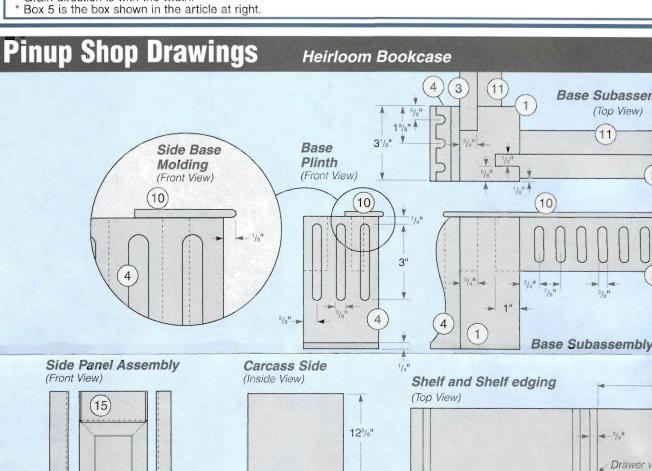


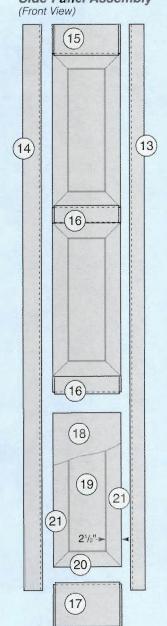


Push Stick

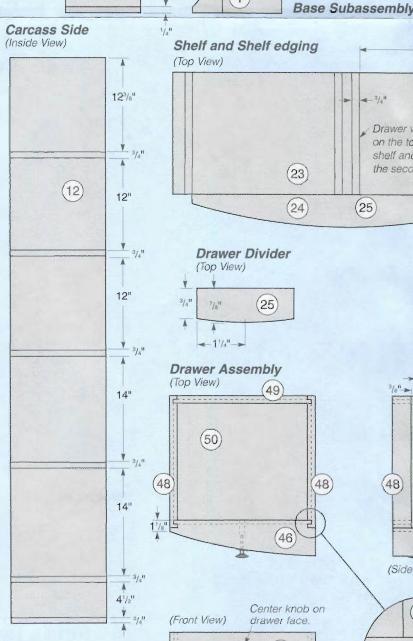
	BOX 2	BOX 3	E
T x W x L 1/4" x 11/4" x 85/8"	T x W x L 1/4" x 1½" x 6%"	T x W x L 1/4" x 11/4" x 31/6"	T 1/4" >
1/4" x 11/4" x 61/8"	1/4" x 11/4" x 85/8"	1/4" x 11/4" x 61/8"	1/4" >
1/8" x 5%" x 8%"	1/8" x 83/8" x 57/8"	1/8" x 57/8" x 27/8"	1/8" >
1/8" x 1" x 1"	1/8" x 1" x 1"	1/8" x 1" x 1"	1/8" >
1/8" x 1" x 5%"	1/8" x 1" x 81/a"	1/8" x 1" x 5%"	1/8" >
1/8" x 1" x 81/4"	1/8" x 1" x 55/8"	1/8" x 1" x 25/8"	1/8")
	1/4" x 1 ³ / ₄ " x 8 ⁸ / ₈ " 1/4" x 1 ³ / ₄ " x 6 ³ / ₈ " 1/8" x 5 ⁷ / ₈ " x 8 ³ / ₈ " 1/8" x 1" x 1" 1/8" x 1" x 5 ⁵ / ₈ " 1/8" x 1" x 8 ³ / ₈ "	1/4" x 1 1/4" x 8 5/8" 1/4" x 1 1/4" x 6 5/8" 1/4" x 1 1/4" x 8 5/8" 1/8" x 5 7/8" x 8 3/8" 1/8" x 1" x 1" 1/8" x 1" x 5 5/8" 1/8" x 1" x 5 5/8"	1/4" x 1"/4" x 8%" 1/4" x 1"/4" x 6%" 1/4" x 1"/4" x 3%" 1/4" x 1"/4" x 6%" 1/4" x 1"/4" x 8%" 1/4" x 1"/4" x 6%" 1/8" x 5%" x 8%" 1/8" x 5%" 1/8" x 5%" x 2%" 1/8" x 1" x 1" 1/8" x 1" x 1" 1/8" x 1" x 1" 1/8" x 1" x 5%" 1/8" x 1" x 5%" 1/8" x 1" x 5%" 1/8" x 1" x 5%" 1/8" x 1" x 5%" 1/8" x 1" x 5%"

46





NOTE: Grooves for the side panels (in the stiles and rails) are 1/4" wide by 1/4" deep.





Router depth setting

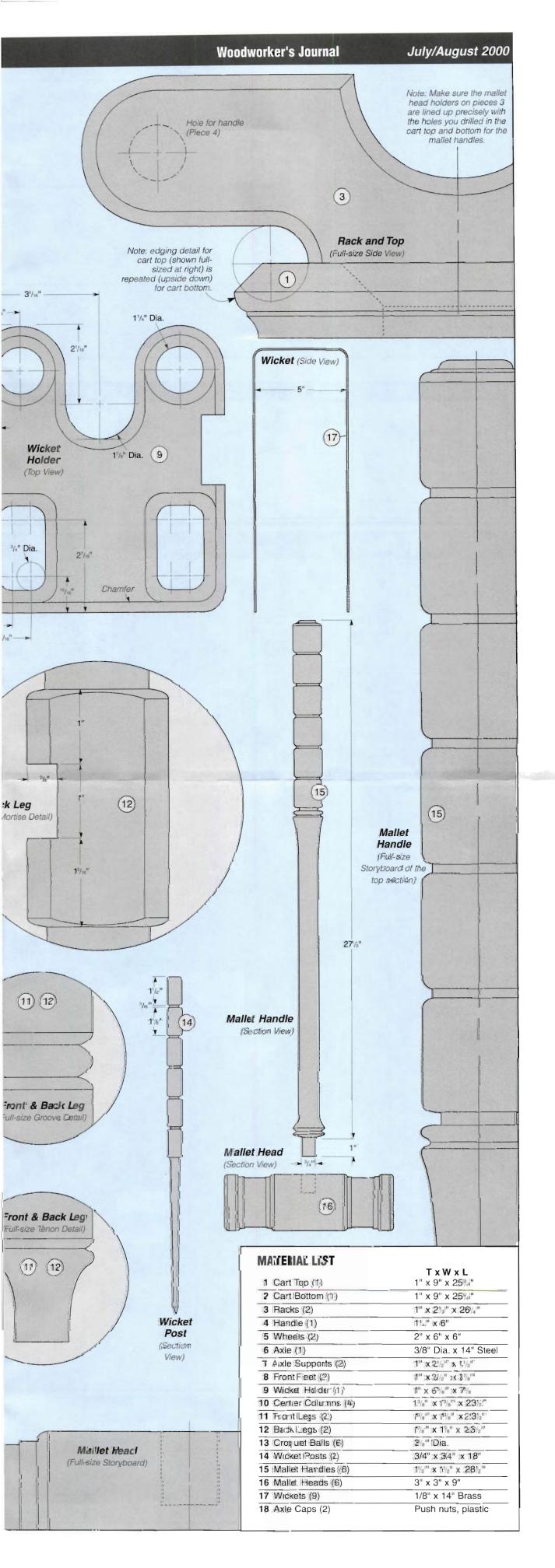


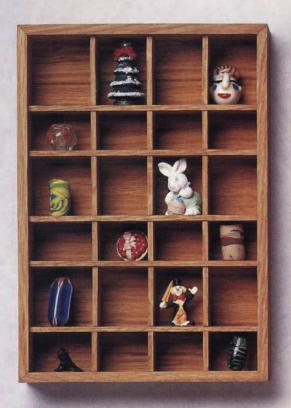
Base Plinths

Waste

(Full-size)

(47)















Build a Set of Shadow Boxes

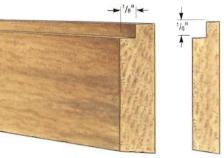
By John English



ometimes we get to build exactly what somebody wants. Recently my niece, Elizabeth, decided it was time to display her delightful collection of miniatures (mostly, I learned later, to keep her cat Gus from terrorizing them). She

knew where she wanted to go, but didn't quite know how to get there. Something seemed vaguely familiar about her initial design: it took me a few minutes, but I remembered where I had seen it before. Her drawing resembled a wall-hung box that had graced my grandmother's kitchen some 40 years ago. Building on that memory, we designed a series of complementary shadow boxes that offered Elizabeth a total of 98 compartments.

Rabbet for Back



Be sure to form the 1/8" rabbet for the back before cutting your sides to length.

Each oak box is an interlocking grid surrounded by a mitered frame. To add a little pizzazz, we dressed up the miters with walnut splines, then added an oak plywood back. Get started by seeing what hardwoods your supplier offers in 1/4" and 1/8" thicknesses, or refer to the sidebar below for guidelines on milling small parts.

The Mitered Frames

Each box has only six different parts. I'll describe how to build one box, and you can follow our **Material** Lists for the other five boxes, (shown on the center pull-out), or adapt them to your own sizes.

Rip some longer stock for your frame members (pieces 1 and 2) and form their

rabbet, as shown at left. Make sure you guide these tiny workpieces with a push stick (see sidebar below): you can find a pattern for this critical tool in the **Full-size Pattern** at the center of this issue. With the rabbet in place, crosscut your pieces one inch longer than the dimensions shown in the **Materials List** on page 51.

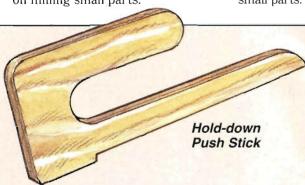
You might be tempted to use the table saw's miter gauge to trim the frame members to length, but a sled is a much safer option with such small parts. This jig (see Figure 1)



Figure 1: Create a sled to form the miters on the ends of these small pieces. It's safer, more stable and more accurate.

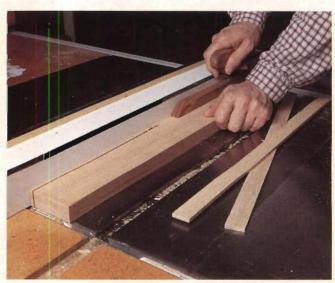
supports the work below and behind, making it much more stable and accurate. It also allows you to cut the first miter on several pieces simultaneously by clamping them to the sled (you'll have to miter them to final length one at a time).

The sled itself is just a piece of plywood with a runner attached to the bottom. The runner must be sized so that it slides freely in the saw's miter gauge groove, without any play. Attach it with screws and glue, then lubricate it with a little paraffin wax.



Ripping thin stock

ven the most grizzled woodshop veterans get a little nervous slicing thin stock. That's because it brings your fingers close to the saw blade and it's too thin to allow a decent grip. Begin making thin stock by ripping it off the edge of a wider board, using your hold-down push stick. The forward portion holds the stock down and the blade can actually cut right through the heel of this stick without causing damage to the workpiece ... or to you!



When the board gets too narrow for comfort, don't push your luck: switch to a new board. Using the push stick shown above helps control thin stock as you rip.

Temporarily screw a 45° fence to the top of your sled, then make a couple of test cuts on scrap stock, clamping the work to the fence to avoid creeping. When you are satisfied that the cut is precisely 45°, screw and glue the fence in place. Then miter the frame members to length.

Assemble the Frames

If you are building more than a couple of shadow boxes, ask your lumberyard about a hardwood door skin. This is perhaps the most economical way to make the 1/8" thick plywood back (piece 3). The smallest door skins (measuring 12" or 18" wide by 80" long) are surprisingly affordable.

With the backs cut to size, dry fit all the frame parts to check their dimensions and fit. Assemble three of the four frame corners with masking tape applied to their outside faces (the tape just keeps things lined up while you get ready to clamp). Apply glue to the miters, then close the fourth corner and apply tape here, too. Be aware that

the open time with yellow glue is only a couple of minutes, so work quickly. Secure the assembly with a band clamp, as shown at right, applying enough pressure to tighten the joints: do not over-tighten or you will squeeze out all the glue (squeezing out some is actually recommended). Use the back to check the frame for squareness (glue and clamp it in

Machining the Spline Kerfs

glue with a damp rag.

After the glue in the frame has dried, sand the assembly before you add the decorative walnut splines. Though small, these splines (pieces 4) add stability and strength to the frame. This is an ancient way of adding both gluing surface and visual appeal to a miter joint. That appeal is enhanced when the splines are made from a contrasting species — in our

place later). Clean up any excess

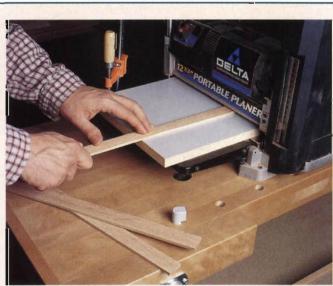
case the walnut splines really jump out of the white oak background. These splines are relatively simple to install, but they add a huge visual impact to your

Band clamps are perfect for small projects like this. Work quickly but don't over-tighten as

vou clamp.

project.

Two decorative splines adorn each mitered joint and installing them requires another simple jig. This is made from just three pieces of 3/4" thick scrap plywood. The two shorter pieces are trimmed at 45° and nailed or glued to the longer one, creating a 90° V-shape (see **Figure 2**). As the splines are only 1/8" thick, a regular blade should cut a perfect kerf for them.



When planing to thicknesses of less than about 5/16", most bench top planers will require you to use a slave board. Not only will you be able to achieve more accurate cuts, but the operation is much safer.



nce you've got your stock ripped to rough size, you've got to get it to the exact thickness. Surfacing it down to the 1/8" or 1/4" thicknesses required for this project is a job for a planer, but in this case you must use a slave board for safety. The author used a piece of 3/4" melamine (because it is so smooth) and clamped it place securely. In practical terms, 1/8" thick material is as thin as you can easily surface stock with most bench top planers.

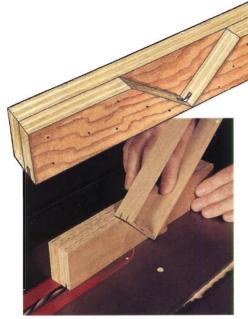


Figure 2: A spline kerf jig is easy to make, as shown above. Just be sure to test the blade height setting with scraps before moving on to your workpiece.

With the blade height set at about 3/16", place a piece of scrap in the jig and run it through the blade. Adjust the height up or down until you can fit the largest spline possible; keep in mind, however, that the frames are only 1/4" thick, and you don't want the spline penetrating to the inside. When you're satisfied with the setup, set the fence so the kerf is located 5/16" in from the edge of the frame sides and make your kerfs. The beauty of this jig is that all you have to do to create the second set of kerfs is reverse spline workpiece and repeat the process.

Install the Splines

Keeping in mind the guidelines for ripping small stock, cut your splines from the edge of a wider board. If your blade is sharp, there should be no need to surface the stock: it will be smooth enough as is.

Apply glue to each of the eight kerfs in turn before gently tapping a short length of oversized spline stock in place. Once the glue has dried, trim and sand the splines flush with the box frame. Proceed slowly, as such thin stock can be brittle — especially when you're

using a wide-grained species. If one of the splines doesn't quite look right after it has been sanded (perhaps it was a little too thin, or it split as it was being tapped in place), just pop the box back in the jig and repeat the cut to remove the spline. Once you have the splines in place, glue the plywood back into the box using glue and spring-clamps.

Half-lapped Dividers

Spline Kerf Jig

The essence of the shadow box is its array of small compartments, and the size of each of these is determined by the locations of the dividers. You can start milling your dividers once you've laid them out to accommodate your collectibles.

Cut all the horizontal and vertical dividers (pieces 5 and 6) from 1/8" thick stock, using your push stick to safely guide these small parts through the saw. Use the Elevation Drawings at right to locate and mark the half-lap notches on one horizontal and one vertical divider. Tape the same size dividers together (behind the marked up piece) and clamp them to an oversized fence screwed to your miter gauge. Now simply line up each notch with the blade and make the cuts (see Figure 3). In this fashion, you can cut all the notches at once, ensuring they all line up perfectly. It's a good idea to add one last scrap divider next to the fence to eliminate tearout. Repeat the process for the vertical dividers.

Dry fit the dividers together and see how well they fit the box. This should be a friction fit: just tight enough not to move around, but not so tight that they have to be forced into position. Trim if necessary, then sand the entire project.

Note: You can decide whether you want all the horizontal dividers to be solid lines and the vertical ones broken (or vice versa) by simply removing the grid, reversing it and then reinstalling it. If you have a series of shadow boxes, you can bring order or whimsy to the final look by either having them all match, or mixing them up a little.



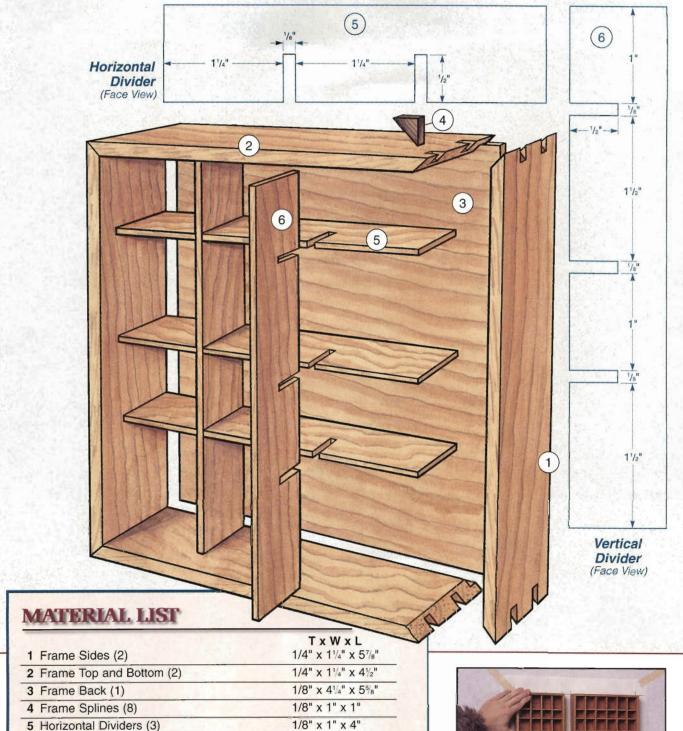
Figure 3: Tape the horizontal and vertical dividers together in groups with the notches plainly marked on the forward piece. Clamp the pieces to an auxiliary fence when cutting.

Apply the Finish

After sanding the project with 100, 180 and 220 grit papers, Elizabeth and I applied a natural oil finish to our shadow boxes. This matte finish brings out the rich colors and texture of the wood without visually overpowering her small collectibles in the compartments. You can apply the finish, wipe it off, let it dry and then reassemble the grids. Trying to finish them after they've been assembled will result in a drippy mess which will take forever to dry.

Mount the Shadow Boxes

How you arrange the shadow boxes on the wall has a lot to do with how many boxes you build. If you followed our guidelines and built six boxes, we recommend the



arrangement shown on the first page of this article.

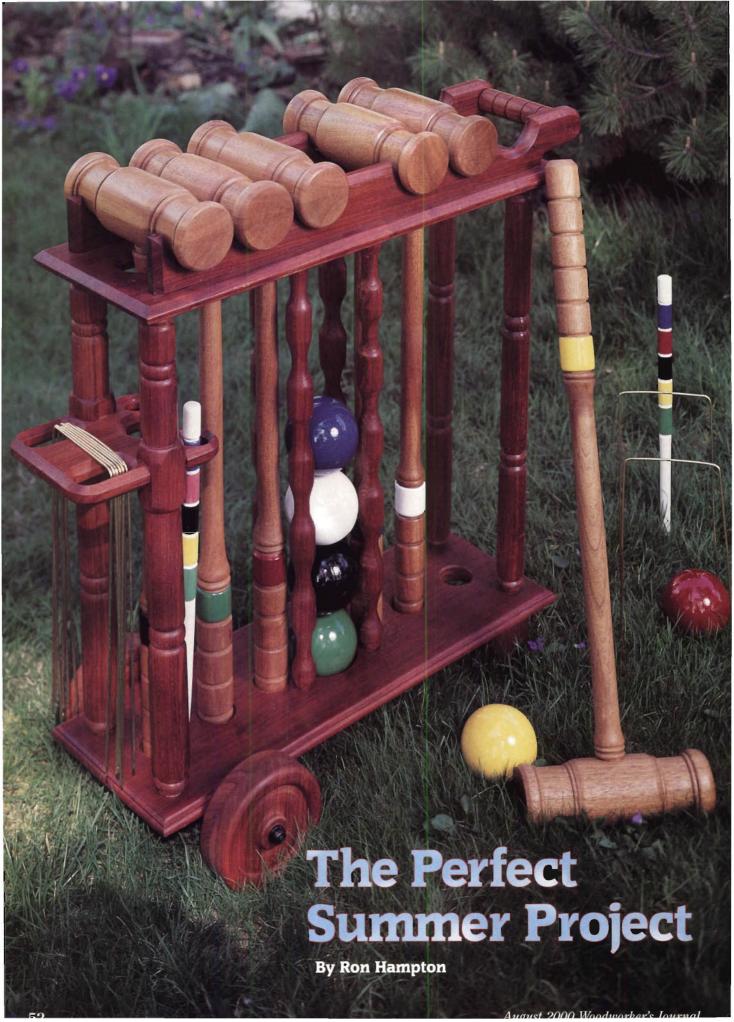
Note: Material Lists for the other boxes shown on page 47 can be found on the pull-out pattern at the center of this issue.

6 Vertical Dividers (2)

Attaching the shadow boxes to the wall does not have to be difficult. The simplest method of mounting the boxes is to use a couple of small-headed screws in each unit, strategically placing the screws in a compartment where one of the collectibles will obscure them from view. You may want to make sure the screws are long enough to reach a stud, but to tell you the truth, each assembly is so light that finding a wall stud is simply not necessary.

1/8" x 1" x 538"

Hanging the shadow boxes and keeping them all square and even presented a challenge. Our solution: Lay them out on oversized paper to create a template. Tape the template to the wall (with the box positions cut out), perfectly level. Then you can install each box in turn.



on't you love the look you get when you hand a just finished project over to its new owner? That smile is worth a million dollars, so

you can imagine my joy when I presented this project to an entire family. Beyond the joy of giving, this croquet set is a lot of fun to build, too. Its construction will help you polish your joinery skills and introduce you to a couple of new turning techniques.

I chose African padauk for the cart, primarily because I fell in love with the color. I also like the way it machines: padauk has a fine, smooth texture, is very strong and hard, and is naturally resistant to decay. The only real disadvantage is that you must be very careful about dust collection: its residue is similar to hot chili pepper dust, and can aggravate some allergies.

For the mallets and stakes I chose Honduras mahogany. Again, this was based essentially on color: the mahogany provides such a rich contrast to the padauk. (Of course, the fact that my supplier had it in the right dimensions had some influence as well!)

Start with the Cart

The first step in creating the croquet set is to build the cart, since all the other parts must fit within its confines. Select two pieces of padauk for the cart top and bottom (pieces 1 and 2), then use the **Pinup Shop Drawing** (they're on the pullout at the center of the magazine) to establish the hole locations in each. Note that some of these go all the way through, while others are stopped. Use Forstner bits in the drill press and a scrap backer to bore the holes.

Follow the three-stage process shown at right to create a pair of perfectly matched racks (pieces 3) for the top of the cart. Then bore a stopped hole in each rack for the handle.

Turning the Handle

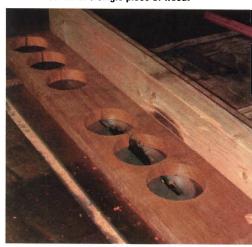
Get started on the handle (piece 4) by mounting a 2" x 2" x 8" padauk blank between centers on your lathe and bringing it to a 1¹/₄" cylinder at slow speed with a bowl or a roughing gouge. Smooth the cylinder with a skew, checking dimensions with calipers. While the lathe is turning slowly, mark the handle's groove and end tenon locations with pencil lines: these are all shown on the **Pinup Shop Drawings**.

Remove most of the waste on the tenons with a skew or a thin parting tool, then bring it right to 3/4" with an open end wrench. (Yes, I ground a cutting bevel on the top edge of a regular old wrench, and this shopmade tool lets me quickly cut an exact thickness tenon). Clean up the corners with a thin parting tool. Use the same parting tool to define the four flat-bottom grooves, then lay your skew at 45° and bevel the top of each trough. Sand to 220 grit, then use a thin parting tool to cut most of the way through the end of both tenons.

You can apply finish to all the turned parts while they are still on the lathe (except for the tenons). I use a mixture of Deft wood sealer diluted 50/50 with lacquer thinner. Wet the wood with the lathe turned off and let it soak for 15 seconds. Then turn the lathe on and dry the part with a paper towel (much safer than cloth). This produces a fast satin finish. After finishing, remove the handle from the lathe and trim the ends square on the band saw.



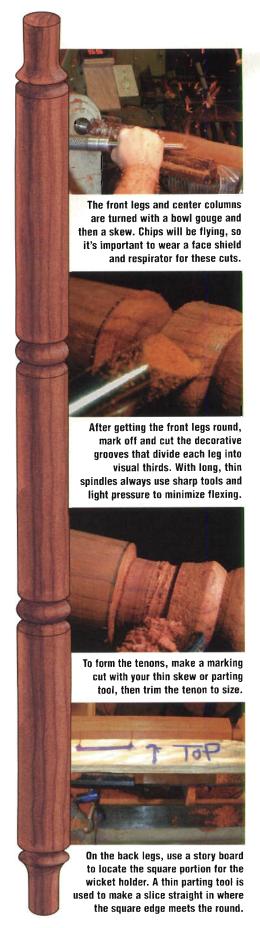
For perfectly matching scalloped rack pieces, chuck a hole saw in your drill press and bore holes down the center of a single piece of wood.



Once you've drilled the holes in the rack, move to the table saw to cut the piece exactly down the center, forming two pieces.



After separating your pieces, stack them for the next cut. Move to the band saw to form the handle portion of the rack.



Milling Profiles on the Edges

Take the completed parts of the cart to your router table and lock a bearing guided, 45° chamfer bit in the chuck (see **photo** at right). Bevel the top edges of the rack, the top edge of the cart top and the bottom edge of the cart bottom with this bit. Mill the same profile on the edges of all six large holes in the cart top (upper face only), then switch to an ogee bit to create a decorative profile along the bottom edge of the cart top and the top edge of the cart bottom. All of these are shown in detail on the Pinup Shop Drawings.

The Axle Supports and Feet

The cart can be moved around on a pair of wheels (pieces 5) that are attached by means of an axle (piece 6) and two supports (pieces 7). Cut strips of padauk for the supports, making sure their grain travels along the length, not the width. Band saw these pieces to shape (see the **Pinup Shop Drawings**) and sand their edges. Drill holes for the axle, then cut the two front feet (pieces 8) to shape.

Bevel all but the top edges of the axle supports and the feet using the same bearing guided chamfer bit you used earlier. With small parts like these, I like to hot-melt glue them to a large piece of scrap and take multiple passes. Keep your fingers away from the cutters.

The Wicket Holder

Cut the wicket holder (piece 9) to the shape shown on the **Pinup Shop Drawings**, then use a Forstner bit to drill its two round holes. Switch to a 1" bit to drill four corners of the rectangular holes, then complete these cutouts (and the notches for the legs) with a jigsaw. Sand, then relieve the exposed edges with the chamfering bit (except around the notches for the legs).



A bearing guided, 45° chamfering bit handles the edge milling for the top and bottom, the racks and the wicket holder (shown above).



The Columns are Next

it appears in the inset.

Turn the four center columns (pieces 10) next, using a bowl gouge and then a skew, as shown at top left. Follow the same sequence used earlier for the handle, only this time instead of grooves, you're creating curved arcs. Stick to the dimensions shown on the **Pinup Shop Drawings**, or the croquet balls won't be able to fit between the columns after the cart is assembled. To make this easier, cut a plywood circle the diameter of the balls and use it to test your arcs.

meet the legs, so the mortise isn't as deep as

Making the two front legs (pieces 11) is a simple turning process. After getting them to round, mark off and cut the decorative grooves that divide each leg into visual thirds, then complete the tenons, as shown in the photo series at left. For the back legs (pieces 12), you'll have to use a storyboard since

a portion remains square, as shown in the photo (bottom left, previous page). Mill the round areas first, referring to the Pinup Shop Drawings for the dimensions of the square portion. Once you've formed the tenons and removed the back legs from the lathe, set up your table saw with a dado blade to cut the notches for the wicket holder. Each notch should be 1/2" deep.

11

10

Assembling the Cart

After completing a dry fit, begin assembling the cart by gluing the handle tenons into their borings in the racks. Use a weatherproof glue. Before it sets, attach the racks to the cart top with glue, biscuits and clamps. See the Pinup Shop Drawings for all locations. Use biscuits to secure the feet and dowels to attach the axle supports, as they're too small for biscuits. Push the axle through the supports as you work to ensure they will line up later.

Glue and clamp the four columns and the four legs into the base, then turn the assembly upside down to set and glue these eight pieces into their relevant borings in the underside of the top. Check for squareness as you apply clamping pressure.



1 Cart Top (1)	T x W x L 1" x 9" x 25 ³ / ₄ "
2 Cart Bottom (1)	1" x 9" x 25 ³ / ₄ "
3 Racks (2)	1" x 2 ¹ / ₂ " x 26 ³ / ₄ "
4 Handle (1)	11/4" x 6"
5 Wheels (2)	2" x 6" x 6"
6 Axle (1)	3/8" Dia. x 14" Steel
7 Axle Supports (2)	1" x 2½" x 1½"
8 Front Feet (2)	1" x 3 ¹ / ₂ " x 3 ⁷ / ₈ "
9 Wicket Holder (1)	1" x 65/8" x 75/8

10 Center Columns (4)	T x W x L 1 ³ / ₈ " x 1 ³ / ₈ " x 23 ¹ / ₂ "
11 Front Legs (2)	13/8" x 13/8" x 231/2"
12 Back Legs (2)	17/8" x 17/8" x 231/2"
13 Croquet Balls (6)	3 ⁵ / ₈ " Dia.
14 Wicket Posts (2)	3/4" x 3/4" x 18"
15 Mallet Handles (6)	1½" x 1½" x 28½"
16 Mallet Heads (6)	3" x 3" x 9"
17 Wickets (9)	1/8" x 14" Brass
18 Axle Caps (2)	Push nuts, plastic

(14

17

Turning Wheels on the Lathe

As you can see from the two photos at right, turning wheels on a lathe is a real natural. Get started by cutting four square blanks (two for each wheel) on the table saw and gluing them face to face. Then, band saw a round piece of plywood and attach it to a faceplate. Turn the plywood to round. This will become the holder for turning the wheels and, later, the balls. Drill a pilot hole at the center of the plywood and use a 3" wood screw and strips of two-sided tape to hold a wheel blank in place.

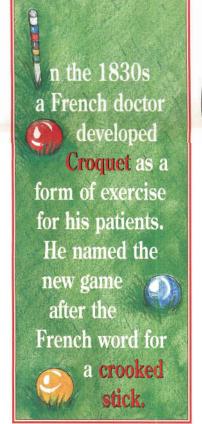
Turn the wheel true, then mark the points for its central depression. Use a sharp skew for this operation, making fine passes. When you're happy with the look, sand and apply finish, then unscrew the wheel and turn it around. You don't have to have the exact same look on the insides, but it should be close, since both sides are visible on the finished project.

Turning the Croquet Balls

First, put your ball blanks (pieces 13) between centers and turn the blank to a column. A small spindle gouge works well for this job.

After all six balls have been roughed to round, you'll have to remount the balls to continue. Begin by taking the two-sided tape off the face plate that you used to turn the wheels. Cut a small cup in





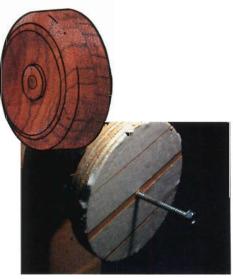
the center: the ball will rest in this cup on the headstock side. On the tailstock, mount a large sealed ball bearing to a plywood backer secured to a live center. Hold the ball between these two depressions. Now rough in the ball using a 3¹/₄" to 3¹/₂" bi-metal hole cutter, as shown in the photo below. This is a very quick and easy way to cut a ball round. Rotate the ball often, so you are cutting it round in all three axes. After you sand all six balls you can spray paint them. Set them on golf tees or egg cartons while you spray. and fine sand between coats.

Making the Wicket Post

I saved the wicket posts (pieces 14) until now so that your spindle



After minor surgery on the wheel's faceplate, rough in the ball using a 3½" - 3½" bi-metal hole cutter — an easy way to cut a ball round.



To hold the wheels (and the balls) in place, band saw a round piece of plywood and attach it to a faceplate. Turn it round and drill a pilot hole at the center for a 3" wood screw.



Turn the wheel true, then mark the points for its central depression. Use a sharp skew for this step, making fine cuts. When one side is right, reverse the wheel to turn the other side.

turning skills would have a chance to gain a little polish. A wicket post (also commonly called a stake) can be difficult to turn because it gets very thin and flexible. It's 18" long, so cut your turning blank no more than 20": the shorter the blank, the less flexible it will be.

Use very little pressure in your tail stock as you lock the blank between centers, and make light cuts in the



Make sure you keep moving the hole cutter through all three axes during the roughing process, then work your way through the grits.





Turning the mallet heads is a welcome change from the spindles since you don't have to fight flexing. Turn them round with a bowl gouge and use a caliper to get the diameter right.



After applying finish to the head, go back to the ends and deepen the cut with your parting tool so only 1/4" remains. Finish up the ends on the band saw, followed by the belt sander.

wicket post as you turn it. Aggressive cuts should actually make the spindle stop turning. Lay out the wicket posts the way you have all other spindles in this project, according to the **Pinup Shop Drawings**. Reduce it to round and leave the pointed tip fat (that is, the full 3/4" diameter). Work on the wider head first.

Very carefully taper the point of the wicket post, starting from the middle and working toward the headstock where it will be thinnest. Use the tool that you can control the best. My preference is the skew, but



Rough out the flat part of the mallet handle with the bowl gouge and then the skew. Use your caliper to get the diameter perfect.

use whatever works best for you. An aggressive bowl gouge will dig in, flex the post and break it. After turning, sand this piece, but not too fine, since it will end up being painted later.

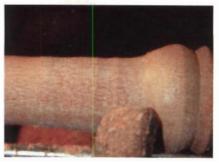
Turning the Mallets

The only difference between turning the mallet handles (pieces 15) and the legs is that a storyboard is essential here, as the profile is a little more complicated. It will also ensure that all six mallets are identical. Use calipers to make sure the mallet heads (pieces 16) are 3" diameter, then complete the rest of the turning in accordance with the

Pinup Shop Drawings.

Make a simple scrapwood V-shaped cradle to hold the mallet heads steady on the drill press while you bore them for the tenons on the ends of the handles. Once everything gets a good sanding, glue and clamp the handles to the heads.

Some folks think the challenge of the game is to progress through the wickets in the fewest strokes. For others, real joy is attained with a properly "sent" competitor's ball.



Make a story board to mark all the critical points at the top of the handle, then use the shallow gouge to shape the top end.

No Sticky Wickets Here

I went to a welding supply shop and got nine brass welding rods for the wire hoop wickets (pieces 17). They bend easily and I liked the brass color. Sand and finish those elements of the set that weren't finished on the lathe, then you're ready to present your completed set. Your family will have fun with this project for years to come.

Ron Hampton, a turner and dentist from Texas, last appeared in our June 1999 issue.





POR I COLL

Lots of cutting power — and electric brakes to halt it — are some of the advantages Porter-Cable cites in its new compound miter saws. The 12" model 3802 and 10" slide model 3807 each saw has a 15 amp motor and a Riptide™ 40T carbide-tipped blade. Not only do the electric brakes decrease waiting between cuts,

Reaching for Perfection

Compounding Your Miter Saw Choice

Porter-Cable says, but a spindle lock minimizes down-time during blade changes, too. Each saw also has pre-set locking detents at 0°, 15°, 22.5°, 31.6° and 45° to the right and also to the left.

The 12" model 3802 has an extra tall sliding fence which allows you to cut 51/4" crown moldings with the workpiece standing vertically against the fence. An extension wing helps balance longer boards. The 10" model 3807 is a slidecompound miter saw which offers a one-piece fence and work clamp, as well as a dual rod linear-bearing



Porter-Cable has a new 12" compound miter saw and 10" slide-compound miter saw.

guide system for smooth, precise cuts. Both saws have a base which can mount on a bench or a 2 x 4 sawhorse.

Large, centerbalanced carrying handles give these saws

portability. Each saw also comes with a dust bag. Approximate price for the 12" model 3802 is \$380; for the 10" model 3807, it's \$529. For more information, call Porter-Cable at 800-487-8665 or visit them on the web: www.porter-cable.com.



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accurate to .001".

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It also works on radial arm saws and power miter boxes. A companion tool, the SuperBar, offers a precision dial indicator that checks alignment accuracy to .001". A spring-loaded adjustment mechanism lets it adjust to fit all standard 3/8" x 3/4" miter slots. The MasterPlate costs about \$49, the SuperBar, \$69. For more info, call 888-893-8300 or visit

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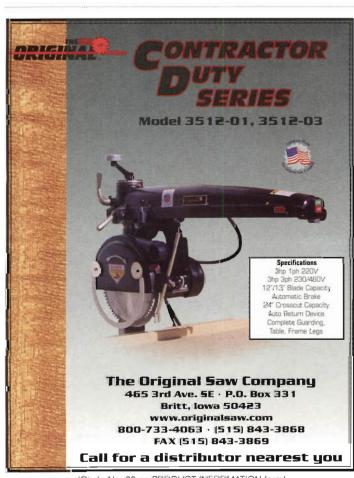


incorporate a cool image from your computer screen into your woodworking? That's just what Woodprint veneers were designed to do. "I can take a \$5 piece of veneer and have it look like a \$1,000 piece of rosewood in five minutes," says Dennis Brooker. He developed a special treatment which allows the paper-backed wood veneer to accept an accurate

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The benefit of Euro Handle-It. according to its makers at Euro Limited, is to get your handles and knobs in exactly the right spot whether you're working from the English or the metric system of measurement. The tool itself is an 8" x 18.25" polycarbonate template with hardened steel bushings. All of its measurements are marked in English and metric. A center reference line helps in marking extra wide

positioning stop helps with drawer fronts of the same size. The Euro-Handle has a height adjustment to the center of (in English) a 12" high drawer front and can install handles as large as 24". Despite the name, it's made in the U.S. Retail price is approximately \$39.95. For more information, call



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Three New Planer-molders

By Charles Self

Sooner or later, you're going to need a large molding that can't be milled with router bits. And every woodworker dreams of owning a planer. Well, now you can tackle both operations with a single machine! The author put a new generation of planer-molders through their paces, and here's what he found

Sure, you can mill a complicated molding with a router and a bunch of ingenious setups. Or maybe you depend on a shaper, or even a set of saw-mounted cutterheads. But deep down, you know there just has to be a way around problems like inaccurate reproduction and limitations on the size of stock you can mill. Plus, shapers are costly — especially if they won't see a lot of use. And even though a router table is handy, it can require a lot of passes to deliver an intricate compound molding.

With all that in mind, Craftsman, Grizzly and JET have each come up with an elegant option: the integrated planer-molder. Here's a tool that can mill a large, complicated profile quickly (with relatively minor set-up) while handling a wide array of profiles ... all the way up to 5½ wide! After looking at a variety of machines, I settled on the three models shown here as being most suited to a home workshop.

All three of the models I tested carry a street price at or under \$800. Of the three, Craftsman's 12½" model #23383 is the least expensive. Perhaps that's because this is the only model that doesn't include a stand (although one is available as an optional extra).

Plus, another option not included with the Craftsman is a dust collection port.

Grizzly's
13" version
of the planermolder, the
model
G1037, comes
with a 4" dust port and
a stand, while JET's
model JPM-13 includes a stand;
their dust hood runs another \$40
plus shipping.

Size is Important

If your floor space is limited, the physical size of a new machine can be a big factor in your decision.

The Craftsman unit is the smallest of the three at 115 pounds (minus a stand). Its motor is fully enclosed in the machine base.

The Grizzly, by comparison, is a bit of a monster. It boasts a huge 2 HP motor sitting right on top of the unit and a net weight of about 220 pounds. The JET's a little lighter, with a motor between the stand legs and a net weight of about 202 pounds.

Let's Start with the Craftsman
One of the nicest features of
this machine is the set of



Grizzly G1037

Price: \$795 (Plus \$40 S&H) Phone: 800-523-4777

2 HP

Cut Width: 13"

Max. Stock Thickness: 6"



The molding cutters that come with the Grizzly, like the others in the test, are a maximum of 41/2".



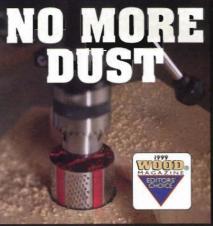
Grizzly's 2 HP motor switches from 110 to 220 volts. You can adjust the feed speed in about two minutes.

carrying handles that slide out of the tables on both sides of the machine. Balancing that is the fact you give up 1/2" on the planer cut width.

The recommended stand is no longer listed in the catalog, so a shop-built one is in order. This is not a benchtop machine in the true sense, as it needs air from underneath to prevent the 15 amp motor from overheating.

The Craftsman's 11/2 HP motor does a good job of removing wood, as long as you take less than 1/8" per pass in hardwoods. Four columns support the cutterhead. (All three units have movable tables). The unit's maximum planing thickness is 5", and feed speeds are adjustable from 13 feet per minute (FPM) for a smooth finish on moldings, to twice that for

Shop Test continues on page 64 ...



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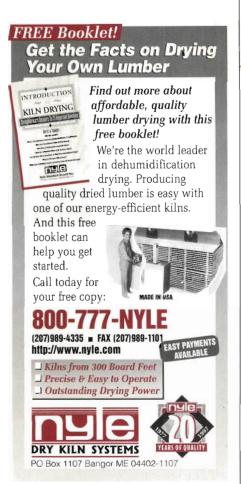
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planing. The machine delivers about 13,500 cuts per minute.

A very nice depth adjustment wheel lifts off for easy removal and installation of blades. The Craftsman's table size is 121/211 x 191/4", and I thought the surface was nicely ground.

Cutter access, behind a screwedon plate, is the same on all three machines, and each includes a gauge for setting molding cutters. They all came with their planer blades installed, too. The primary molding test on the Craftsman machine was made with their stock crown molding cutters, the most expensive set in the catalog (there are, however, two sets of cutters here, with one set doing the back of the crown and the other side doing the fancy front). Planer blades are left in place as the blades are set up. Cutters install easily with Allen screws, and they are very similar in all three tools.

For quality results, it's a good idea to use a shop-built bed board with these machines. Sizes vary, but the bed board should be close to the width of the table and at least a foot longer. This reduces snipe. In some tables, there are predrilled holes where the bed board can be attached.

You will need to install guide rails on each machine, to make sure the piece being fed for the molding operation doesn't wander off line. These are best made of hardwood. During my test, making the guide rails was the most finicky part of the setup.

The Grizzly B1037

This is the blue collar guy of the bunch, and as such doesn't have as fine a finish as either of the other two. It does have a more powerful motor, though, and it was the only one that came set up with a voltswitchable motor that draws nine



Deep down, you know there has to be a solution to inaccurate reproduction and limitations on the size of milling stock. An elegant option? The planer-molder.



amps at 220 volts, and 18 at 110. The cutterhead speed on the Grizzly is 5,000 rpm, for 15,000 cuts per minute. Planing maximum depth of cut is 3/32", with a recommended maximum depth of cut at 3/4" for molding. The 4" dust port really lets your dust collector haul chips, shavings and dust out in a hurry.

The table is cast iron, 141/8" wide by 17³/₄" long, and cleanly ground. Feed speed is easily adjusted by changing a gear on the side of the machine. Overall time is probably two minutes, about the same as with the Craftsman.

The stand on the Grizzly is sturdy, well braced and wide, so there is no problem with tipping. The depth adjustment wheel is large and removable for access to the dust collection plate. According to the literature, the planer-molder comes prewired for 110; however, the one that arrived for my test was

Shop Test continues on page 66 ...

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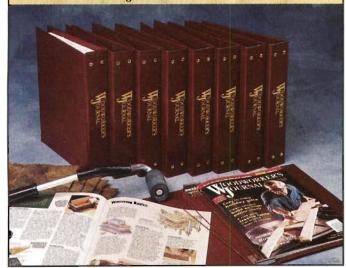
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prewired for 220. The motor is a TEFC (totally enclosed fan cooled) unit, as are those in the other two machines.

Stock thickness maximum on the Grizzly is 6", with a maximum width of 13". Planing speed is 24 FPM, and the molding speed is half that, 12 FPM. Grizzly lists a maximum

width of molding cut at 13", but, like JET and Craftsman, keeps supplied molding cutters at 4½" maximum. Shallow cuts of an extreme order would be essential for a full 13" wide molding cutter, as these machines might be taxed to handle that much resistance.

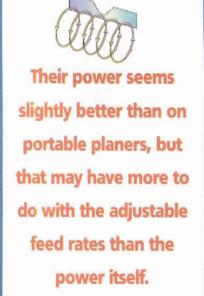
Grizzly lists the minimum length of stock as 8", but I'm just not comfortable using any planer with stock under 12" in length unless it is supported by a jig to prevent problems.

As with the Craftsman, the manufacturer gives directions in the manual for building a bed board and guide rail setup. The directions in the Grizzly manual are adequate, but could stand to be beefed up a little.

Cutting smoothness and speed were good in hard and softwoods. The knives appeared to have been made and sharpened nicely, and delivered a clean piece of molding. I found that cutter changes and alignment were identical to those on the Craftsman.

The JET JPM-13

The JPM-13, whether in the older blue version or new white version, definitely wins the fit and finish war. It is the most attractive of the



tools, and I found it to be the easiest to assemble. Several other nice touches were appealing. The switch is nicely located. and the stand comes with wheels that lock individually. making it easy to move around a small shop. Changing gears to adjust feed

rates was very simple: the gears are just removed and reversed. That is, the upper gear exchanges for the lower

one. This gives a dual feed rate of 10 FPM for molding and 20 FPM for planing, which is a tad slower than either of the others.

The JET comes wired for 110 volts, with a TEFC 1½ HP motor that ties into pulleys for a cutterhead speed of 4,500 RPM and 13,500 cuts per minute by the three



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1½ HP

Cut Width: 13"

Max. Stock Thickness: 61/8"



You'll find the removable depth of cut handle (at right, above) in a convenient spot.

August 2000 Woodworker's Journal

knives. The maximum planing width is 13", and stock height cannot exceed 61/811. Working with full width stock, the planer is limited to a 1/16" depth of cut, but, as with the others, narrower stock allows deeper cuts. JET recommends planing nothing shorter than 14". The polished cast iron table is 143/1611 x 193/811.

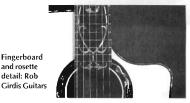
The depth of cut adjustment handle is different than those on the Craftsman and Grizzly, since they are full circle units with a handle set at 90 degrees, while the Jet uses a shaft style with a vertical handle. The handle is removable (as are the others). Three socket head cap screws hold the dust cover in place.

Blade changes, adjustments and other operations are similar to the



JET's cutters, like those of the other two machines in this test, install easily with an Allen wrench.

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other two units. Speed was plenty adequate to keep things moving well, but slow enough so that cuts were done cleanly.

Conclusions

These can be very worthwhile tools for the home workshop, assuming you do a fair amount of planing and molding for your projects. They'd be extremely handy for woodworkers who make lots of picture frames or similar projects. Custom knife profiles are also available from a number of sources.

I found these units planed as well or better than most 12" portable planers, though with an occasional tendency to snipe because of the moving tables. Their power seems slightly better than on the portable planers, but that may have more to do with the adjustable feed rates than with the actual power itself.

I had no problem milling clean softwood moldings. Hardwoods require experience. The key is to keep your knives sharp.



Almost all these tools run at maximum capacity on a 20 amp circuit. Molding on all three machines was cleanly cut if enough care was taken to line up the knives properly. If you don't use

the setting gauge religiously, you're going to get bad profiles. Of course, that's true when you have a three knife setup for anything.

Using pine or similar softwoods (and poplar and other soft hardwoods), I had no problem milling clean moldings. With oak, walnut and hard maple, you have to gain a little experience and develop a technique. I found that it worked best to take a fairly modest cut on the face (to more or less hog out the extra material) and then come back with a shallower cut to get a really smooth finish. I even took a third cut on some wider hardwood materials. The key here is to keep your knives sharp. If you hone one knife in the set, make sure you also attend to the other two - and your planer-molder will deliver results that will make you proud.

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(Circle No. 142)



Eclipse Scroll Saw Ready for Market

By Patrick Spielman

An unusual drive system, an abundance of exclusive, "scroller friendly" features and superbly built. That's a brief but accurate description of the new Eclipse scroll saw. The inventor and manufacturer of this revolutionary machine is Ernie Mellon of Quinton, Virginia, a machinist and serious scroller who wanted more performance than existing machines provided. Following are brief descriptions of the Eclipse's essential and exclusive features:

An "oscillating loop (belt) drive" system is radically different. It consists of a flat-toothed belt attached to one end of each of the two blade holders and, when fitted with a blade, forms a continuous loop. The loop is tensioned and moves back and forth over

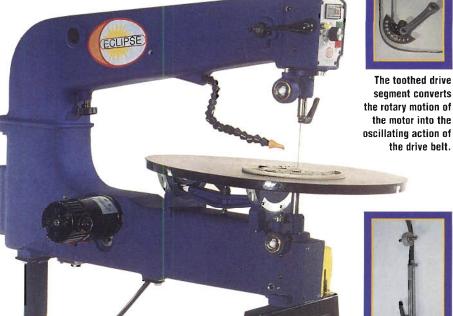
Toothed belt Pulleys Table Toothed segment Connector Crank

Inventor Ernie Mellon's Eclipse design continues down a road first traveled 130 years ago on a foot-powered saw.

a series of pulleys inside of a large, cast-aluminum C-shaped housing, as shown in the sketch and photos below. (As a side note, this general idea was tried 130 years ago on a foot-powered saw manufactured

by the W.F. and John Barnes Co. of Rockford, Illinois.)

The 11/2" stroke length of the Eclipse is almost twice that of other saws. This means dust is carried out of the cut and wear is distributed.





The upper blade clamp, connected to the toothed belt. Note the large, multi-positionable clamp lever.

Tools by the Numbers

Motor......1/7 HP Table......Cast iron Table Tilt45° (both ways) Stroke Height 11/2" Throat Depth......20" Speed Settings.....200 - 1,350 spm Price.....\$1,495 Information......804-779-2478

A precise table tilt scale (the table tilts 45° in either direction) is easily readable from above. through the inset opening.



Professional scroller John Polhemus replaced his major brand saw with the Eclipse because it allows him to make faster, more accurate cuts, with less blade breakage.

resulting in a cooler cut. In addition, the wood ends up being cut faster with a slower blade speed. A typical scroll saw, for example, with a 7/8" stroke operating at 1,750 spm (strokes per minute) results in 1,531" of blade travel per minute (.875 x 1,750 = 1,531). The Eclipse, with a top speed of just 1,350 spm, but with its $1\frac{1}{2}$ " stroke length, produces 2,025" of blade travel per minute.

There are two important safety features incorporated into this unit, both of which speak for themselves. First, if a blade does happen to break during operation, an automatic shut-off device is



The control panel includes a unique timer that starts and stops as the unit is turned on and off, allowing you to determine the exact amount of time you've spent on a project.

Tool Preview continues on page 74 ...



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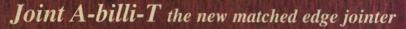
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Secondly, I rate your product up there with sliced bread and baseball. I am finally nearing completion on an order for forty — yes, forty — tables for an Inn. The smallest ones are I could never have completed all those tops and aprons without the JOINT A-billi-T. I believe the production time for improved quality of the finished products and my sanity, its cousin.

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triggered. Second, there are simply no exposed moving parts, other than the reciprocating blade.

Painless, quick blade installation is accomplished with vertical and horizontal stops in the blade clamps. The upper blade clamp has a large, multi-positionable lever that is easy on fingers especially nice when repeating numerous inside cuts. A three-slot table insert provides a choice of wide openings or a narrow slot to support small, delicate cutting.

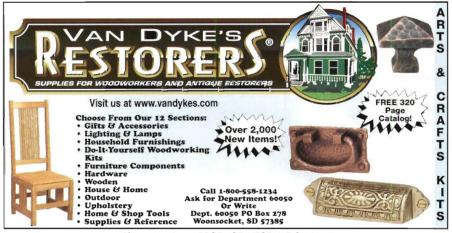
Many other small features add up to big scrolling pleasure: a key lock prevents unauthorized operation, and an adjustable blower line

> A large blade tensioning lever is easy to use. Note also the sizable holddown and segmented air hose with 90° end piece.

delivers a good stream of air from a piston pump. An adjustable, selfleveling stand; a large, cast iron table; needle bearings on the drive system and ceramic bearings to guide the blade holders all play a role in ensuring trouble-free service.

About the only thing the Eclipse scroll saw doesn't do is vacuum up its own sawdust — other than that, this machine stands alone in allaround performance. After many minor design and engineering refinements, Ernie Mellon reports that his machine is now in limited production, with the first five units having shipped in mid-April.

Woodworker and author Patrick Spielman writes extensively on scroll saws and other tools. His best-selling "Router Handbook" is a shop staple.



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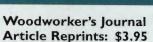


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Country Cabinet	.#10916
Cradle, Jenny Lind	
Desk, Computer	
Desk, Early Am.	
Desk, Shaker	
Desk, Tambour	
End Table, Early Am	
End Table, Shaker	
Firewood Box	
Gun Cabinet	
Half-round Table	
Hall Tree/Seat. A&C	
Hall Tree/Seat, Vic	
Magazine Rack	
Mirror, Cheval Tilt	
Mirror, Sm. Antique	#15671
Nesting Tables	
Occasional Table	.#18139
Old Time Icebox	.#11048
Pine Hutch	.#11030
Shaker Highboy	#11838
Shaker Slat Chair	.#11641
Spanish Chest	.#11777
Stickley Chair	.#11653
70	

HEIRLOOMS



FUTON COUCH AND BED

Choose from 3 arm styles. The roller hardware is inexpensive, durable and easy-to-use. Some routing required to install roller hardware. Plan includes full-size pattern for a jig to make the job easy.

logeth	er, the two kits include all necessary parts.
37761	Plan
38437	Futon Roller Kit \$12.99
80154	Futon Fastener Kit \$10.99
-	
	1



TV/VCR CABINET

Holds a 27" television, a VCR and all your favorite videos. Kit includes flipper door sets, pulls, drawer slides, hinges and more.

52136	Plan									\$9.99
10208	Hardware Kit									\$149.99



STEAMER TRUNK I

The kit includes trunk and center corners, a spring lock, hasps, leather handles, unpinned loops, stop hinges and lid supports.

52304	Plan \$9.99
94441	Hardware Kit \$44.99



GLIDER CHAIR PLAN

This chair and ottoman feature a bold, sturdy and practical look characteristic of the Mission style. The chair measures 41" H x 251/2" W x 33" D. Hardware kit includes floor guides, dowels, eight pivot hinges and chair webbing with metal ends. 52088 Plan.....\$14.9



AUTHENTIC JELLY CUPBOARD

Optional tin panels add to this classic reproduction. Hardware kit includes a lock, the keyhole escutcheon, elbow catch and three pairs of hinges.

97271 TW 34.....\$4.95



MODULAR KIDS' SET

This kids' bedroom set will change with their needs. Kit includes bed rail fasteners, safety catches and a pair of ladder hooks.

		•
31859	Plan	\$14.99
35538	Hardware Kit	\$29.99
	Drawer Slides (set)*	
36831	5" Solid Brass Pulls*	\$9.49
*Four re	quired.	

GRANDFATHER CLOCK

This classic clock design features bookmatched side panels, faux tenons and a clock face designed by Today's Woodworker.

30286	Plan
43055	Movement \$379.00
42990	Clock Face \$17.99
26815	Stickley Pull*\$17.99
27979	Stickley Hinges** (pair) \$6.99
*Two -	quirad



STEAMER TRUNK II A simplified, smaller version of Steamer Trunk I. This one

doubles as a coffee table.

17310	TW 47		. \$2.47
23672	Hardware Kit		\$17.95



MURPHY BED PLAN

A great convenience for living quarters where space is limited. Plan shows how to use side mounted hardware in either full or queen size.

Bed Mechanisms

Finely engineered hardware is counter-balanced for smooth operation with no binding or overextending. Purchase side mounted hardware in full or queen size if you are building the bed from the plan above.

Side mounted hardware

89583	Twin\$229.00		
89591	Full \$229.00		
89608	Queen \$229.00		
Vertically mounted hardware			
V ertica	lly mounted hardware		
	Ily mounted hardware Twin\$229.00		

89632 Queen..... \$229.00



OLD TIME ICEBOX

A classic bookcase that lends a prestigious feel

to any office. Glass doors keep books dust-free

The hardware kit includes three barrister door slides and six crown top solid brass knobs.

52208 Plan.....\$9.99

10195 Hardware Kit \$59.99

BARRISTER BOOKCASE

while still showcasing your collection.

Nostalgia buffs and woodworkers alike will warm up to our reproduction of this classic. The hardware kit includes a nameplate, latches, hinges, glides, shelf standards and supports.

	1 •		
97263	TW 33	\$4 .95	\$2.47
98625	Hardware	Kit	. \$59.99

www.woodworkersjournal.com

Or call 1-800-610-0883 (mention code: WØØ8Ø)

Woodworker's Journal Article Reprints: \$3.95

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\mathcal{H}	ccesso	117.

Bookends, Egyptian #13645
Candlestand, Shaker#17193
Display Cabinet#10946
Jewelry Box#16397
Knife Tray, Antique#19903
Lap Desk#13452
Nutcracker with Box#13098
Pipe Organizer#16641
Salt Box, 17th Cent#10717
Vanity Case/Mirror#10774

Lamps

Child's Carousel	#15584
End Grain	#15613
Floating Panel	#15532
Nautical	#15620
Ratchet	#15627
Shaker Lantern	#15646
Table, with Glass	#15604
Turned	#15655
Vertical Shade	#15541

Clocks

Black Forest	#12180
Captain's	#12190
Cedar Roughsawn	#12335
Connecticut Shelf	#12381
Crystal Regulator	#12221
Eli Terry Shelf	#12391
Grandchild's	#12202
Hutch	#12273
Laminated	#12297
Mantle	#12316
Mariner's	#12325
Octagonal	#12505
Pendulum	#12213
Seascape (Scrolled)	#12347
Shaker Tall	#12358
Shaker Wall	#12536
Steam Bent	#12401
Steeple	#12411
Tall, Early American	#12421
Teardrop	#12432

Vienna Regulator#12452

Wag-on-wall#12460







3-1/4" PLANER

- Front base has a V-groove to help guide in chamfering • 2 blade cutter Depth adjustment knob
- Includes rabbeting guide plate/fence, sharpening holder, blade setting jig, replacement brushes, replacement belt • D-handle with lock-on button
- 110V, 5 amps, 17,000 RPM
- 34,000 cuts per minute 1/10" maximum depth of cut:
- 3-1/4" planing width

TEM \$ 4999 \$ 32222-35HA

2 PC. REPLACEMENT BLADES

ITEM 33262-05HA

5099

2 ROTOZIP

SPIRAL SAW

Spiral cutting action provides clean cuts in le, acrylic, aluminum and vinyl siding, drywall, fiberglass, and wood.

- · 115V/120V, 4 amps, 30,000 RPM motor
- No-fail bump-off switch
- · Bayonet style removable
- base and depth quide · 2.7 lbs. tool weight

ITEM 41302-05HA

1/8" TILECUT CARBIDE BIT

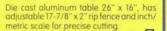
Cuts ceramic tile, marble, cement board and plaster. Rotozip 125 ITEM 41304-05HA

CIRCLE CUTTER Rotozip CRCT1

3-1/2 to 14" in diameter. \$ 1699

CENTRAL MACHINERY

10" INDUSTRIAL TABLE SAW



- Maximum depth of cut of 90° U U 3-1/8"; at 45° 2-1/2" U U 3-1/8"; at 45° 2-1/2" Notor 2 HP, 115V, 60 Hz, 10 amp, 4500 RPM Blade capacity 10" with 5/8" arbor Miter gauge adjusts 0" 60° left and right Blade & stand sold separately

- · Shipping wt. 36 lbs.

\$11900 \$199

ITEM 38533-15HA 10" 40 TOOTH

CARBIDE TIP SAW BLADE

ITEM 00529-4SHA

INCLUDES CHARGER & BATTERY

\$999

DREMEL Dremel 3980

ROTARY TOOL KIT

Digital readout provides accurate and easy-to-set speeds in 1000 RPM incre-ments. Electronic cruise control increases overall torque and performance by maintaining accuracy. All ball bearing construction for smooth and quiet operation.

- · 120V, 1.15 amp soft start motor
- Unique cooling fan for maximum air flow
- Ergonomic design Separate on/off switch
- 5000-30,000 RPM
- Collet capacity: 1/32"-1/8"

\$12999 \$9

ITEM 41260-55HA

LIMITED QUANTITIES

3/4 HP DUST COLLECTOR

handles the collection of wood chips and sawdust. Single stage design allows economical and quiet operation. Four castors stabilize the unit

- Powerful continuous duty single phase motor • High air velocity design Includes 30 micron filter, 30 micron
- Includes 30 micron filter, 30 micron collector bag & single hose connection Motor: 3/4 HP, 115V; Sound rating at 3 ft.: 55-60 dB; Bag diameter: 10.5"; Filter and collector bag leapsith: 23" and 21"; Collector bag capacity: 1.8 cubic feet; Air flow at 4": 610 CFM, Static pressure: 6,90; Velocity: 6987 FPM

ITEM \$ 17

CHICAGO Electric Power Tools

A. 18 VOLT CORDLESS, VSR DRILL/DRIVER KIT WITH 3/8" KEYLESS CHUCK

VSR, Speed range: 0-900 RPM; 3/8" Jacobs keyless chuck; 6 pc. screwdriver & 6 pc. drill bit sets; Includes charger, battery and carrying case

ITEM 37144-45HA

B. 18 VOLT CORDLESS. 5-3/8" CIRCULAR SAW KIT

Kit includes: 1 hour quick charger, 18V bat-tery, saw & hex key. 2400 RPM, 1.3 amps, 10mm arbor, & 50° bevel capacity

37412-75HA



18 VOLT REPLACEMENT BATTERY

ITEM 37145-15HA 5-3/8" TUNGSTEN CARBIDE

TIP BLADE

Teeth: 24, C2 carbide steel, 10mm arbor, maximum RPM: 7000 ITEM 41290-05HA

RIP FENCE

ITEM 37449-15HA



DRIVER KIT WITH KEYLESS CHUCK igh-performance motor with fan

delivers maximum power and durability. Five steel-planet transmission and copper-plated switch withstands any job site application. Includes one hour charger, two XR2 PACK™ extended run-time batteries, screwdriver bit, & carrying case.

- · 355 in. lbs. of torque • 1/2" chuck
- Variable speed, reversing
 0 450/0 1450 RPM
- Factory reconditioned,

factory perfect ITEM 51965-05HA

4

LIMITED 14" QUANTITIES 5 SPEED FLOOR **DRILL PRESS**

- Hinged metal belt and pulley cover coupled with quick adjustment motor mount allows fast changing of spindle speeds
- Crank operated worktable with quick release clamp Table rotates and tilts 45° Built-in work light
- (bulb not included)
- Adjustable tension spindle return spring Motor: 1/2 HP, 115/230V; Spindle speeds: 5 Spindle speed range: 460-2500 RPM; Column diameter: 2-7/8"; Spindle taper: JT33: Spindle distance to table: 29-1/4" maximum; Spindle distance to base: 49" maximum; Spindle travel: 3-3/4"; Chuck

size: 1/2°; Drilling capacity: 1/2°; Swing: 14°; Table size: 12.25°
ITEM 53650-0SHA
26999



VARIABLE SPEED RECIPROCATING SAW

- Gear driven, variable speed
 0 to 2000 SPM 1-1/8" stroke

42596-05HA

- 110V, 4 amps, 60 Hz, single phase
 600 watts
 Overall length: 17"
 Includes 2 blades and 3mm hex wrench \$4999

RECIPROCATING SAW **BLADES (PACK OF 10)**

5 wood cutting 8 TPI

\$ 599 ITEM 06467-05HA



Extend the capacity of your benchtop saw, shaper or sander. Extension wings with rollers make stabilizing large pieces easy. Large table and rugged construction support vir-tually all shap tools no matter what the size. Folds away for easy storage. Enamel finish

- Maximum extension length: 13ft. 10"
 Overall: 22" x 52" x 37-3/4"
 Table top: 28" x 19-1/2"
- Wings extend to 57

ITEM \$6977 \$1 40612-25HA



8-1/4" COMPOUND MITER SAW

- 1 HP, 5000 RPM moto
- Cutting capacity: 3"H x 3-1/4"L @ 90°, 2"H x 3-1/4"L @ 45°
- Miter range 45° left and right
 Table: 15-1/4"W x 4-1/2"L
- Lightweight, die-cast aluminum construction Clear, retractable blade guard Includes carbide-tipped blade, dust

bag, brushes, and two arbor wrenches INCLUDES BLADE, DUST BAG AND EXTRA BRUSHES

5 Q Q 99 51

ITEM 42654-1SHA

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RADIAL ARM SAW KIT

The performance of a radial saw at a fraction of the cost. Award-winning patented design features easy setup with most 7-1/4" and 7-1/2" circular saws. Makes fast accurate bevels, rips, miters, and crosscuts Ruggedly built and completely portable.

· Saw and table wood not included Maximum miter & bevel: 45 Crosscut: 12-3/4"; Length: 24"; Rip capacity: 15-3/4": Height: 22"

Ryobi AP12

ITEM 33576-15HA

CENTRAL MACHINERY **5 SPEED BENCH DRILL PRESS** WITH 1/2" KEYLESS CHUCK

2" spindle 1100 1720, 2340 and 3100 RPM

ITEM 34231-65HA

5 SPEED BENCH DRILL PRESS WITH KEYED CHUCK

01844-65HA

DEWALT LIMITED QUANTITIES

HEAVY DUTY JIGSAW

- 500-3100 SPM
- · Variable speed · Linch stroke Shoe bevels to 45 in both directions
- Dust blower Four position orbital action
- Anti-slip soft comfort grip
- Keyless blade change system Includes 3 assorted Cobalt steel blades
- and heavy duty carrying case Factory reconditioned

ITEM 51869-15HA



HEAVY DUTY 4-1/2" DISC GRINDER

-11 spindle with 7/8" arbor adapter · Spindle lock

回

- Motor: 3/4 HP, 115V, 5.18 amps
- · High powered 10,000 RPM

ITEM 42204-15HA

4-1/2" x 1/4" **GRINDING WHEELS**

ITEM 10 PACK

Metal 06674-05HA 5899 Masonry 07422-25HA

SYOBI 12-5/16 PRECISION SURFACE

PLANER RapidSet™ blade syster rounds system

provides effort-free changeovers. Heavy duty

14 amp motor easily planes hard and soft
woods to 12-5/16" x 6". Perfect for squaring

up rough lumber, reducing board sizes and general smoothing. Features all ball bearing onstruction, large easy-to-read scale, and t-feed/out-feed rollers. Double edged knives are reversible to double their lifespan-latera adjustability permit sliding over for con smooth operation, even when you nick one 115V, 14 amps, 8000 RPM; 16,000 cuts per

minute; 1/8" maximum cutting depth; 26.2 FPM planing feed rate; 21-7/8" x 11-7/16" x 15-7/16" overall dimensions:

ITEM 01716-55HA OVER 5000 ITEMS!

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CENTRAL MACHINERY



COMPOUND MITER SAW

A smooth-cutting saw that's perfect for production work. Make precise miter and compound cuts. Retractable blade guard. Includes arbor wrench, two side extension arms, electric brake, two U-brackets and an adjustable stop block

110 Volls; 6.5 amps, No-load speed: 4600 RPM, Capacity. 4" @ 90°, 3" @ 45°; Blade: 10"; Arbor: 5/8"

\$1799 \$14 ITEM 39214-75HA

DRILL

115 PC. TITANIUM NITRIDE COATED DRILL BIT SET

ese titanium nitride coated high speed steel bits last up to six times longer than standard bits. Cool turning titanium bits are a must for metalworkers All bits can be sharpened Includes: 29 fractional sizes 1/16" through 1/2", 26 letter sizes A through Z, 60 numbered sizes 1 through 60; Heavy duty metal

\$ 599 \$ 299 ITEM 01611-25HA

115 PC. M2 HIGH SPEED STEEL DRILL BIT SET W/INDEX

e sizes as above.

\$ 2 400 ITEM 00528-15HA CHICAGO Electric Power Tools



FLEXIBLE SHAFT GRINDER & CARVER

Tackle detail work in wood, metal, and plastics. Heavy duty tool grinds, deburrs, drills, polishes, buffs and sands. Motor hanger bottsness, outs and satural lets you mount if on any vertical surface. 1/4 HP, ball bearing motor. Includes 38" flexible shaft, handpiece, 4mm [5/32"] key-type chuck, and variable speed foot control for hands-free operation, 1 phase, 60 Hz, 115V Speed: 15,000 RPM. Shipping wt: 5-3/4 lbs

ITEM 40432-15HA



HEAVY DUTY

STEEL BASE **ADJUSTABLE**

HEIGHT WORK SUPPORT



steel base supports rugged plastic roll-ers. Use with table saws, miter saws, router tables, radial arm saws, and many other power tools. Height adjusts from 25" to 43" for maximum versatility. A must for any shop.

ITEM 02379-25HA

DREMEL

Dremel 1672:46

QUANTITIES

LIMITED **OUANTITIES**



VARIABLE SPEED SCROLL SAW

Saws cut up to 2" thick in wood, metal or plastic. Tables tilt 0 to 45°. Use 5" long-pin or plain-end blades. Factory recondition factory perfect. Includes dust port for vacuum hose.

Motor: 115V, 1/7 HP, 1.2 amps, 50-60 Hz; Speeds: 200-2000 SPM; Cutting capacity 2" at 90° & 1" at 45°; Throat depth: 16"

51961-15HA

* Within the 48 contiguous states / \$4.95 handling on all orders No per item shipping and handling charge

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Some Cherry Projects

The Curio
Cabinet first
appeared in
the November/
December
1987 issue of
Woodworker's
Journal.

Beautiful Music

Making beautiful music — on a beautiful instrument — was the goal **Fred Silverberg** of Creve

Coeur, Missouri achieved when he completed our

Mountain Dulcimer. Fred built his dulcimer out of walnut and trimmed the sides of the fret board with padauk. (Our original was cherry, with walnut or maple as suggested options.)

The Mountain Dulcimer was first featured in Woodworker's Journal, November/ December 1985.

His First Time

Building our Curio Cabinet brought many "firsts" for Tom Winzer of Augusta, Kansas, It was the first time he used cherry wood, the first time he machined his own molding and the first time he cut coves on a table saw. "Your special techniques on making the continuous bracket foot and cutting coves worked out great!" he told us. Not only did Tom's project turn out well — it also gave him an excuse to get a router table.

Growing Skills

It seems that **John Quinto** of Graham, North
Carolina, is planning for
his woodworking skills to
grow along with his son.
John's first major woodworking project was a toy
box for nine-month-old
Kevin. "As you can see
from the picture, Kevin
loves it — and also take
note that my wife
approves." John wrote.

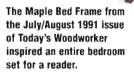


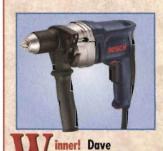


Bed (and the) Rest

Age produces beauty in cherry wood, as **Dave Jezewski** of Williamsville, New York, realizes. He substituted the fruitwood for padauk in the accents of our Maple Bed Frame.

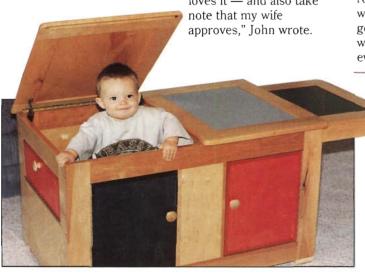
Not content to rest on his laurels, Dave went on to design and build nightstands and an armoire to complete the bedroom set. He used the same combination of woods in this furniture. The lucky recipient of these pieces was Dave's daughter, who got some of the nicest wedding presents we've ever seen!





inner! Dave
Jezewski wins
a Bosch 1014 VSR
drill for his contribution to
End Grain. Send your letters
and photos to: End Grain,
Woodworker's
Journal, P.O. Box 261,
Medina, Minnesota 55340.
If we publish yours, we'll
throw your name in a hat
for our free tool drawing.
Photos of projects from
Woodworker's Journal or
Today's Woodworker are
eligible.





"Compared to the other machines in the test, the Delta produced the cleanest surface and the least amount of snipe. The other planers in the test also gave us excellent surface finishing, but the Delta stood out as just a bit better."

Woodworker's Journal, January/February 1998

"...quick-change knives that we found easy and accurate to install. We found that with the quick-change systems we aligned the knives within .001." And, we could install both knives in about five minutes." "Editors' Choice Top Too!""

Better Homes & Gardens' Wood, November 1996

"The Delta got great marks for quality of cut and portability, and for its innovative cutterhead assembly lock." "Editors' Choice"

American Woodworker,™ December 1996

WE COULDN'T HAVE SAID IT BETTER OURSELVES.

All of which leaves us with very little to say except this: If our planer fails to perform up to your expectations within 30 days of purchase, you can return it for a full refund. That's our Superior Performance Guarantee. And now, for a limited time, we'll even throw in an extra set of knives a \$30 value. Call toll free for the name of your nearest Delta dealer. Delta International Machinery Corp., 800-438-2486. In Canada, 519-836-2840.



Model 22-560

Proud sponsor of The New Yankee Workshop with Norm Abram and The American Woodshop with Scott Phillips. POWER
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WOODWORKING MACHINERY
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(Circle No. 40 on PRODUCT INFORMATION form)



The beauty

details.

Strip away JET's rich white color and you still have the best 10-inch contractor-style tablesaw money can buy. Why the best? Because we have an eye for detail. We introduced the up-front switch on this saw—now an industry standard. Our precision T-style JETFENCETM gives you the accuracy your projects demand and the ability to duplicate every cut you make. We also added quick-connect plugs to the 1½ horsepower motor so you have no wiring worries; just power up and get to work. The color? Well, that's another detail we thought you'd appreciate.



JET, Performax and Powermatic—the JET Family of Brands.

(Circle No. 815 on PRODUCT INFORMATION form)

